

Fluid-Structure Interaction in Medicine and Biology: Methods, Models, and Applications



Boyce Griffith
The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill

American Heart
Association
Learn and Live

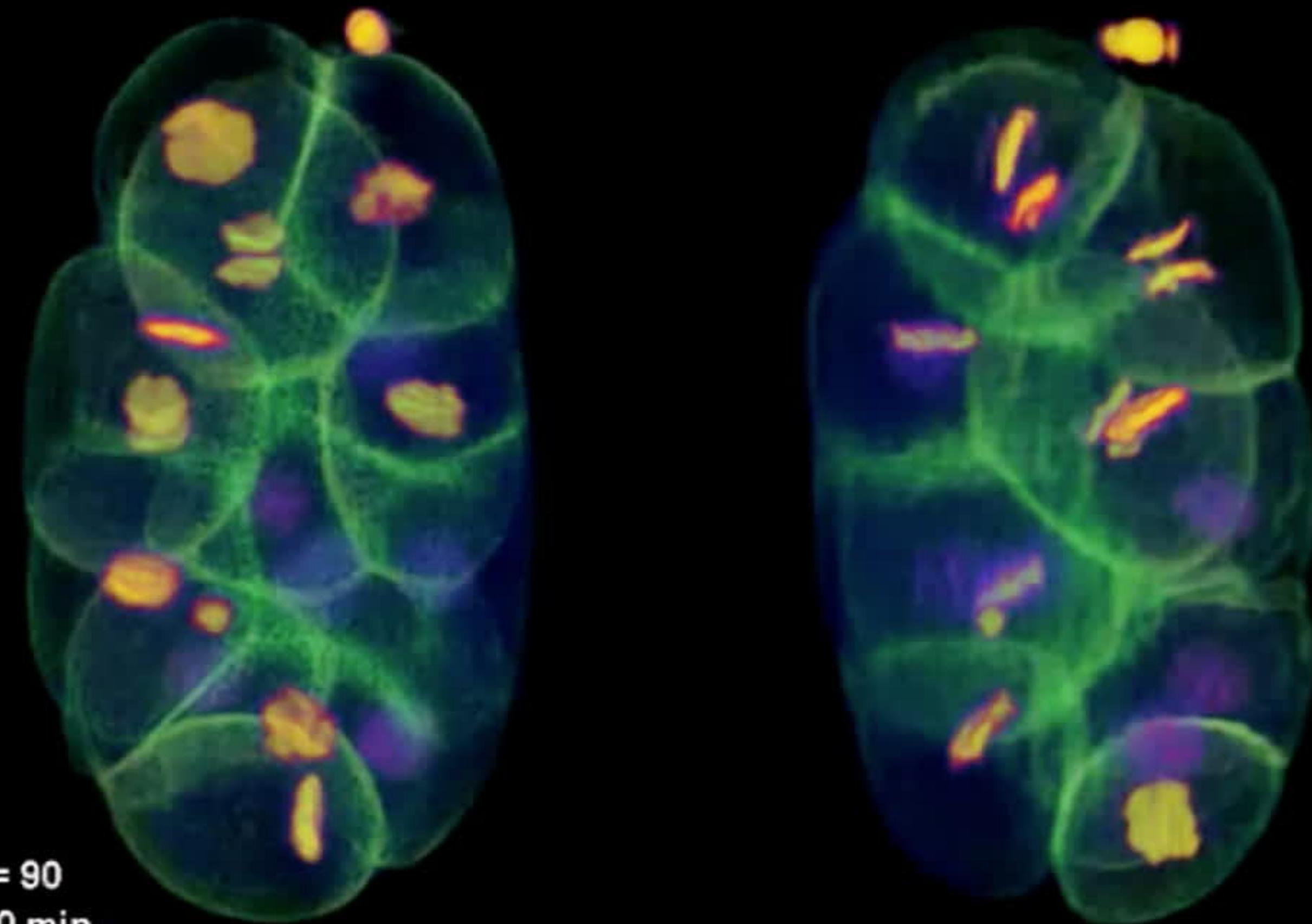


NIH

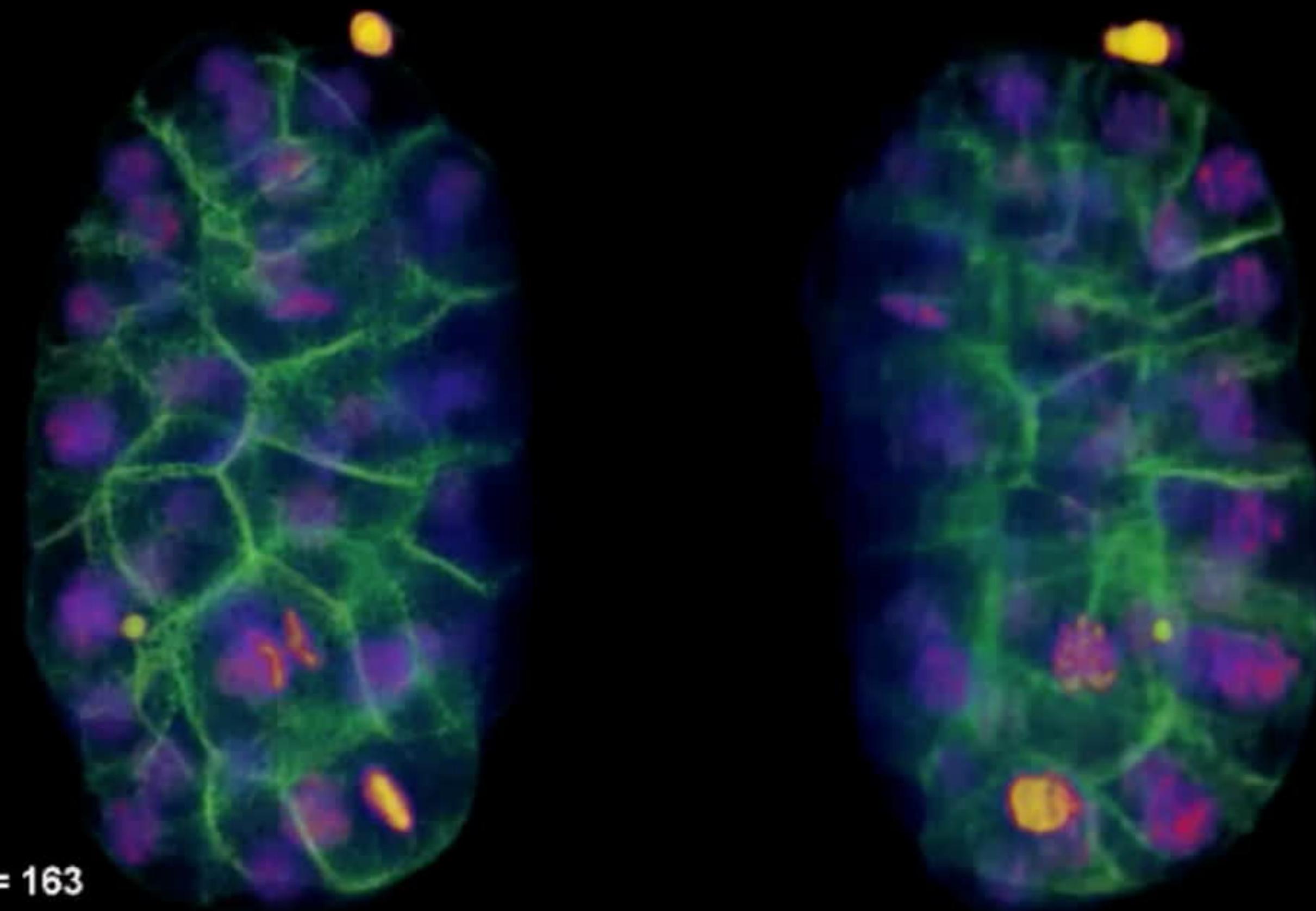
National Heart, Lung,
and Blood Institute



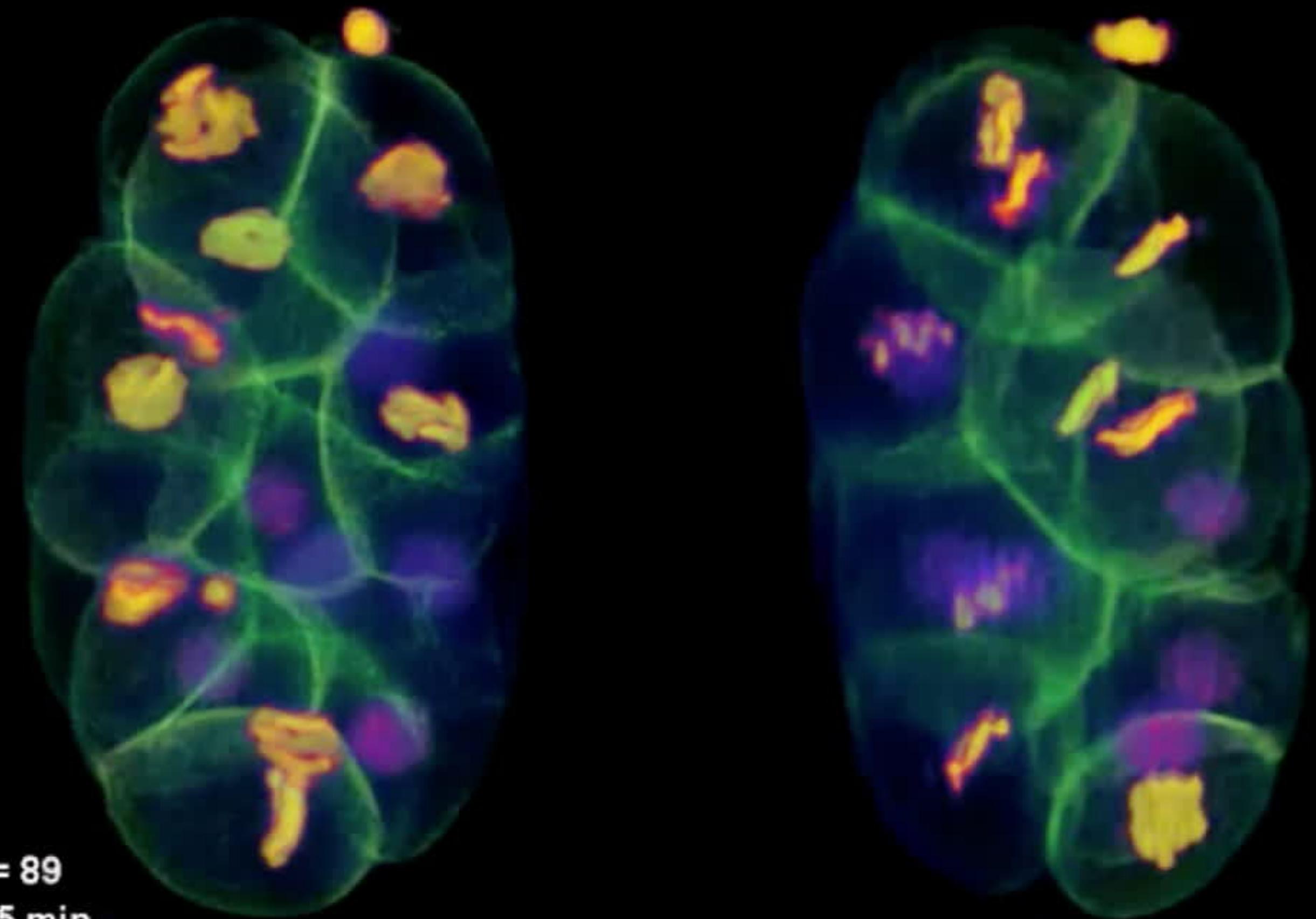
*fluid-structure interaction
occurs at all biological scales*



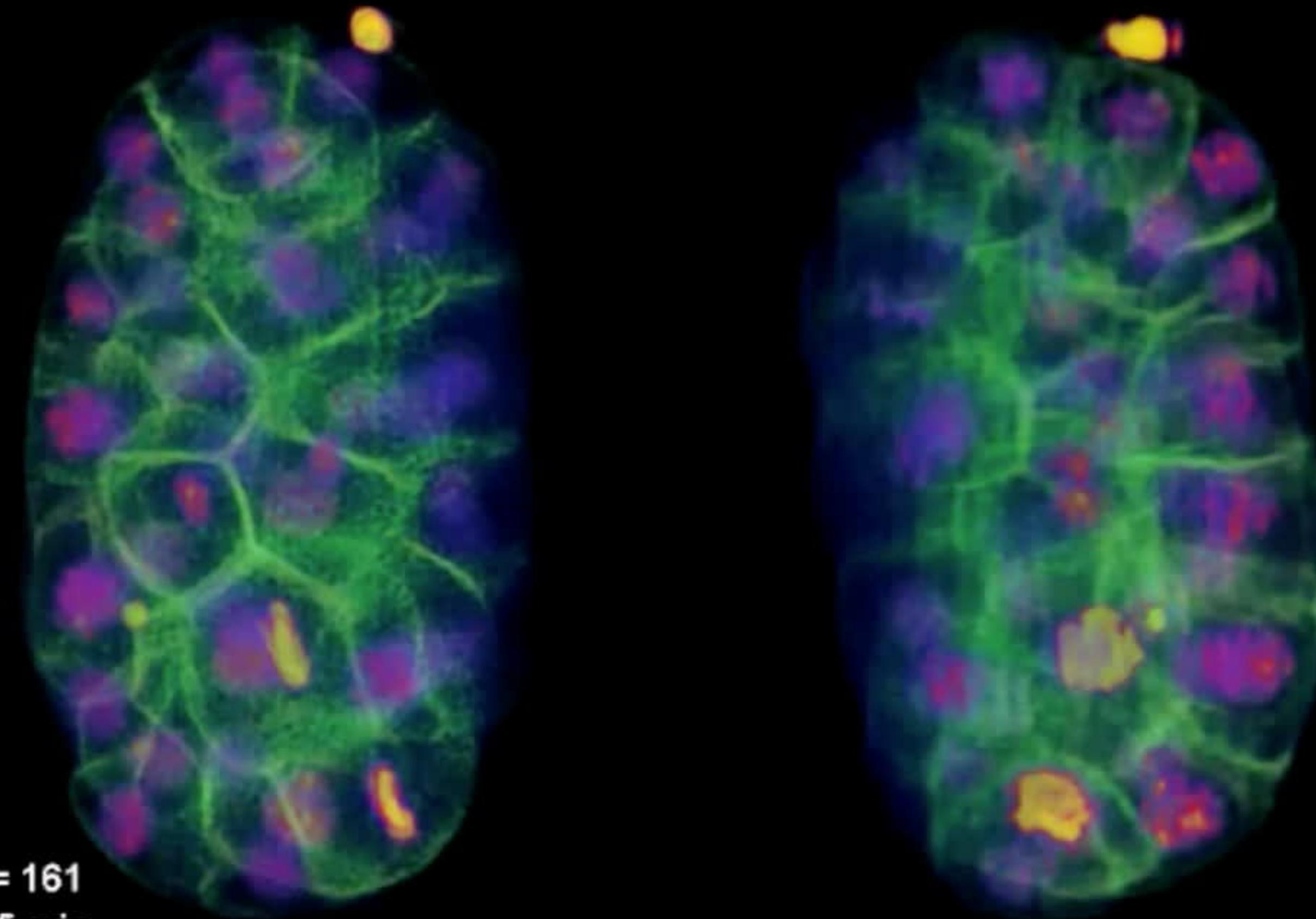
Stack = 90
T = 45.0 min



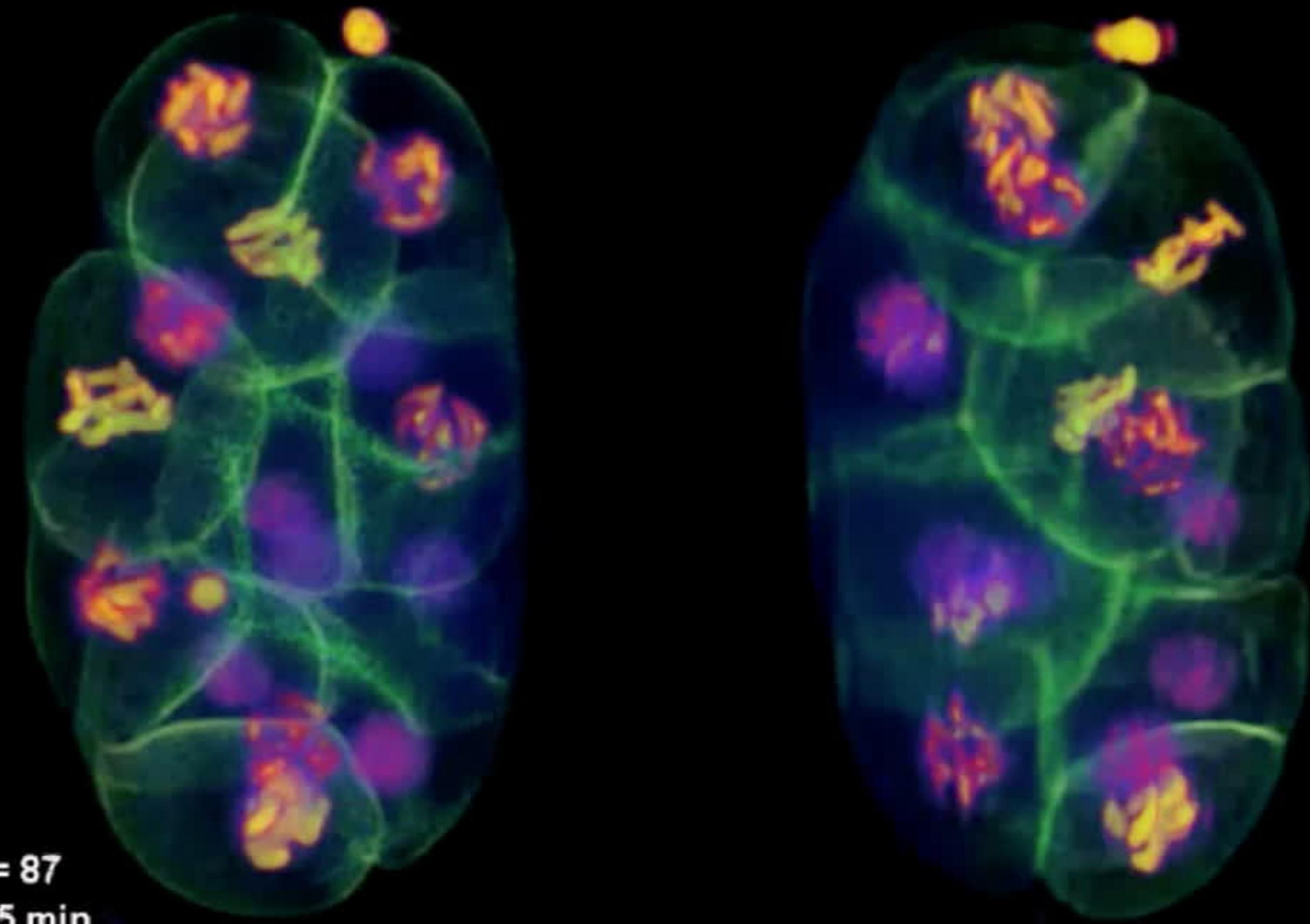
Stack = 163
T = 81.5 min



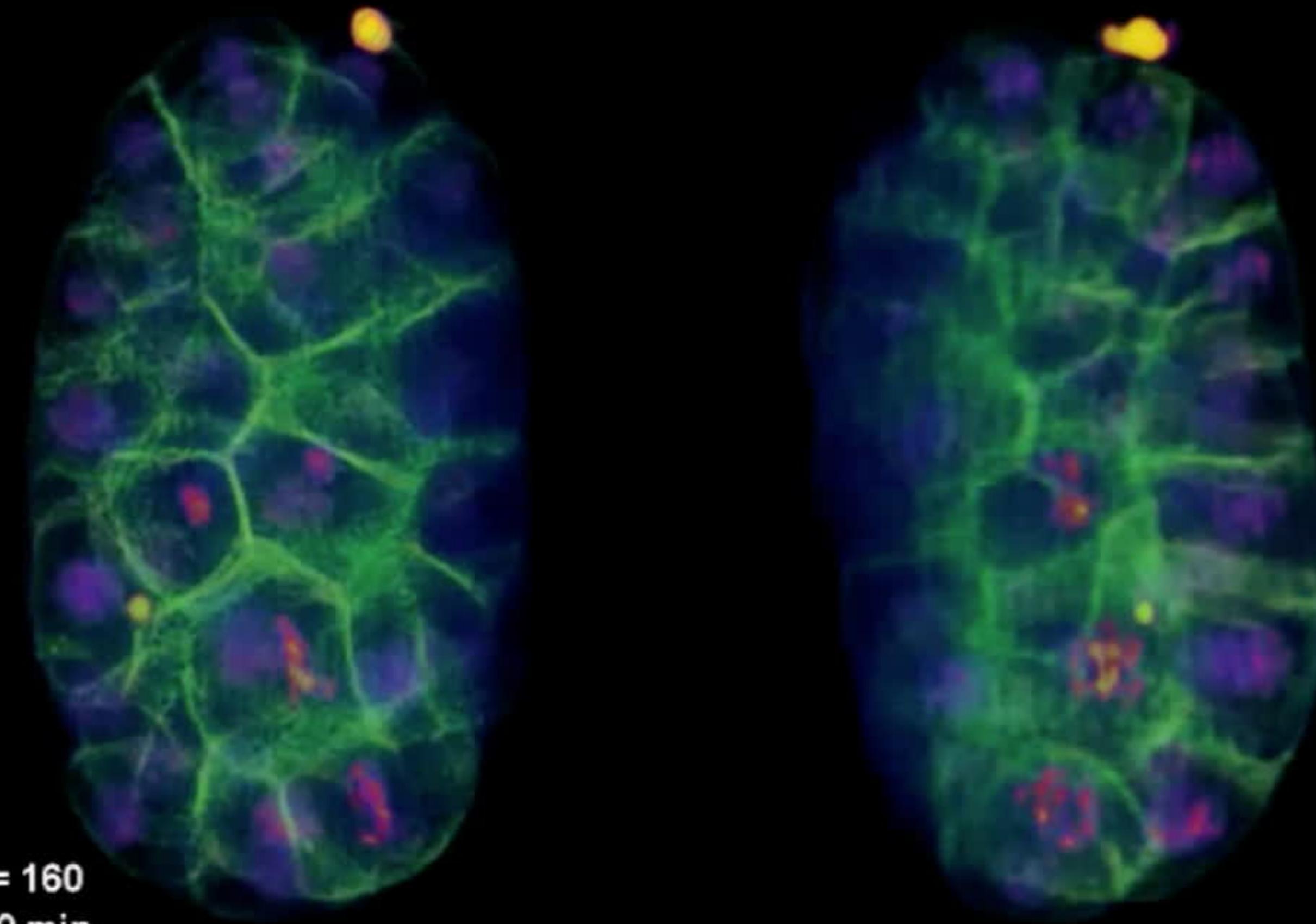
Stack = 89
T = 44.5 min



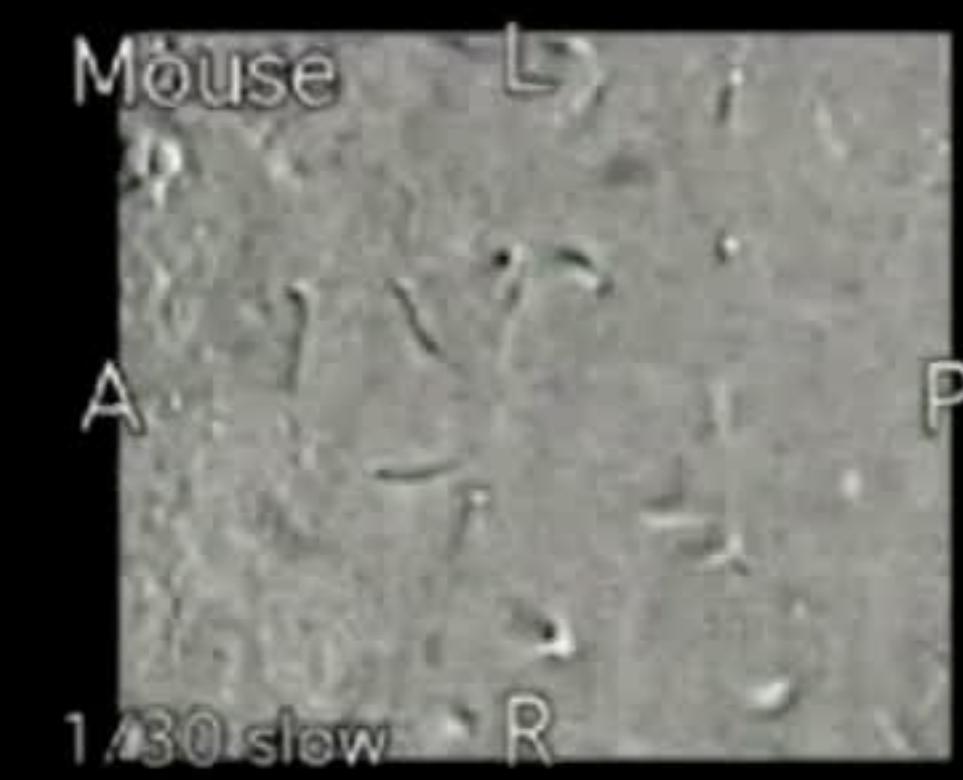
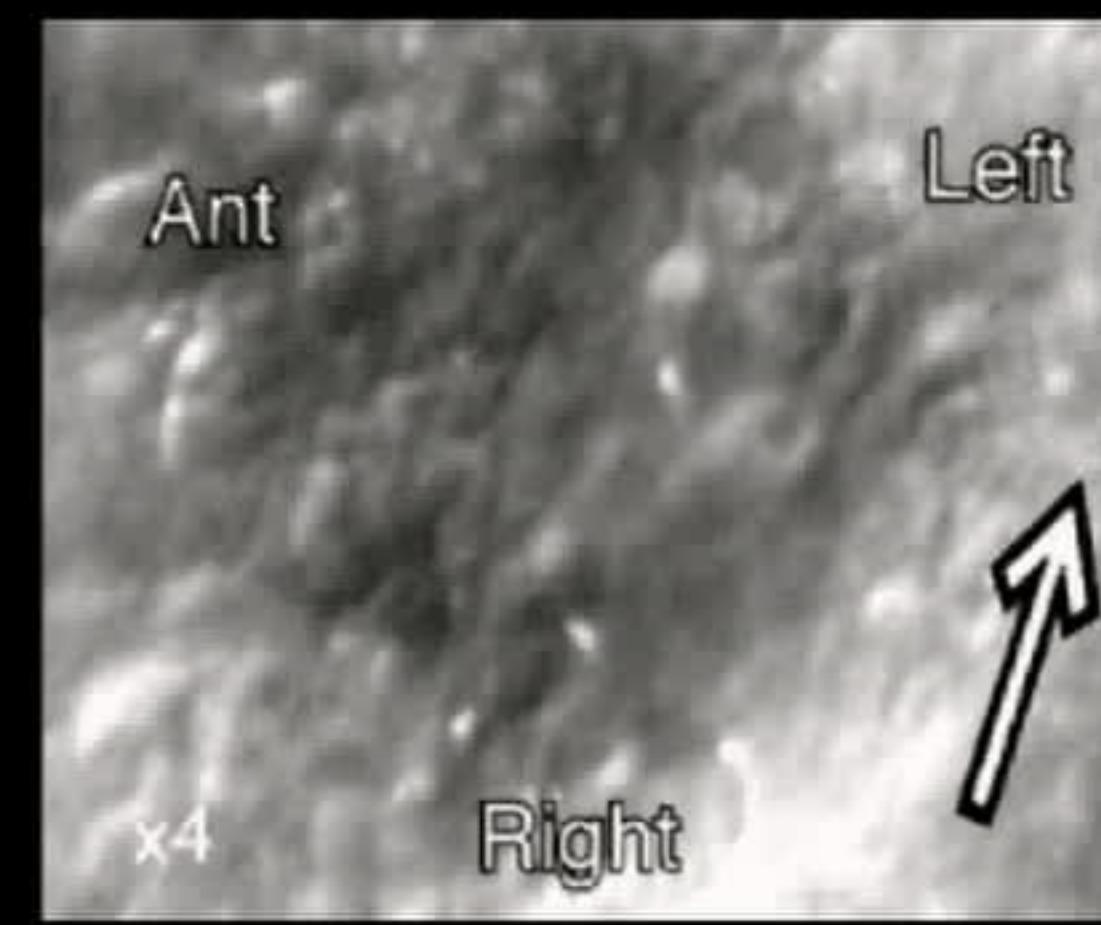
Stack = 161
T = 80.5 min

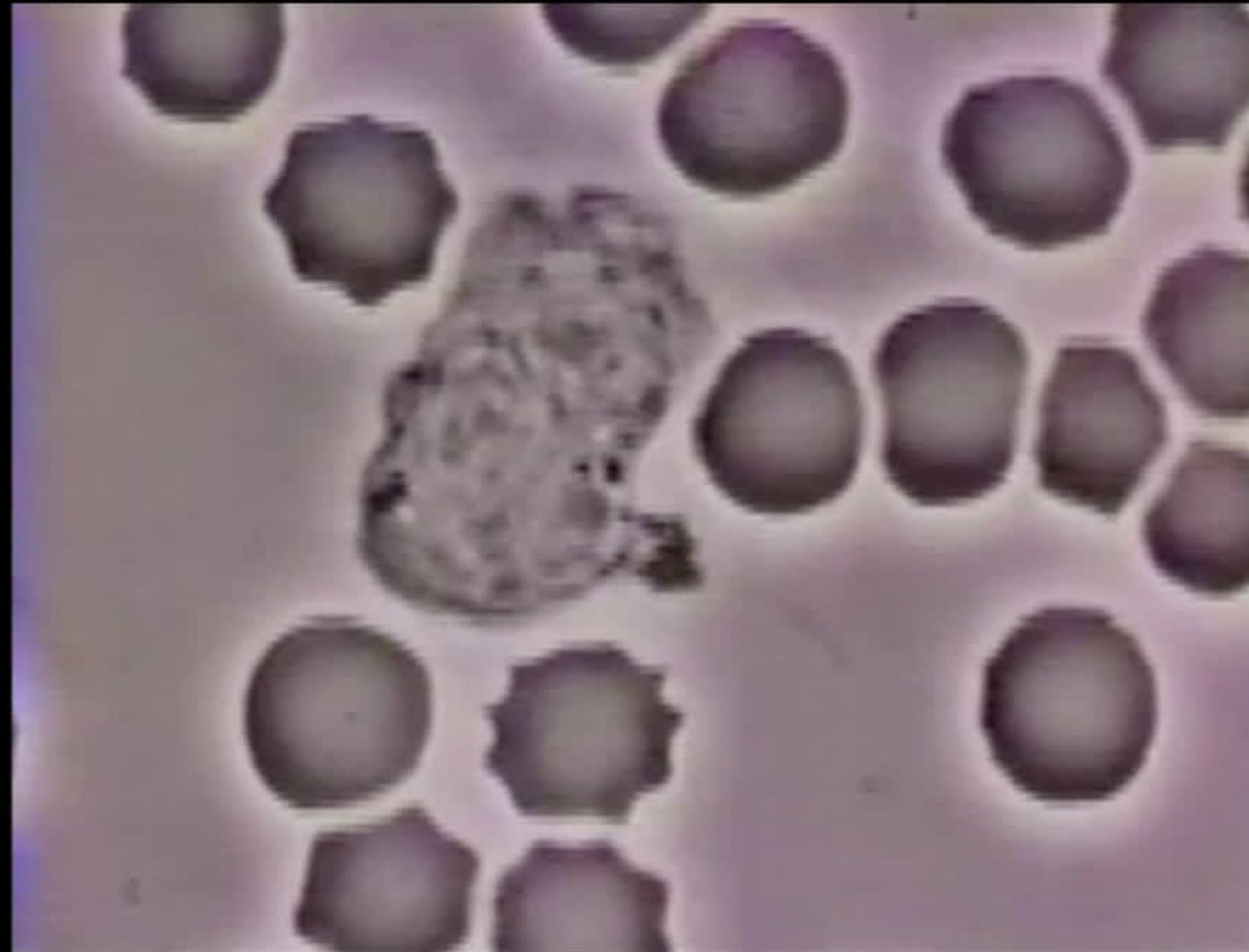


Stack = 87
T = 43.5 min

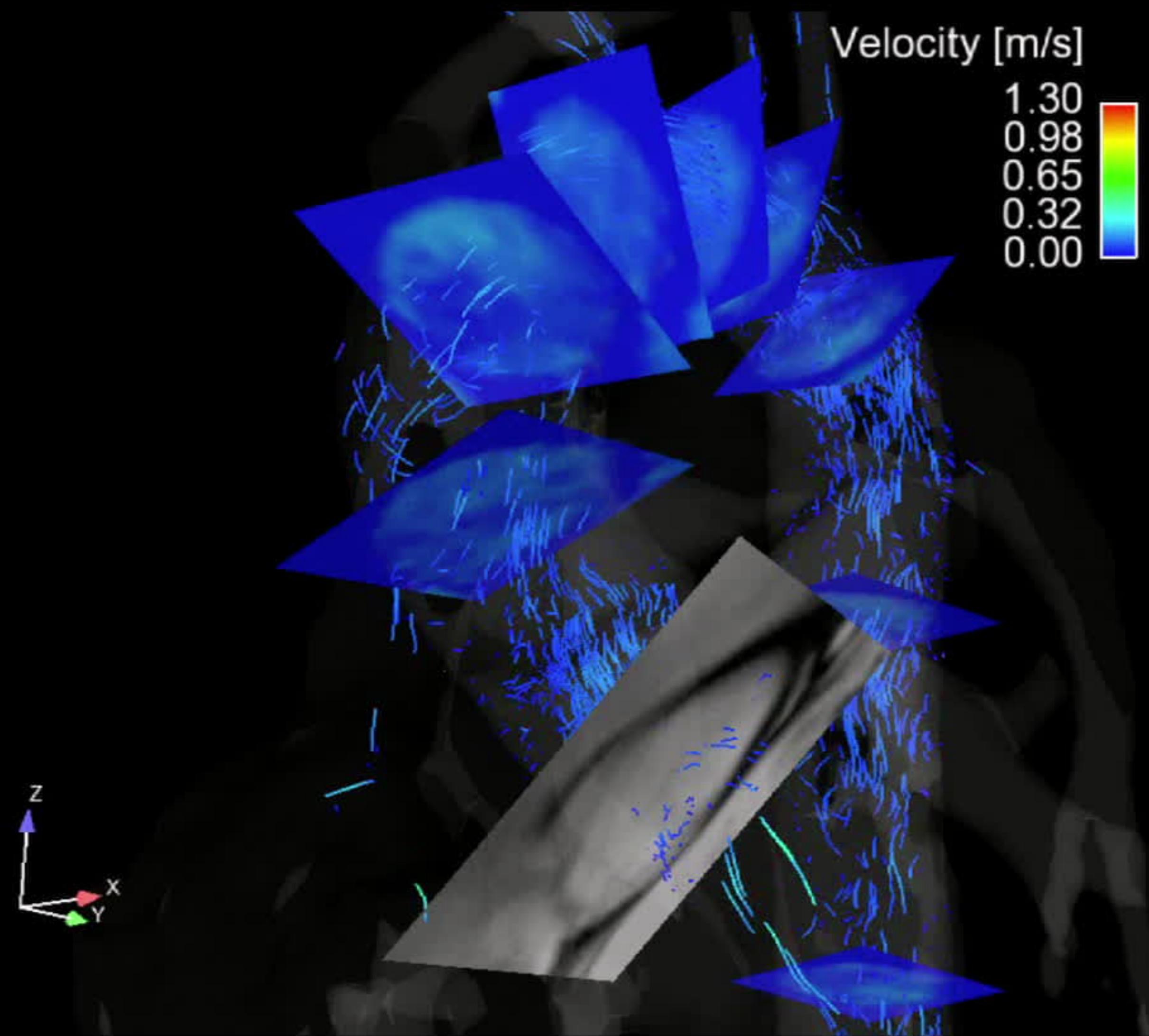


Stack = 160
T = 80.0 min





David Rogers, Vanderbilt University, circa 1950

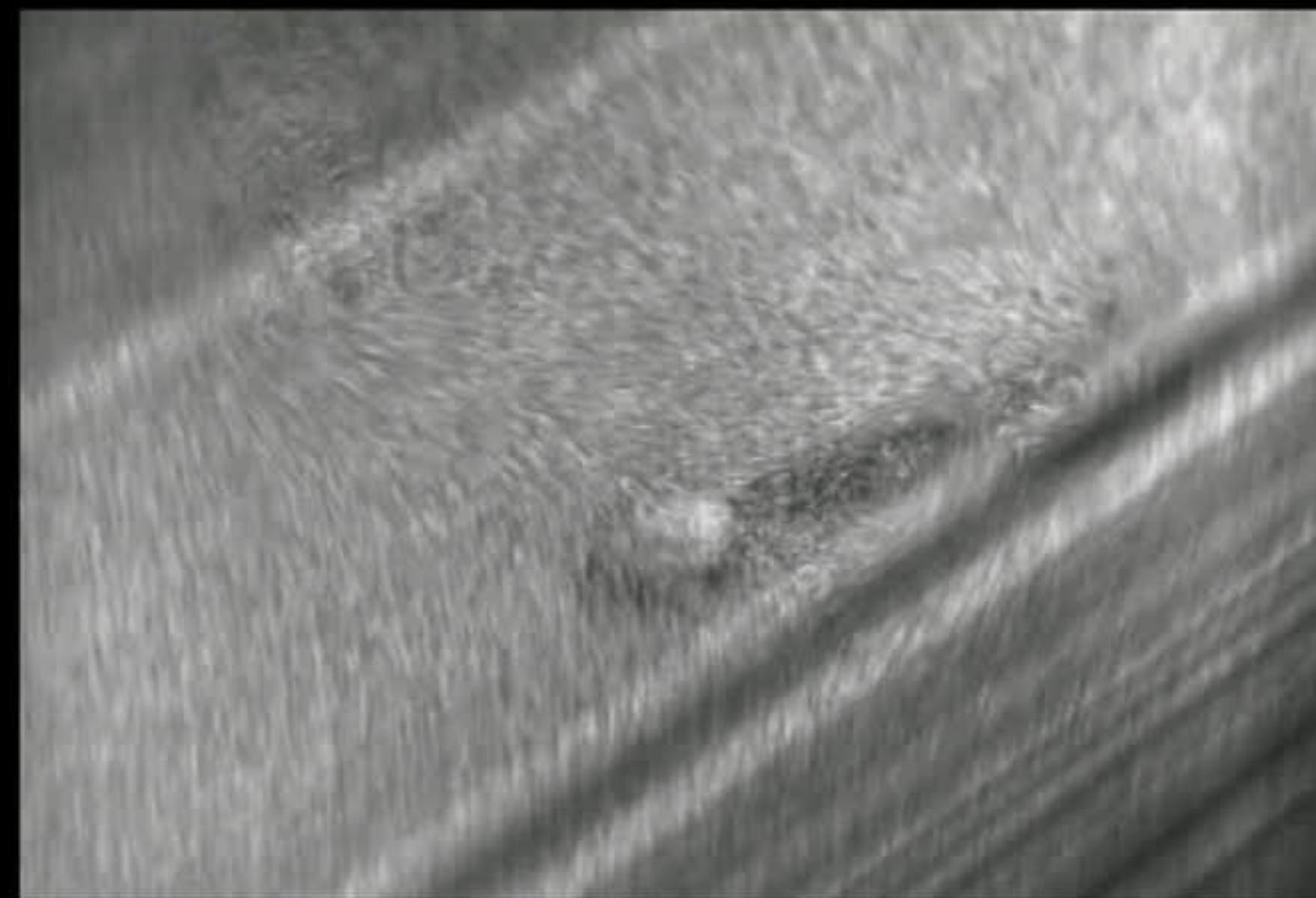


Barker, Markl, Bürk, et al., *Circ Cardiovasc Imaging*, 2012



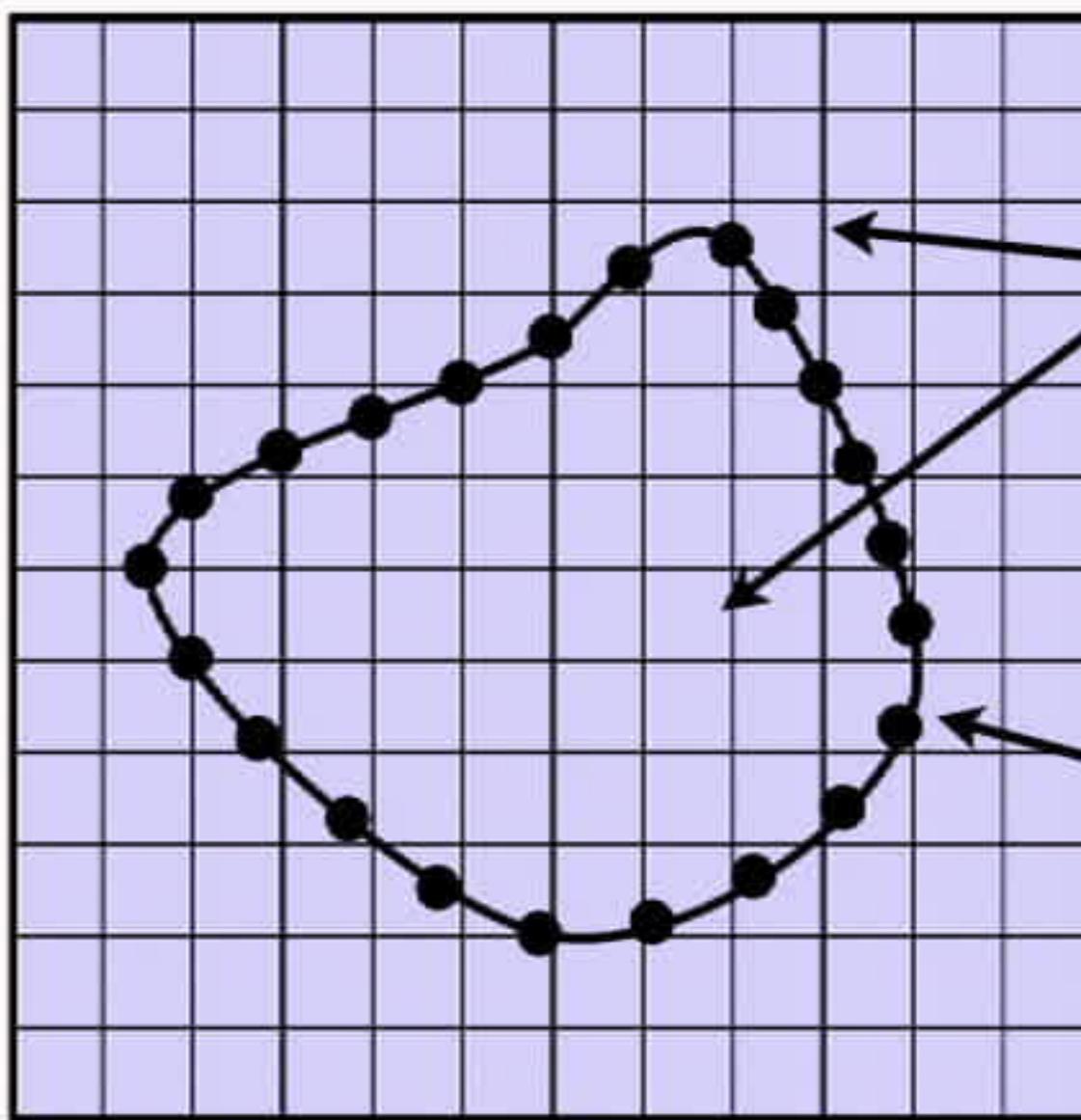
Grace McLaughlin and Laura Miller, UNC-Chapel Hill

Copyright David Lentink | Wageningen University | 2009



Lentink and Dickinson, *Science*, 2009

The immersed boundary method



(i, j, k) labels Cartesian grid cells
 $\mathbf{x}_{i,j,k}$ is the physical position of grid cell (i, j, k)
 $\mathbf{u}_{i,j,k}$ is the Eulerian velocity at grid cell (i, j, k)
 $\mathbf{f}_{i,j,k}$ is the Eulerian force at grid cell (i, j, k)

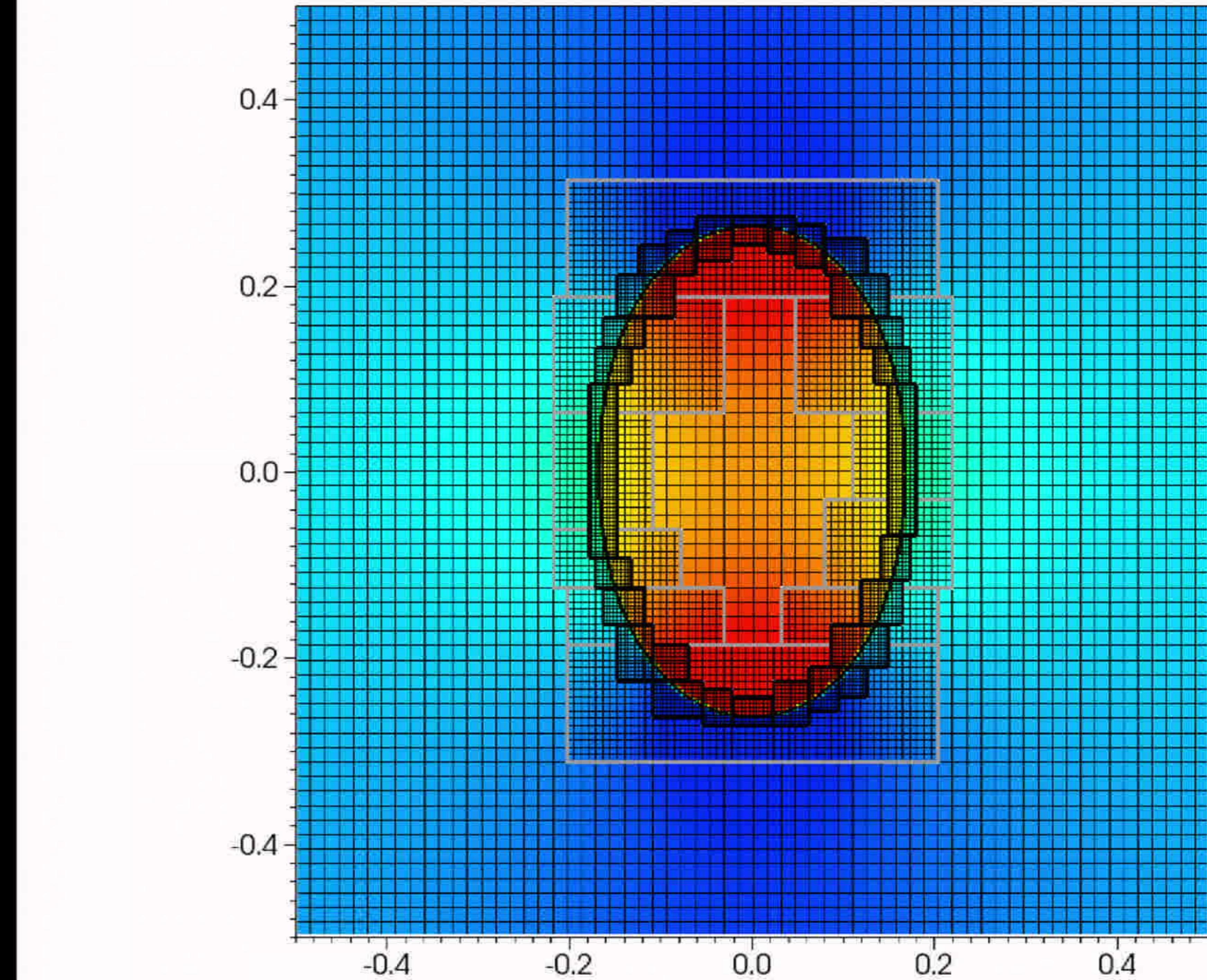
l labels Lagrangian mesh nodes
 χ_l is the physical position of node l
 \mathbf{U}_l is the Lagrangian velocity at node l
 \mathbf{F}_l is the Lagrangian force at node l

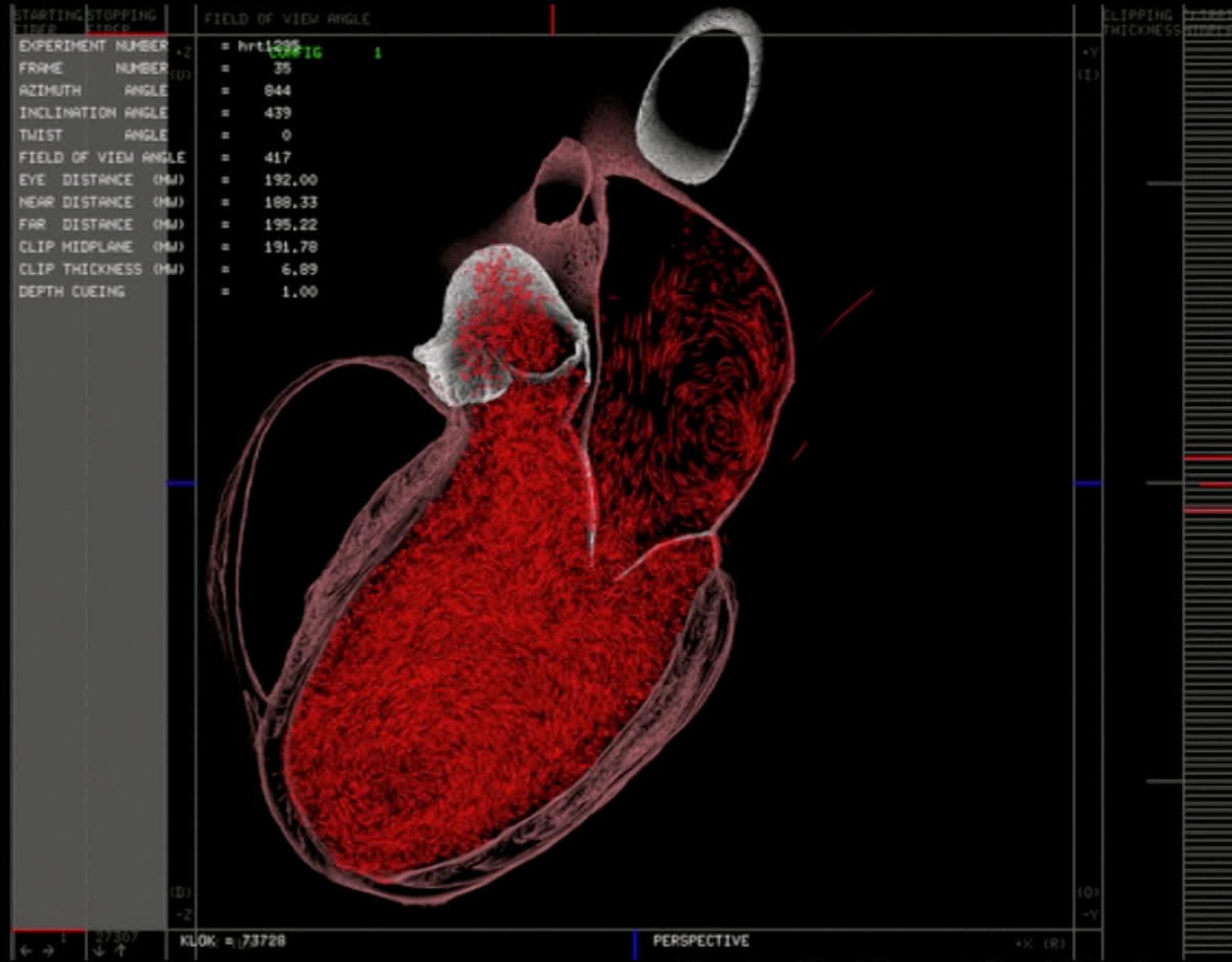
Forces are *spread* from the boundary to nearby Cartesian grid points:

$$\mathbf{f}_{i,j,k} = \sum_l \mathbf{F}_l \delta_h(\mathbf{x}_{i,j,k} - \chi_l) \Delta \mathbf{q}$$

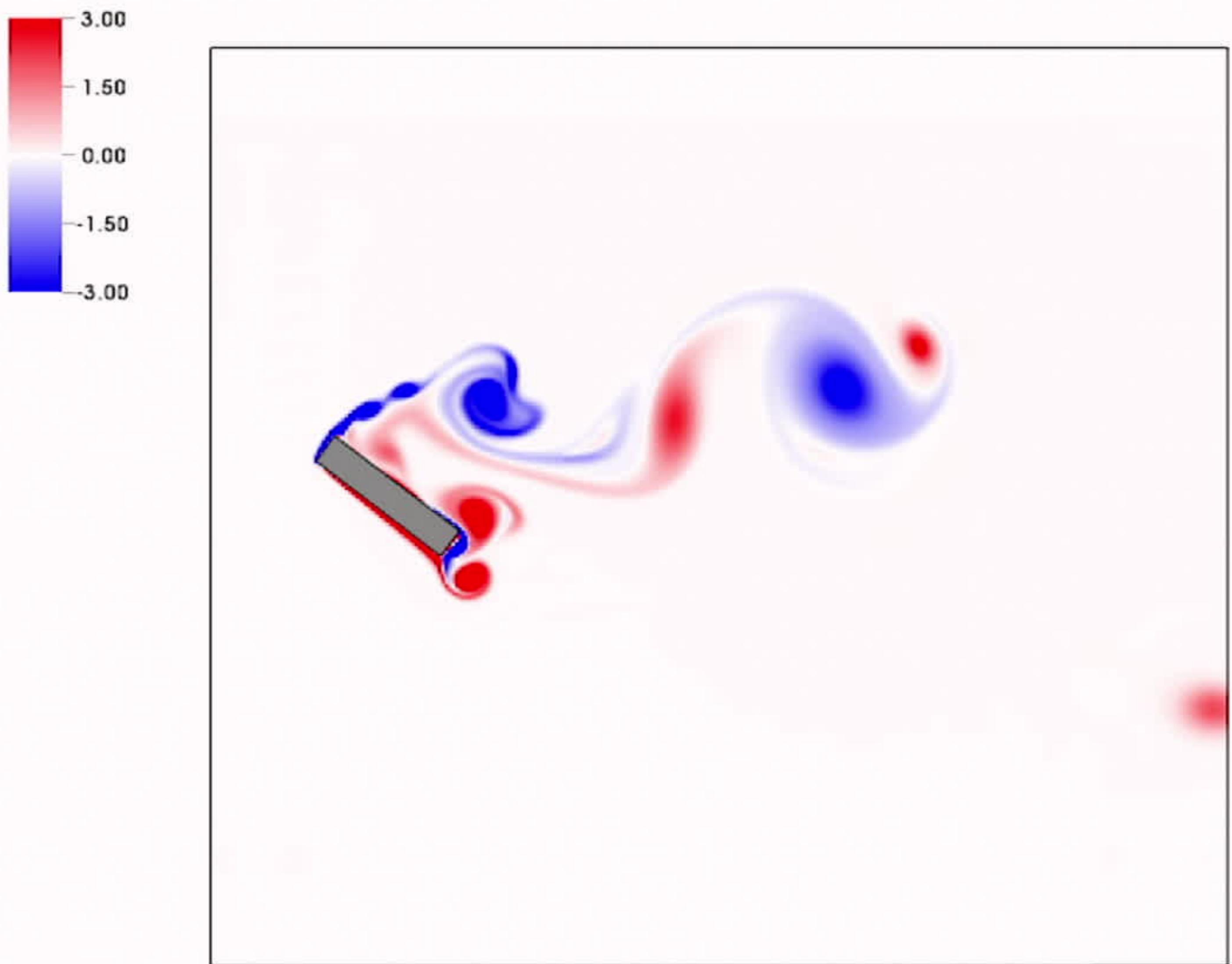
Velocities are *interpolated* to the boundary from nearby Cartesian grid points:

$$\mathbf{U}_l = \sum_{i,j,k} \mathbf{u}_{i,j,k} \delta_h(\mathbf{x}_{i,j,k} - \chi_l) \Delta \mathbf{x}$$

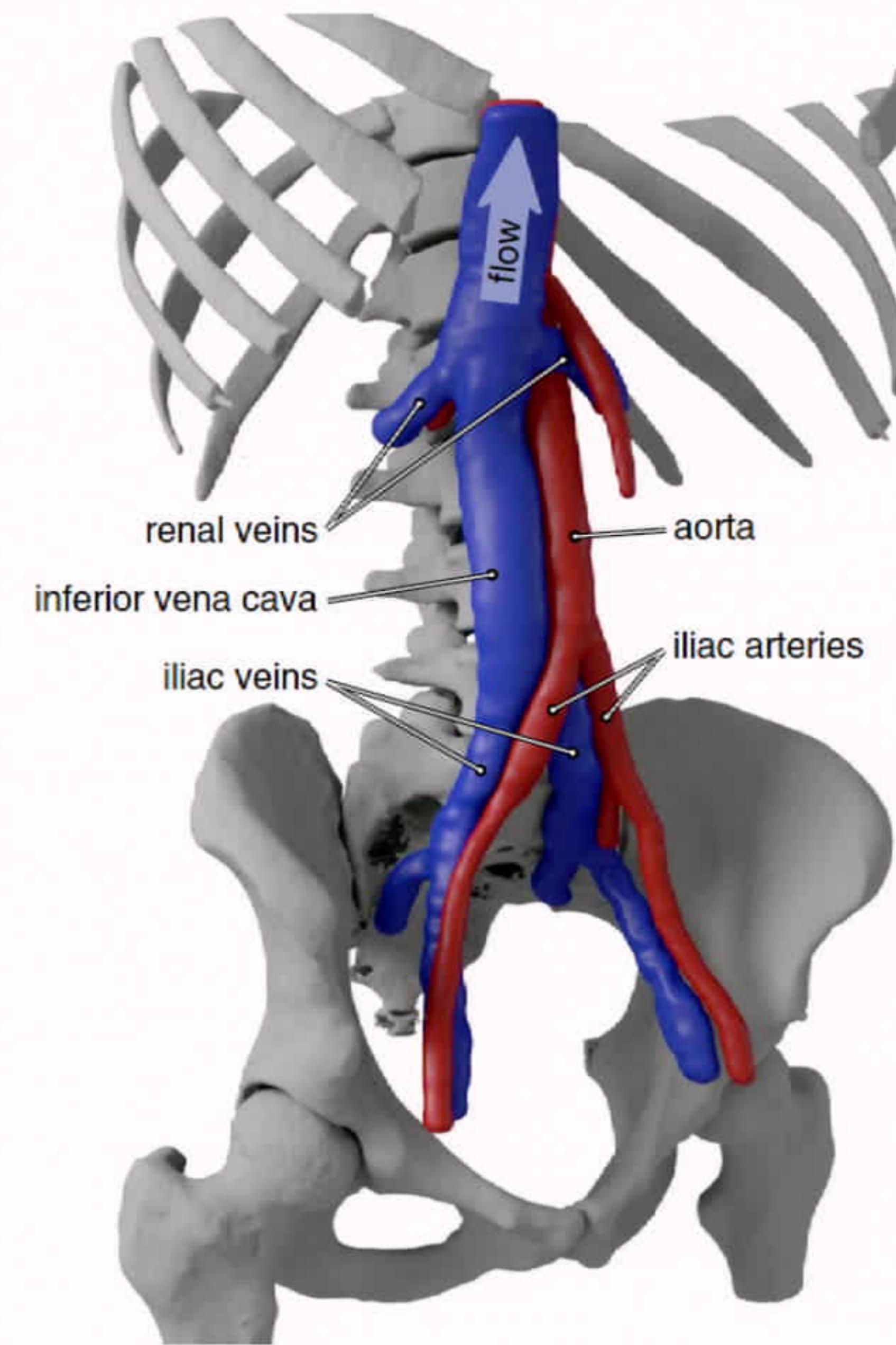




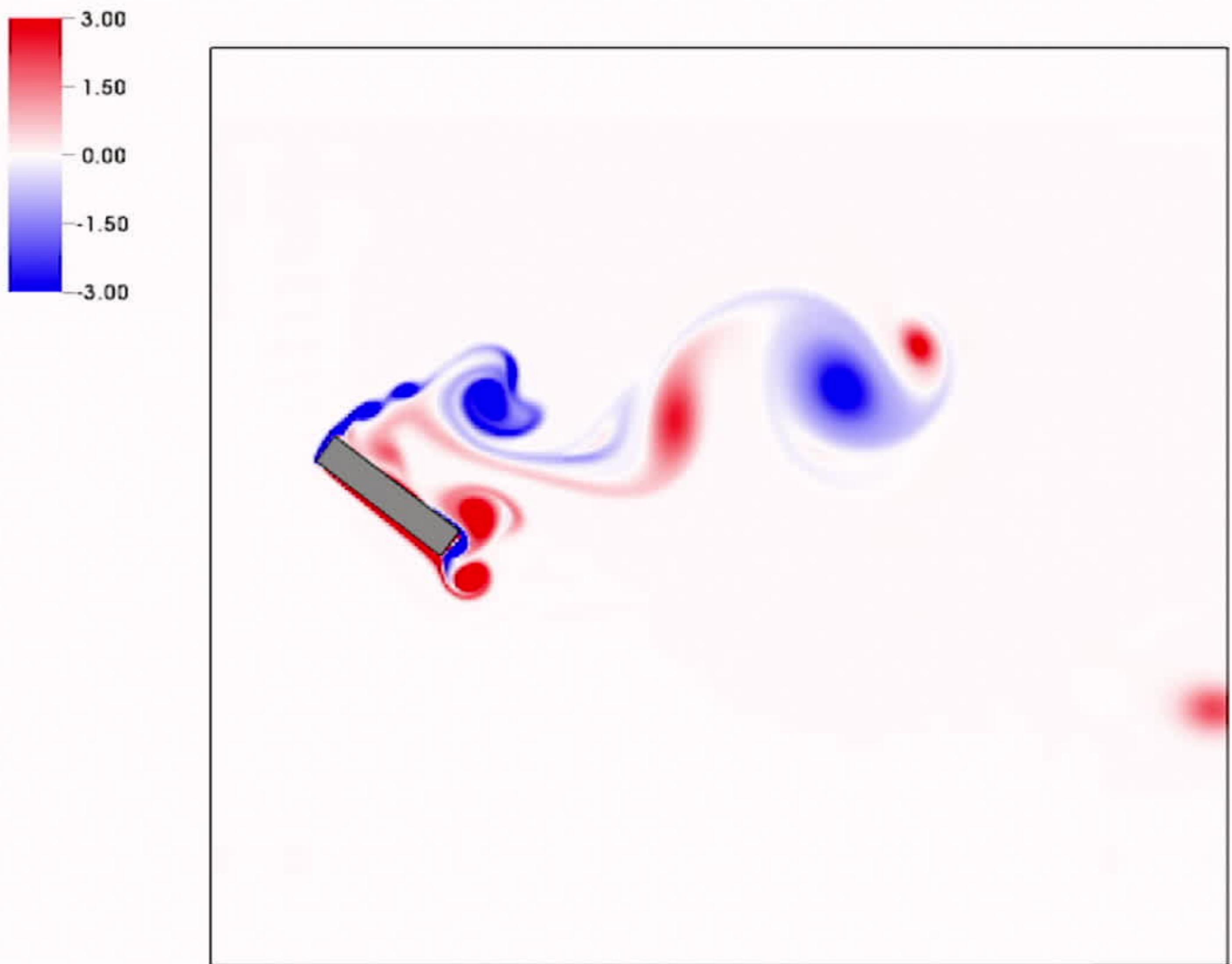
Charles Peskin and David McQueen, NYU



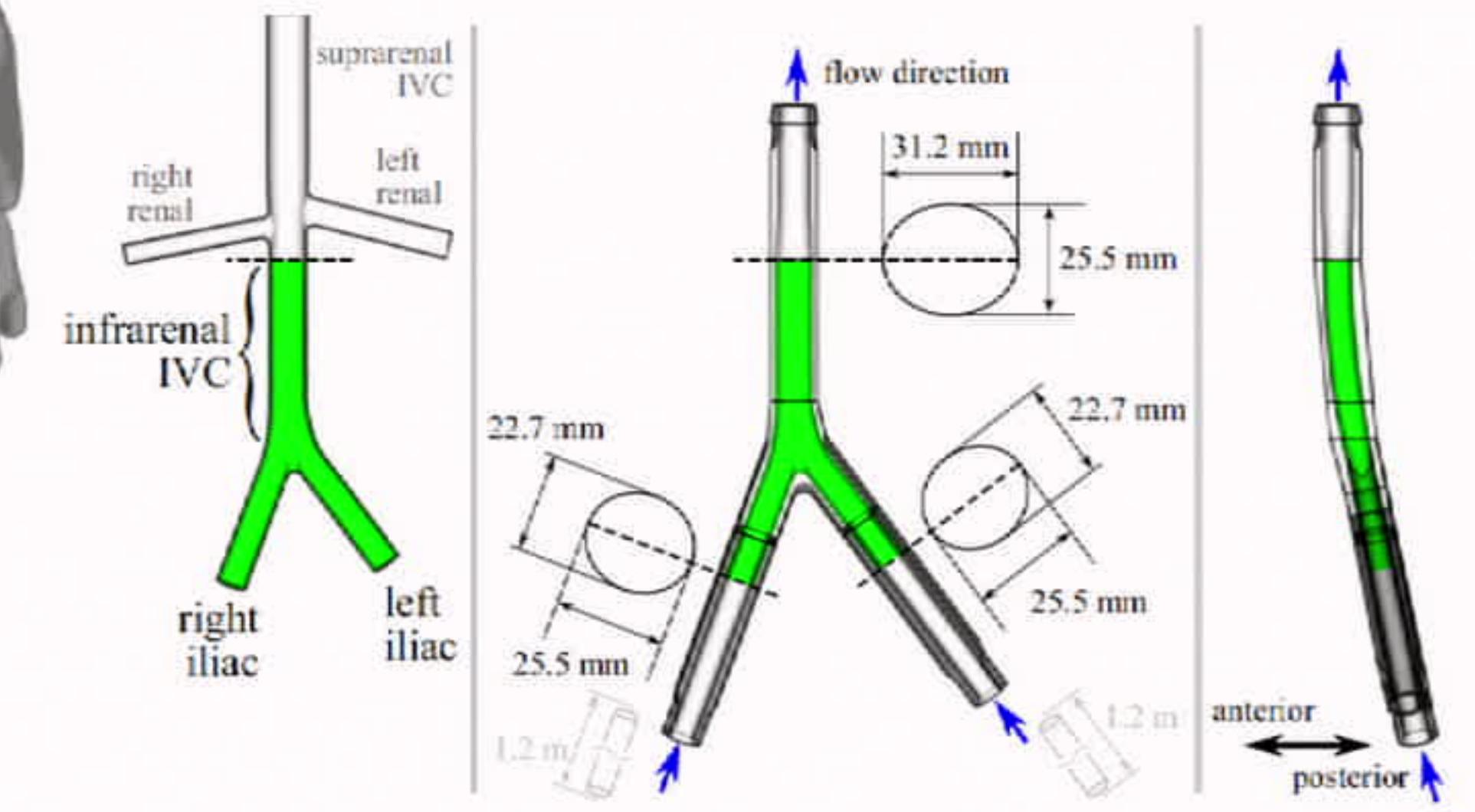
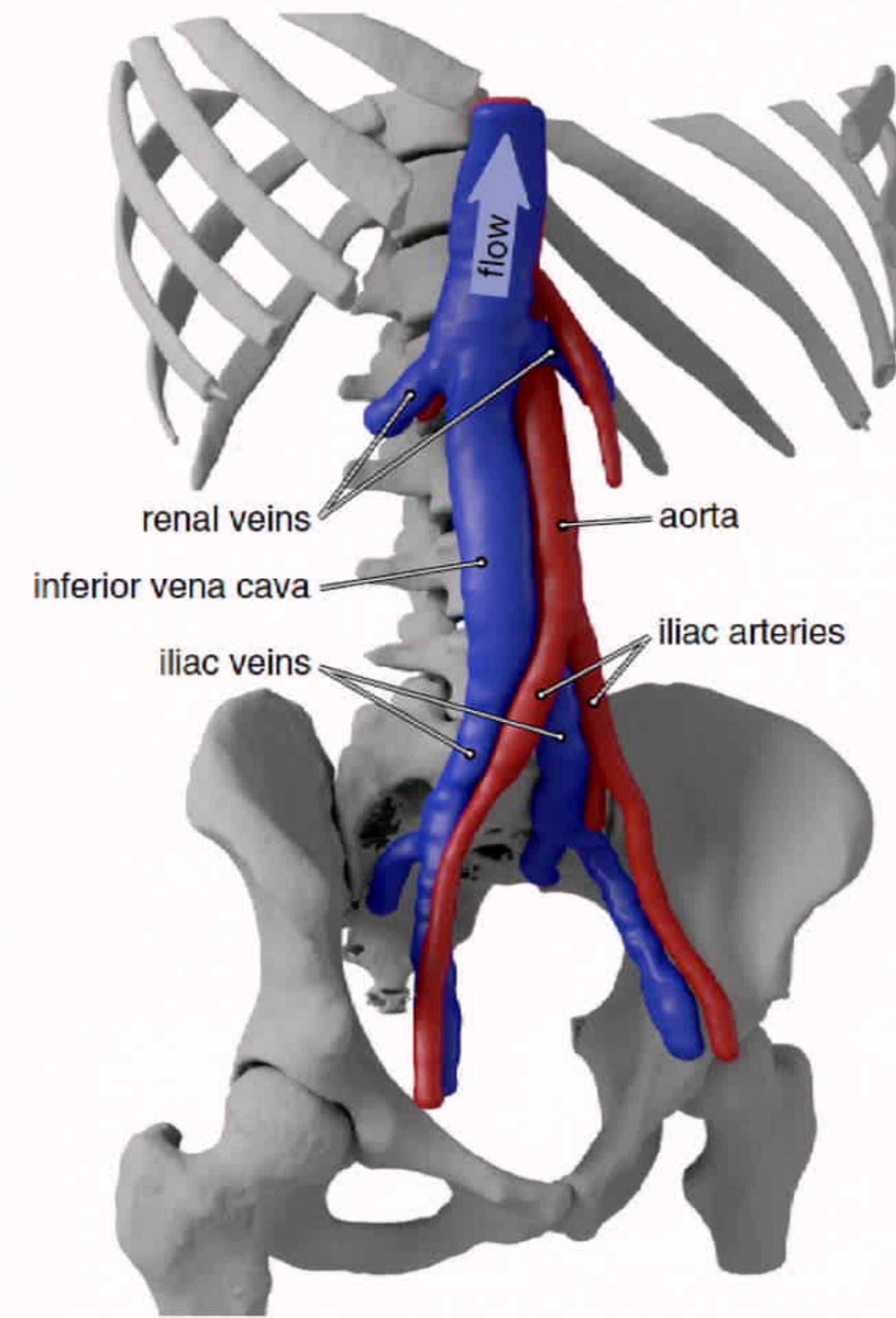
Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill & FDA) and Brent Craven (FDA)



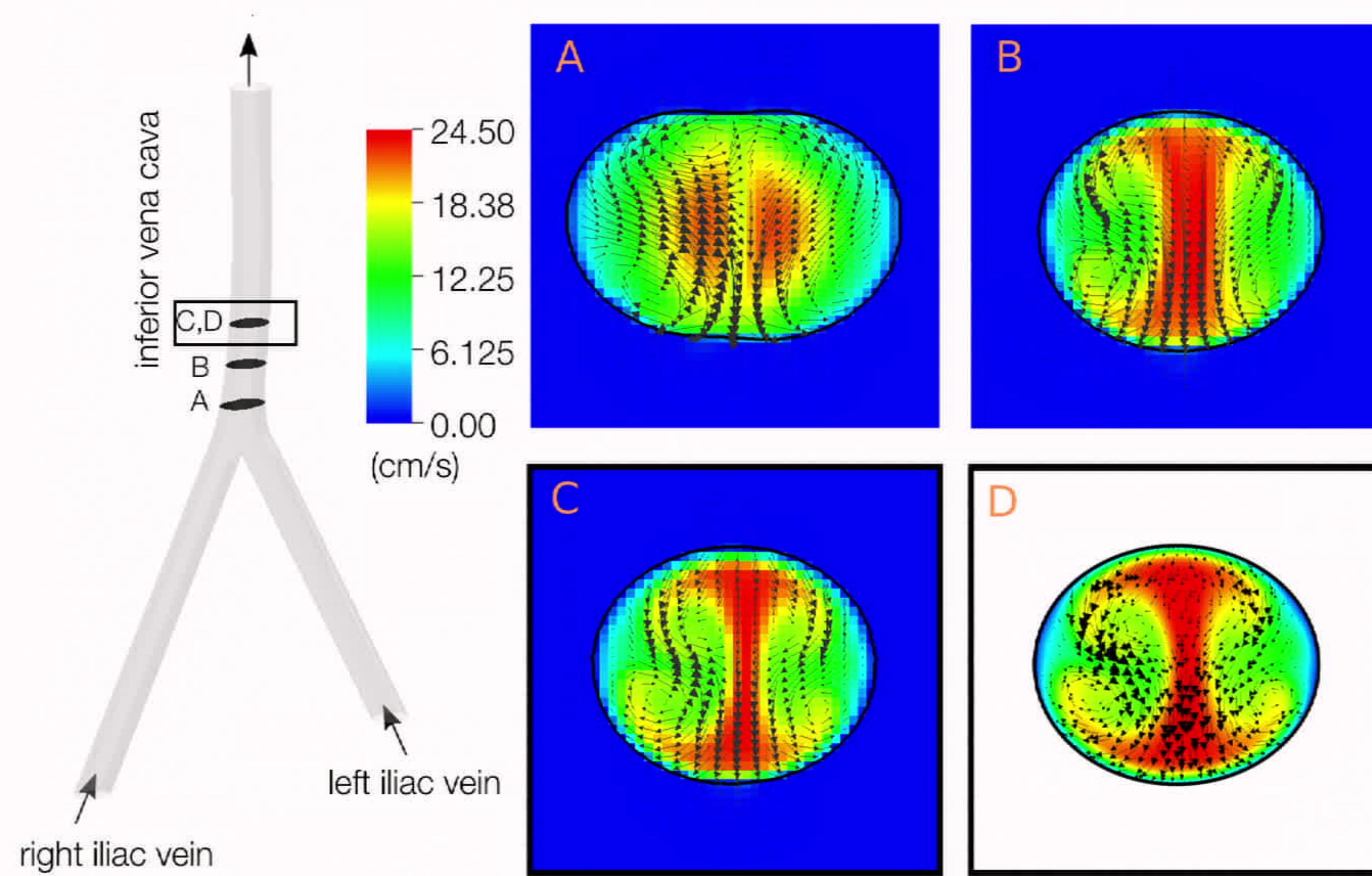
Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill & FDA) and Brent Craven (FDA)

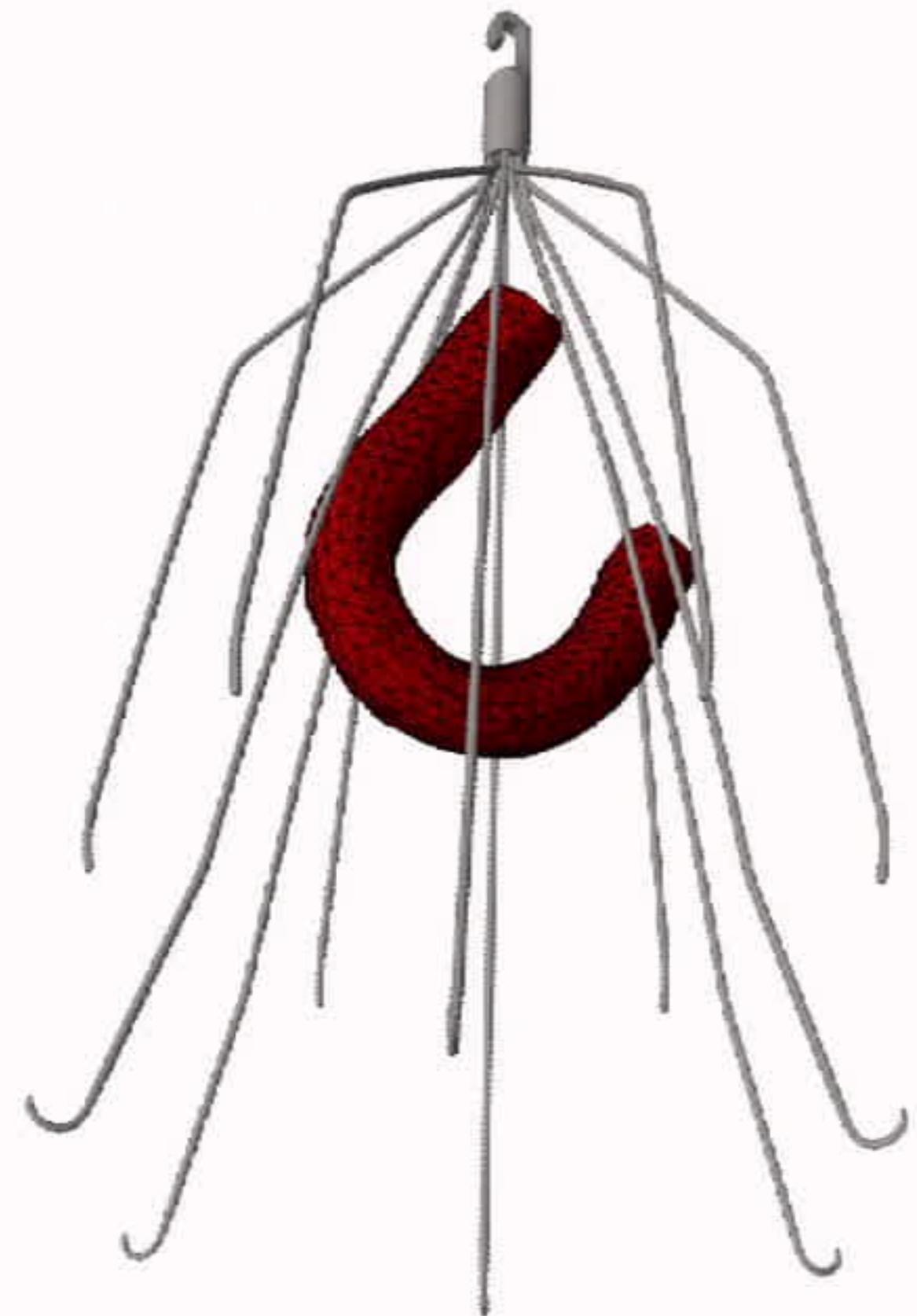
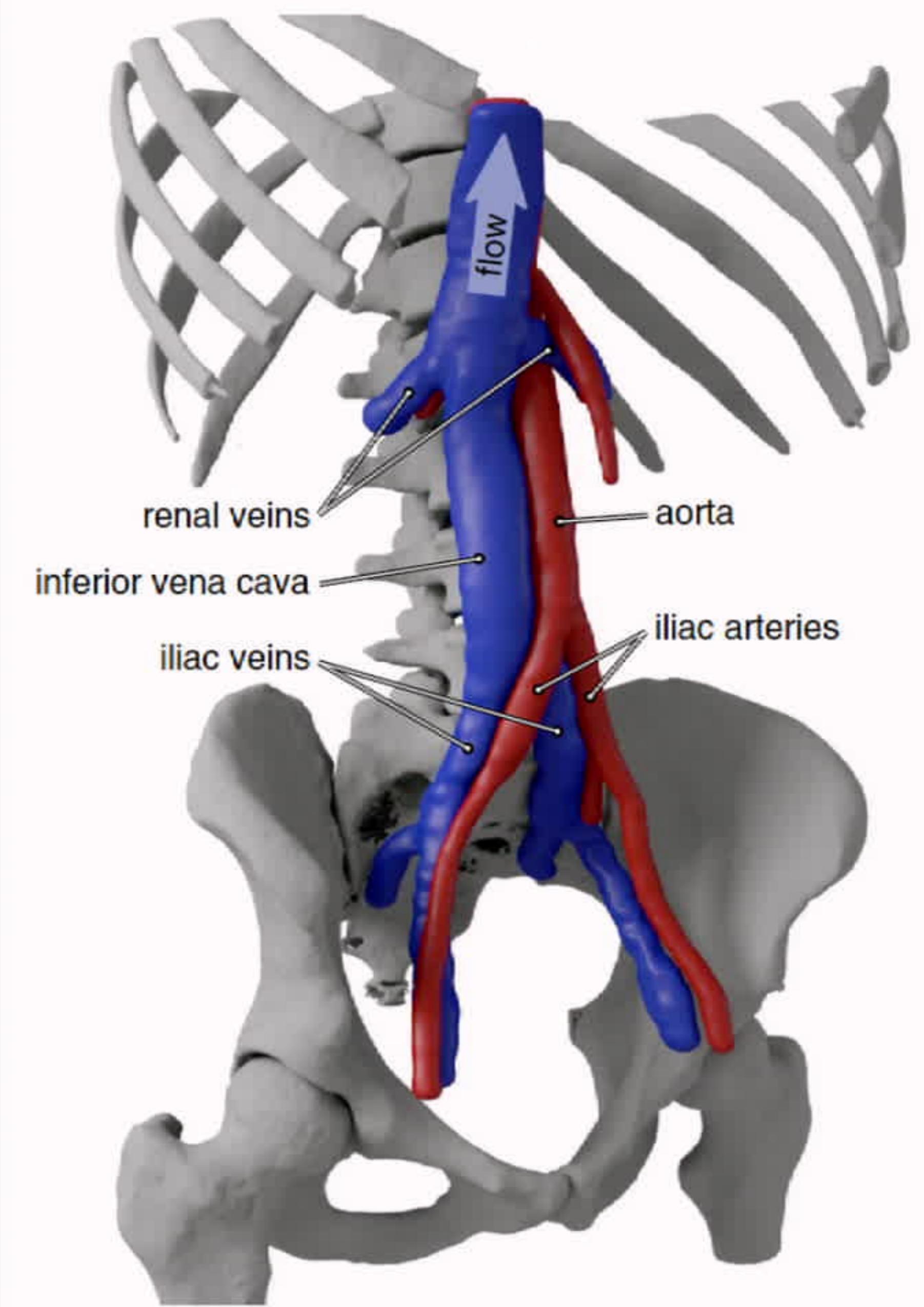


Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill & FDA) and Brent Craven (FDA)

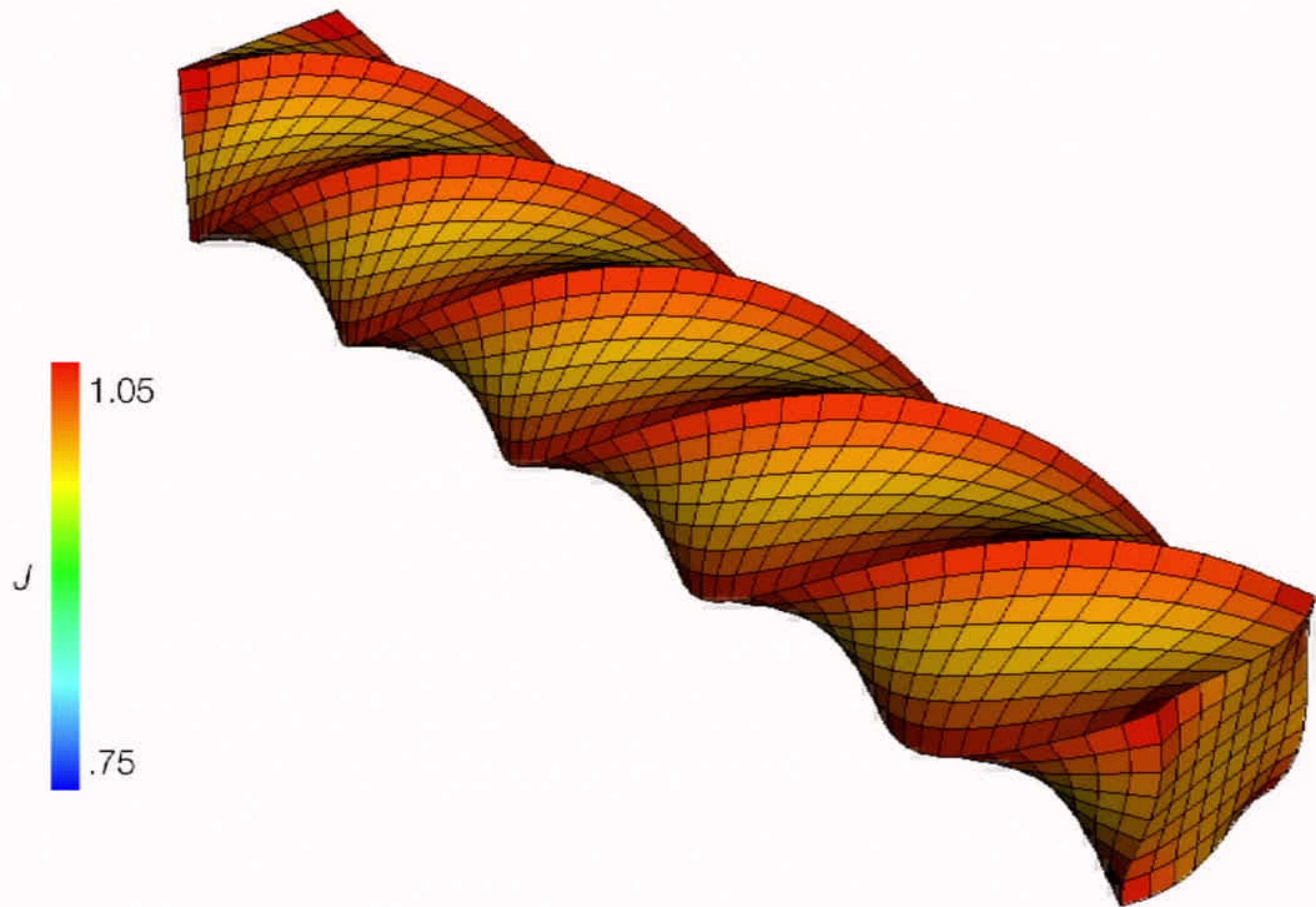


Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill & FDA) and Brent Craven (FDA)





With Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill & FDA) and Alex Rygg and Brent Craven (FDA)



Hyperelasticity: $\mathbb{P}^s = \frac{\partial W}{\partial \mathbb{F}}$, $\mathbb{F} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{x}}{\partial \mathbf{X}}$, $J = \det(\mathbb{F})$

Mooney-Rivlin: $W = a(I_1 - 3) + b(I_2 - 3)$, $I_1 = \text{tr}(\mathbb{C})$, $I_2 = \frac{1}{2}(I_1^2 - \text{tr}(\mathbb{C}^2))$, $\mathbb{C} = \mathbb{F}^T \mathbb{F}$

Add a volumetric energy to *stabilize*: $W_{\text{stab}} = W(\mathbb{F}) + \beta_s U(J)$ (incompressible: $J \equiv 1$)

Use *modified* deformation gradient: $\overline{W}_{\text{stab}} = W(\overline{\mathbb{F}}) + \beta_s U(J)$, $\overline{\mathbb{F}} = J^{-\frac{1}{3}} \mathbb{F}$

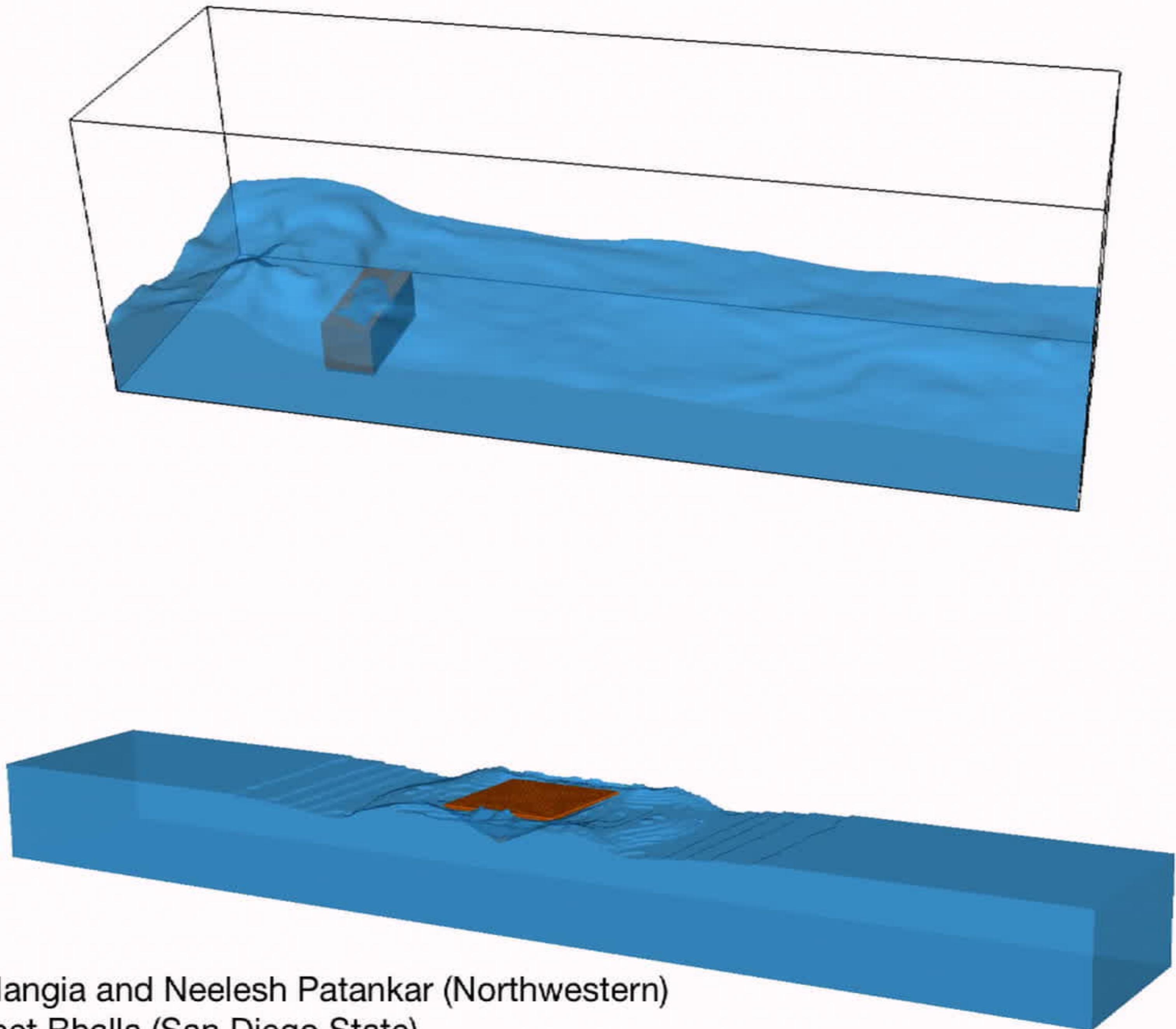
These computations use the open-source **IBAMR** software.

Software infrastructure: IBAMR relies on other open-source software, including PETSc, SAMRAI, and *hypre*. Finite element computations rely on libMesh.

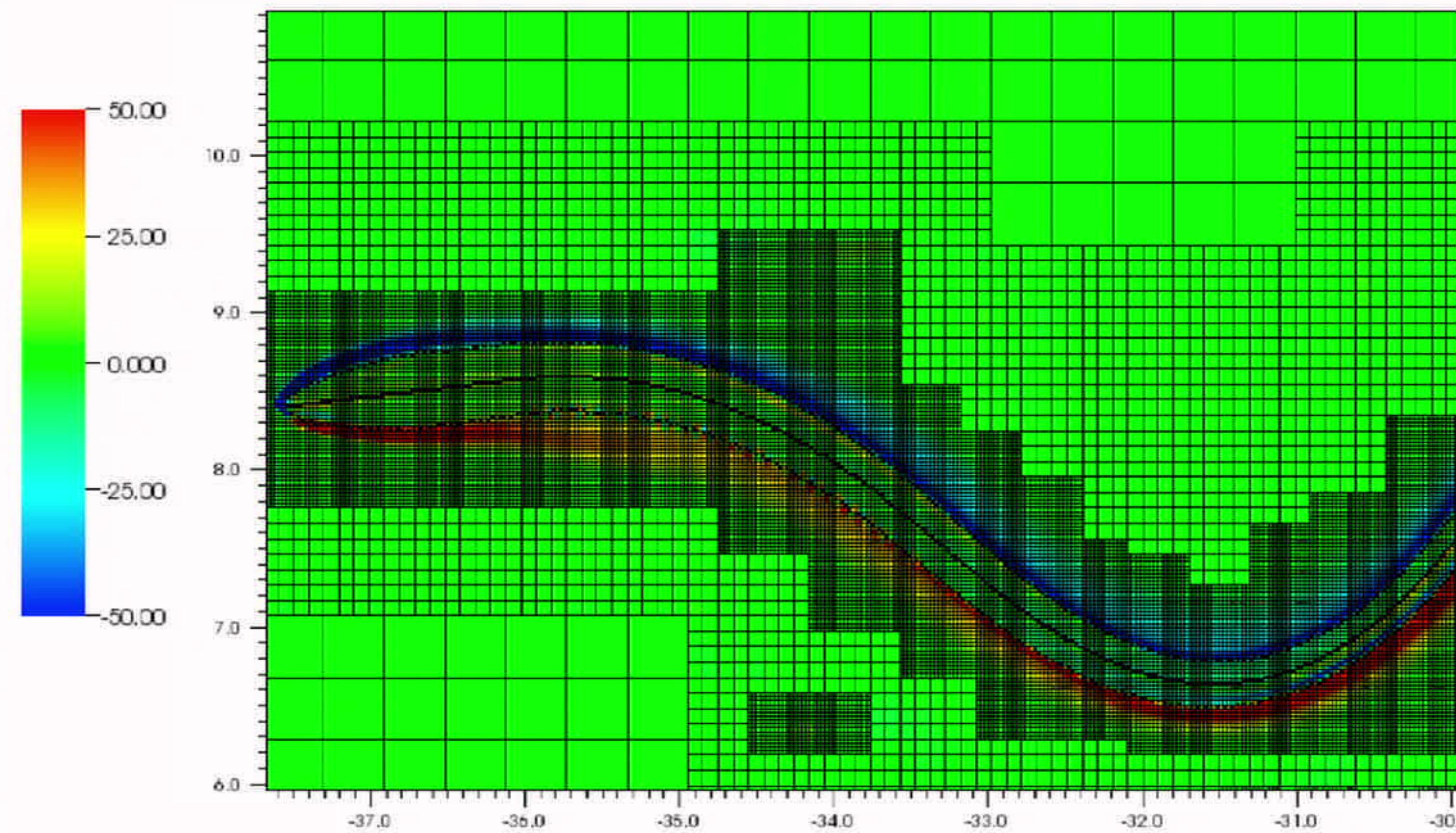
Impact: 80+ peer-reviewed publications, 15+ PhD theses, many undergraduate theses and conference abstracts

Other modeling approaches provided by IBAMR include:

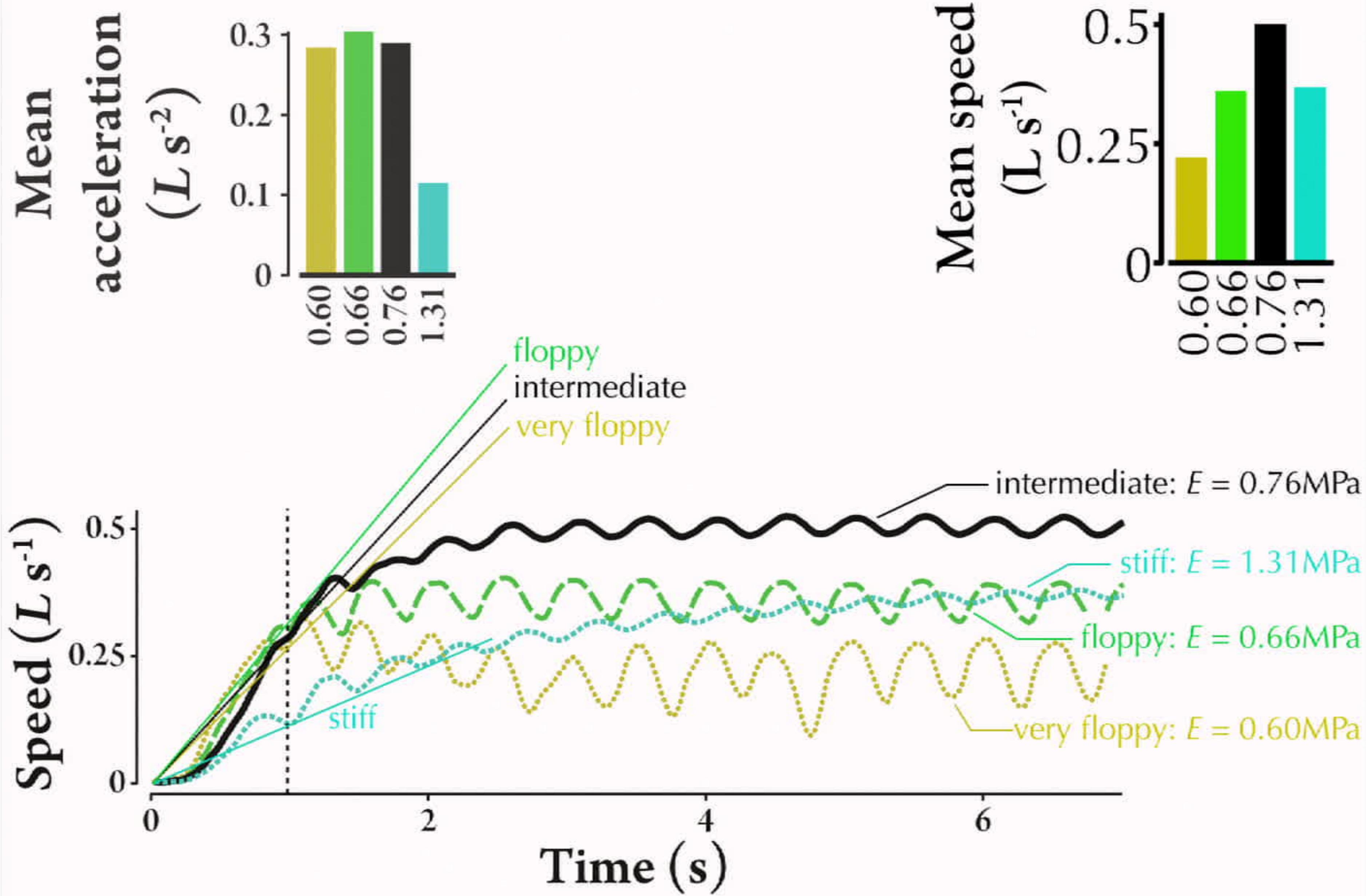
- *thin rods*, with Sook Lim (Cincinnati)
- *deformational constraints*, with Amneet Bhalla (San Diego State), Aleks Donev (NYU-Courant), and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)
- *thermal fluctuations*, with Donev, Patankar, and co-workers
- *complex fluids*, in work by Aaron Barrett (UNC) with Greg Forest (UNC) and Bob Guy and Becca Thomases (UC-Davis)
- *multiphase flows*, in work by Nishant Nangia (Northwestern) with Bhalla and Patankar

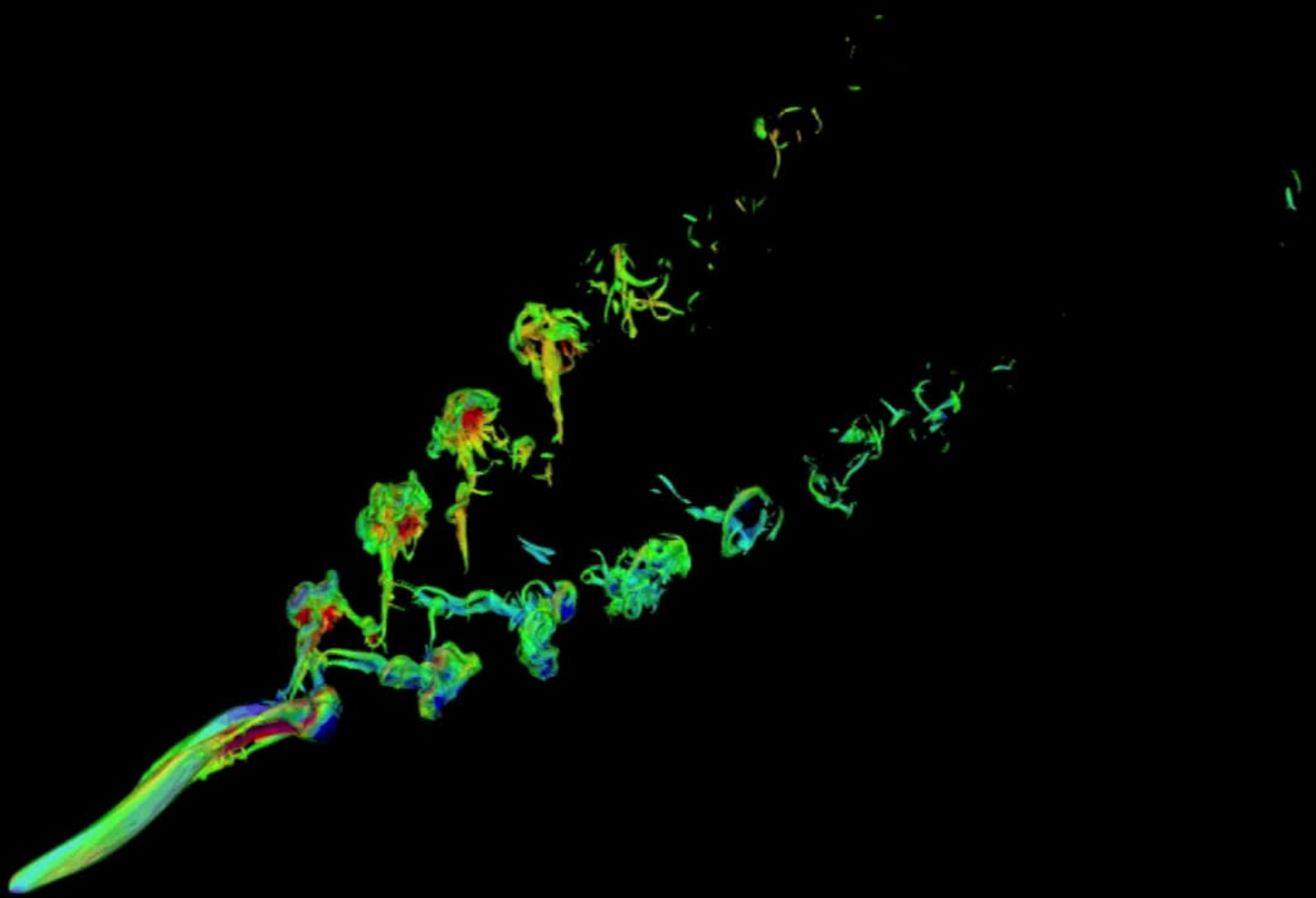


Nishant Nangia and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)
and Amneet Bhalla (San Diego State)

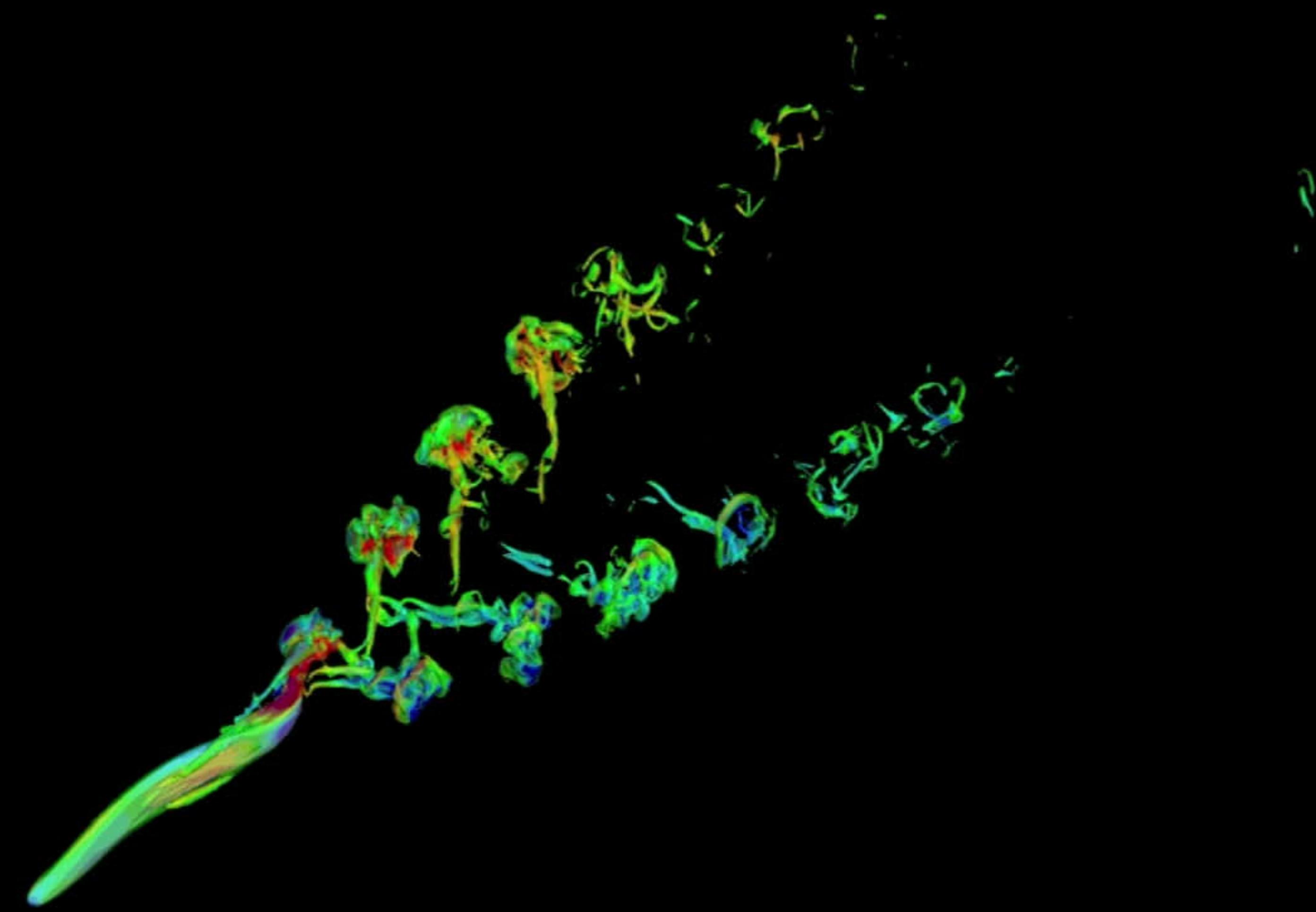


Tytell, Hsu, Williams, Cohen, Fauci, PNAS 2010

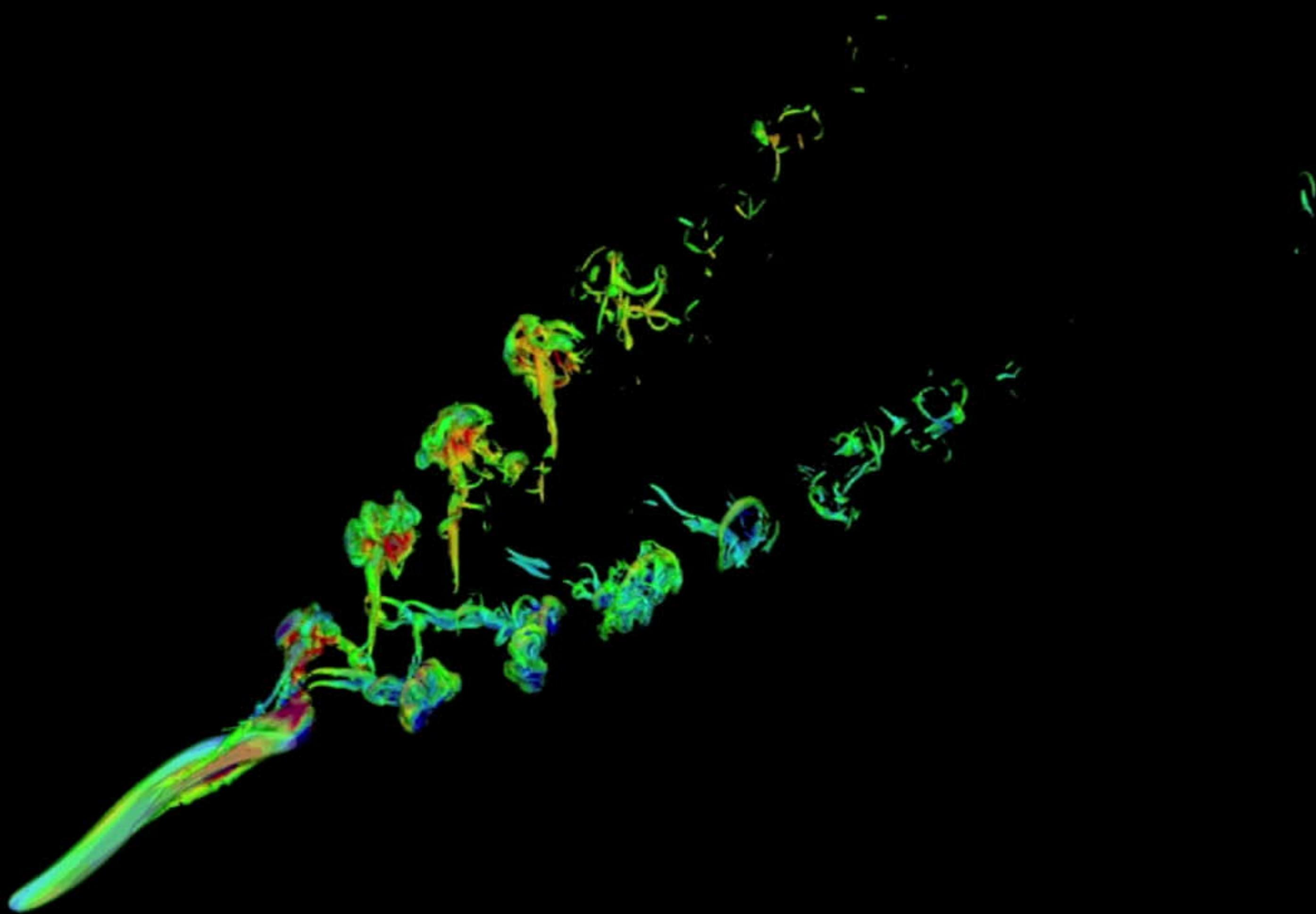




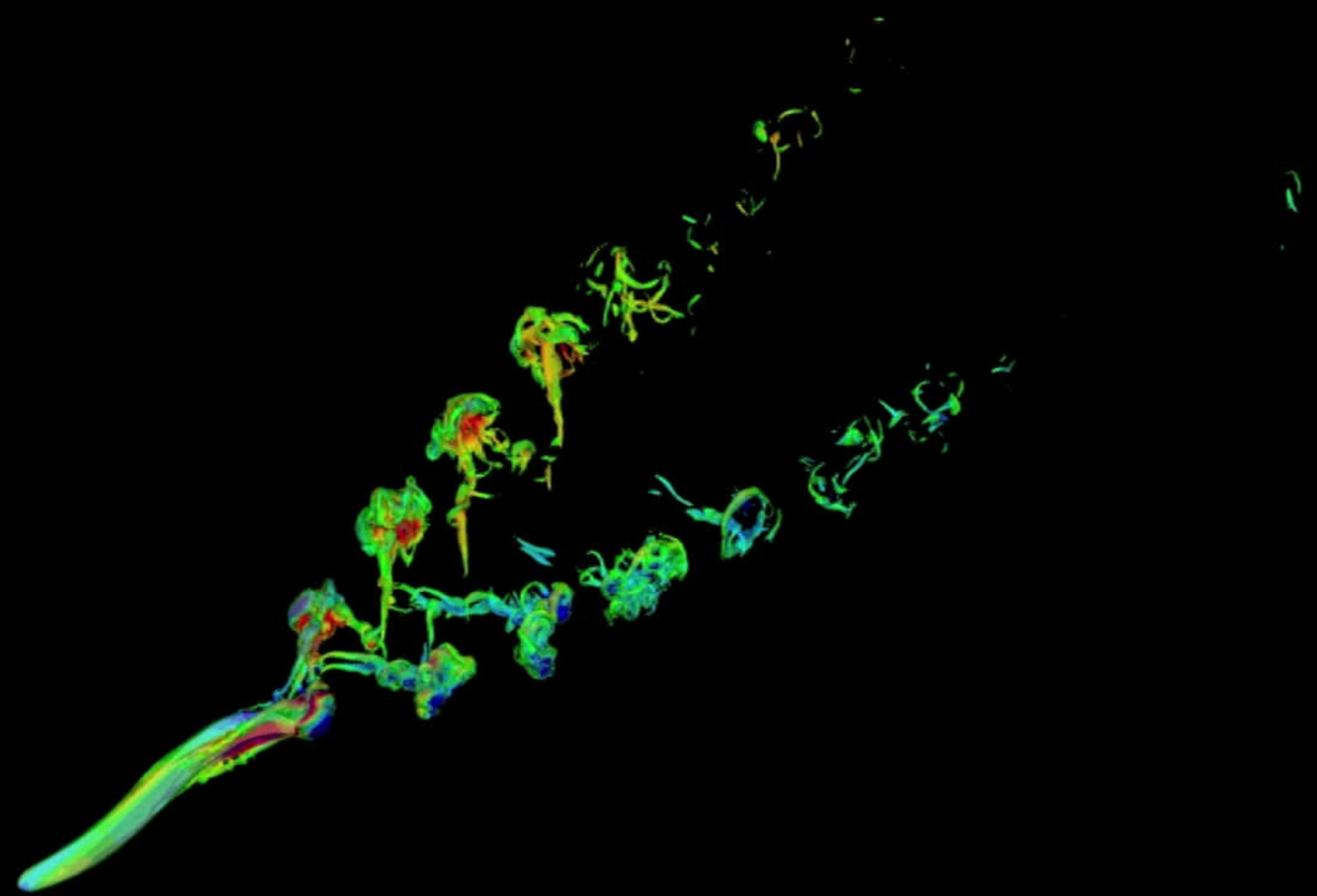
Amneet Bhalla (San Diego State) and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)



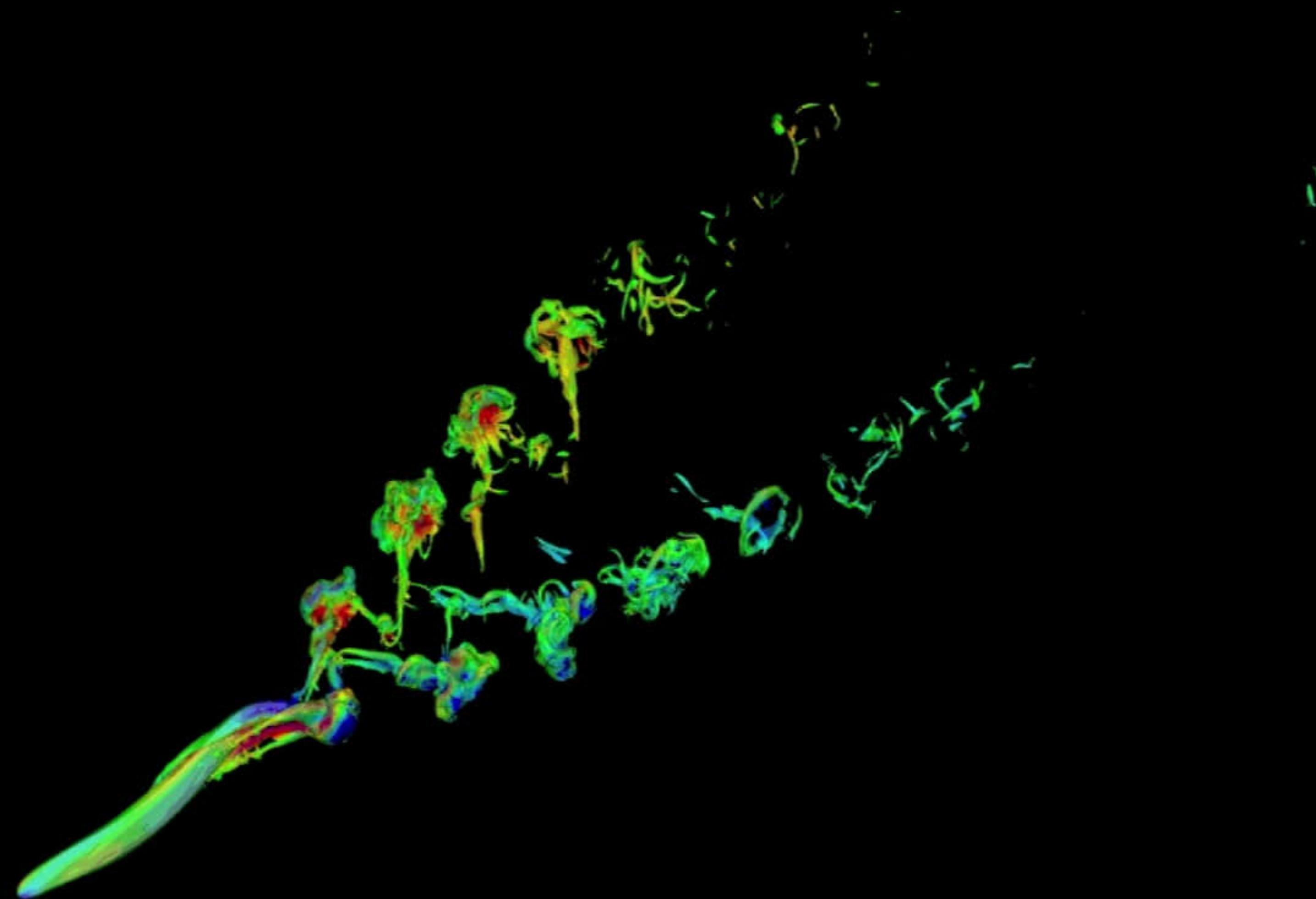
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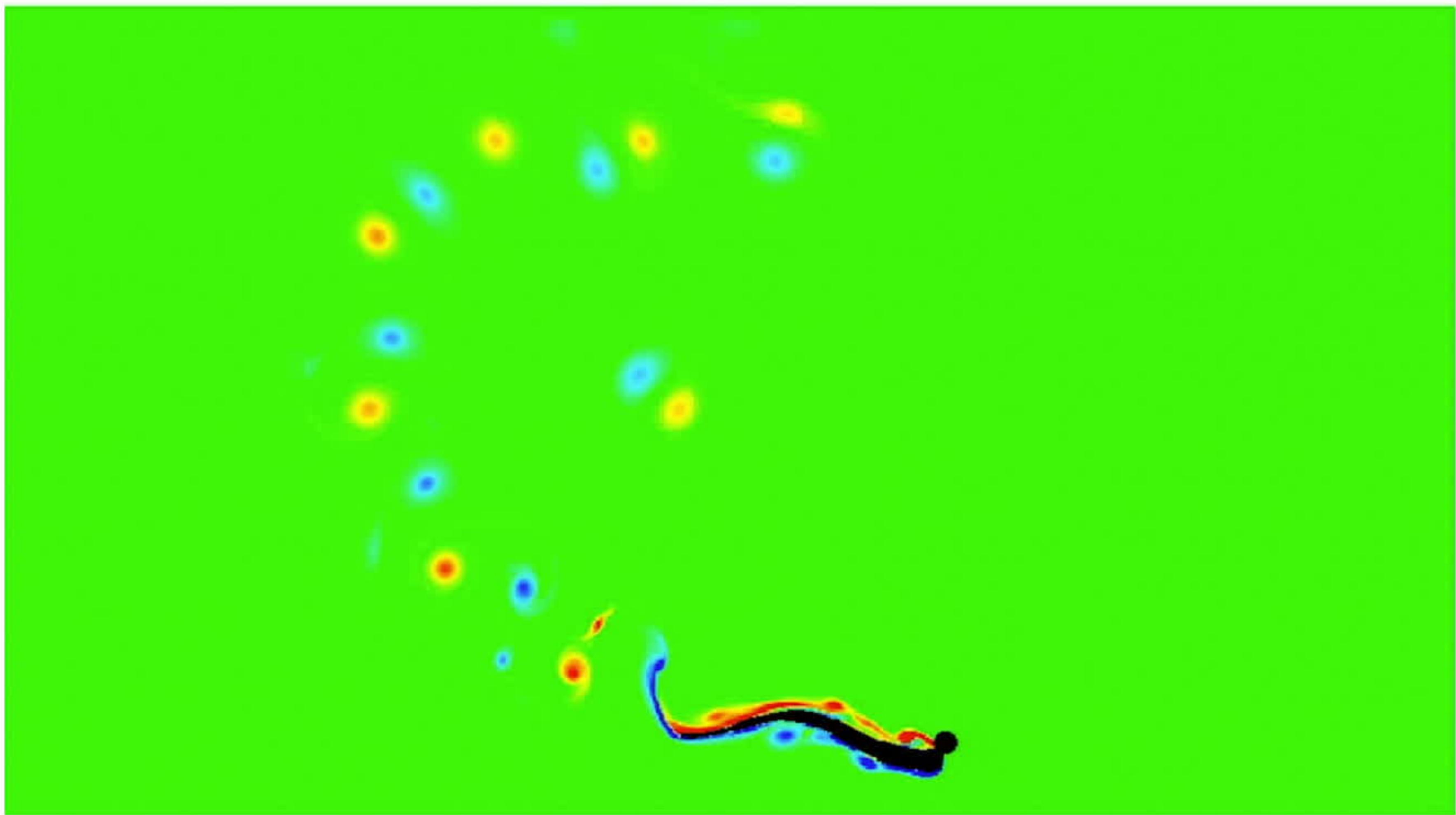
Amneet Bhalla (San Diego State) and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)



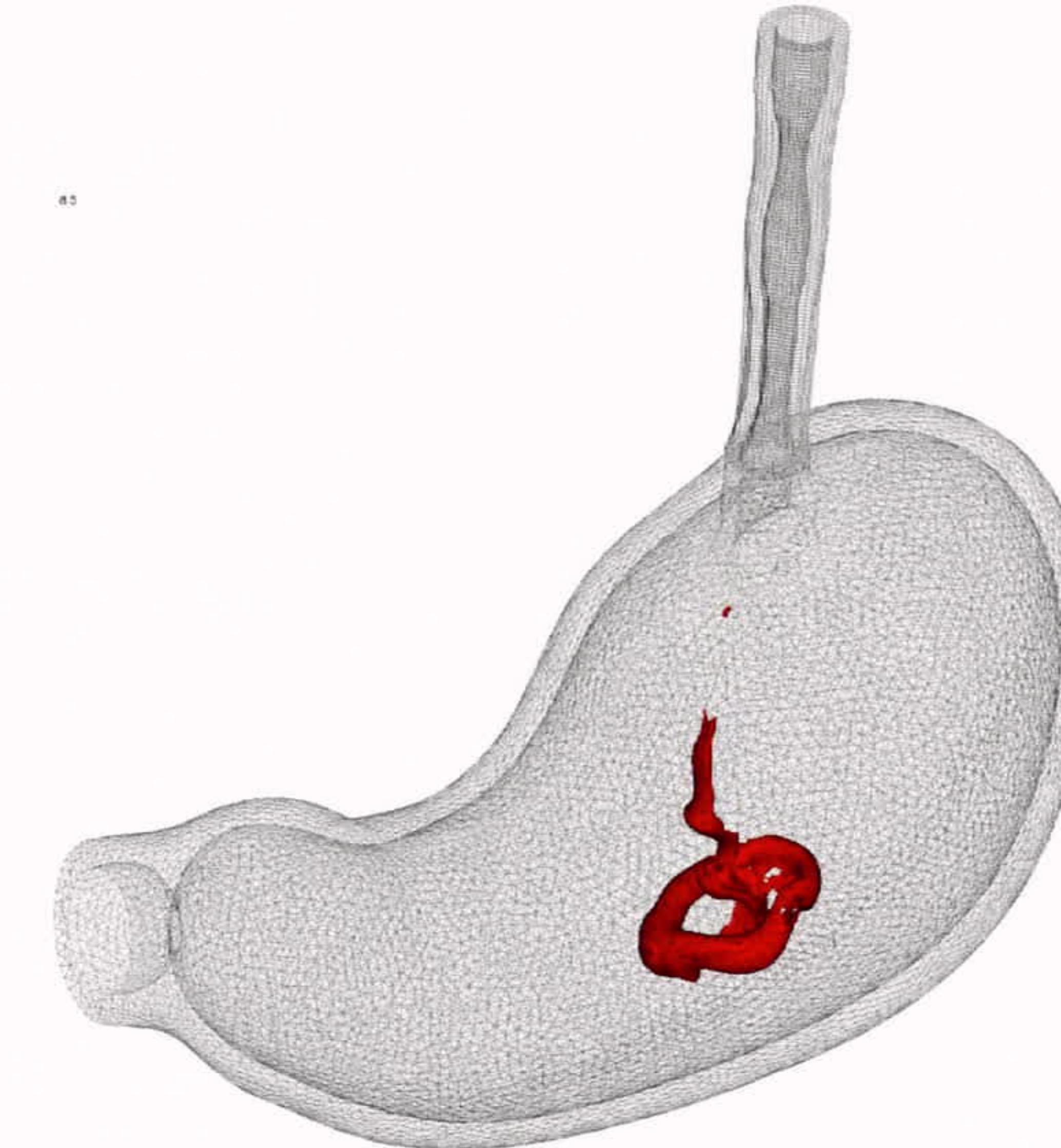
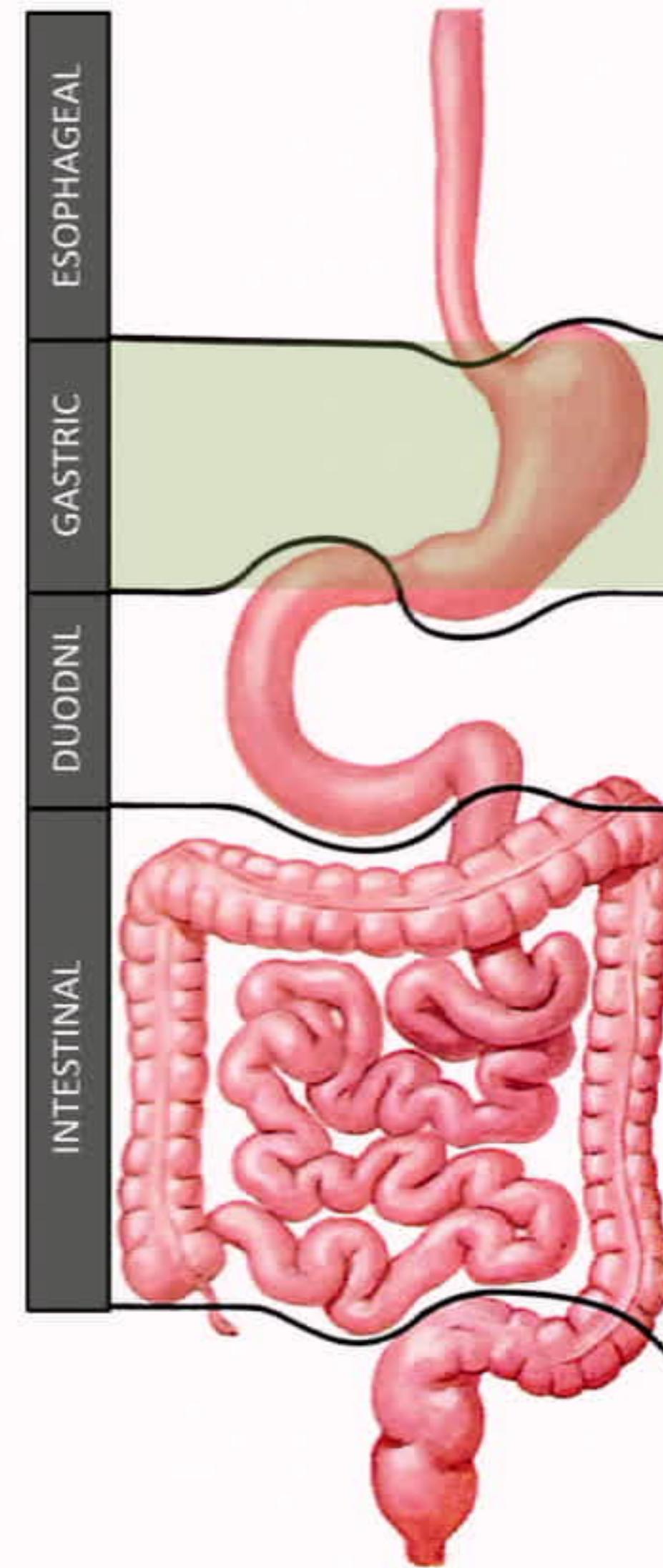
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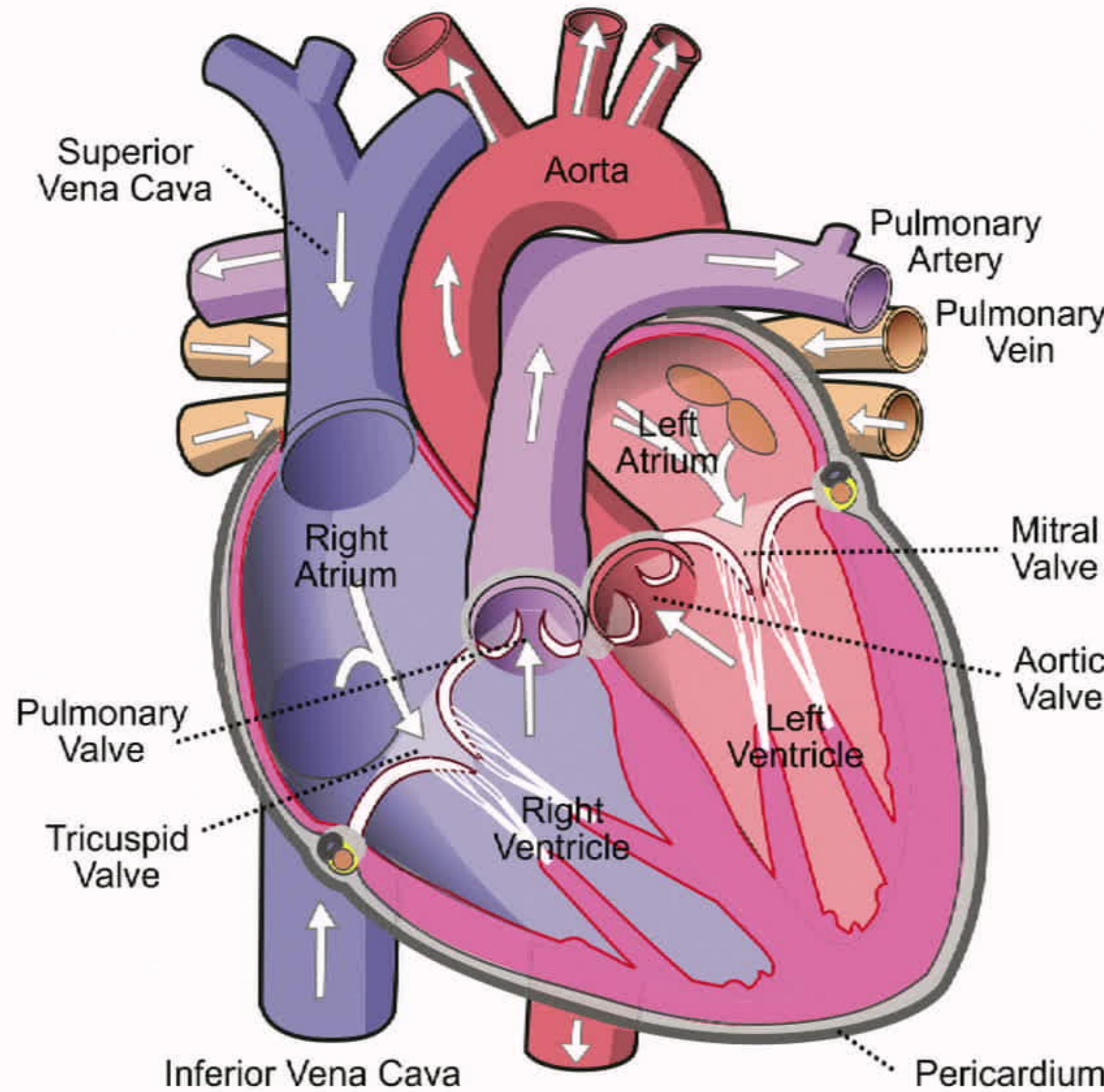
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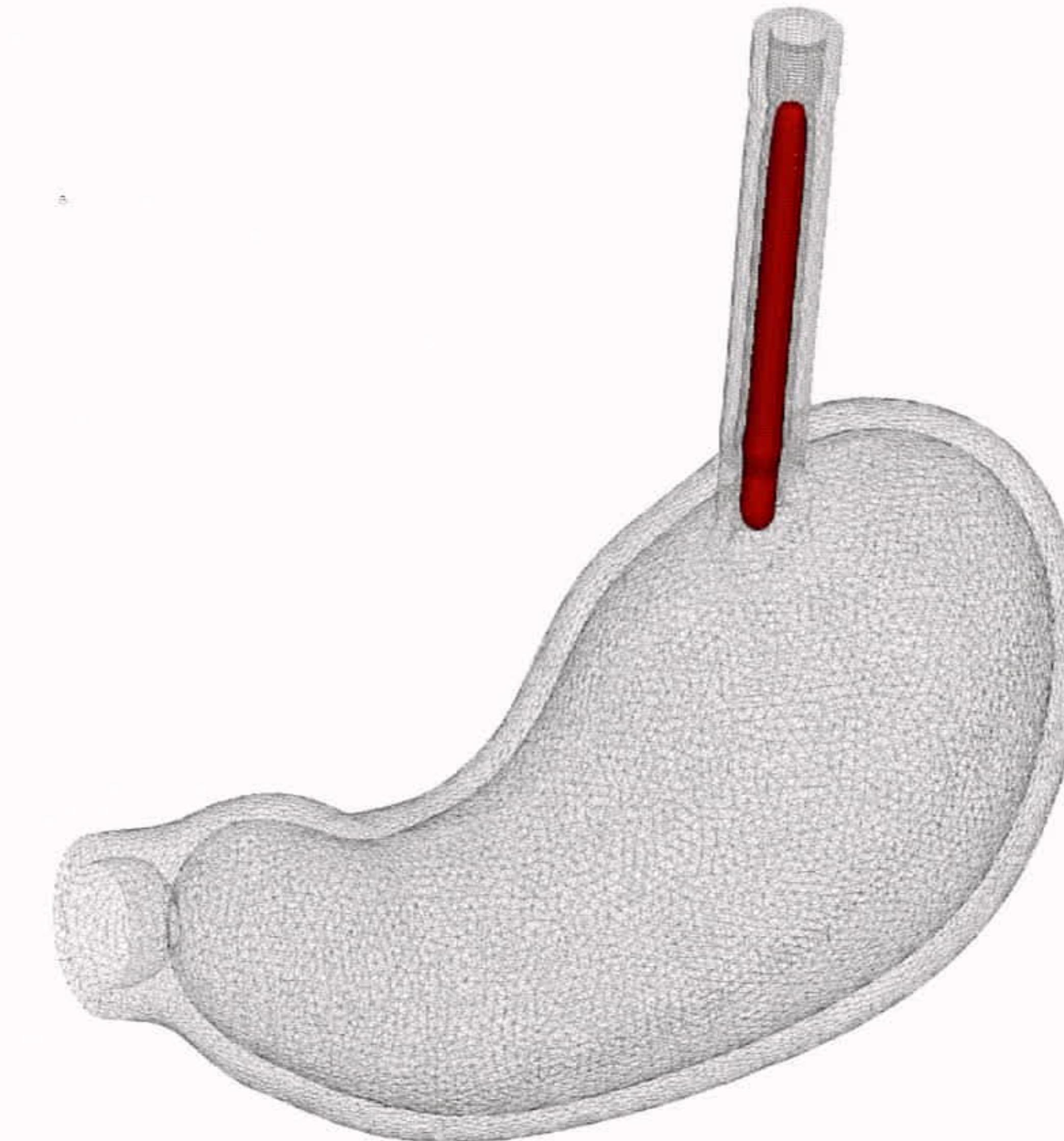
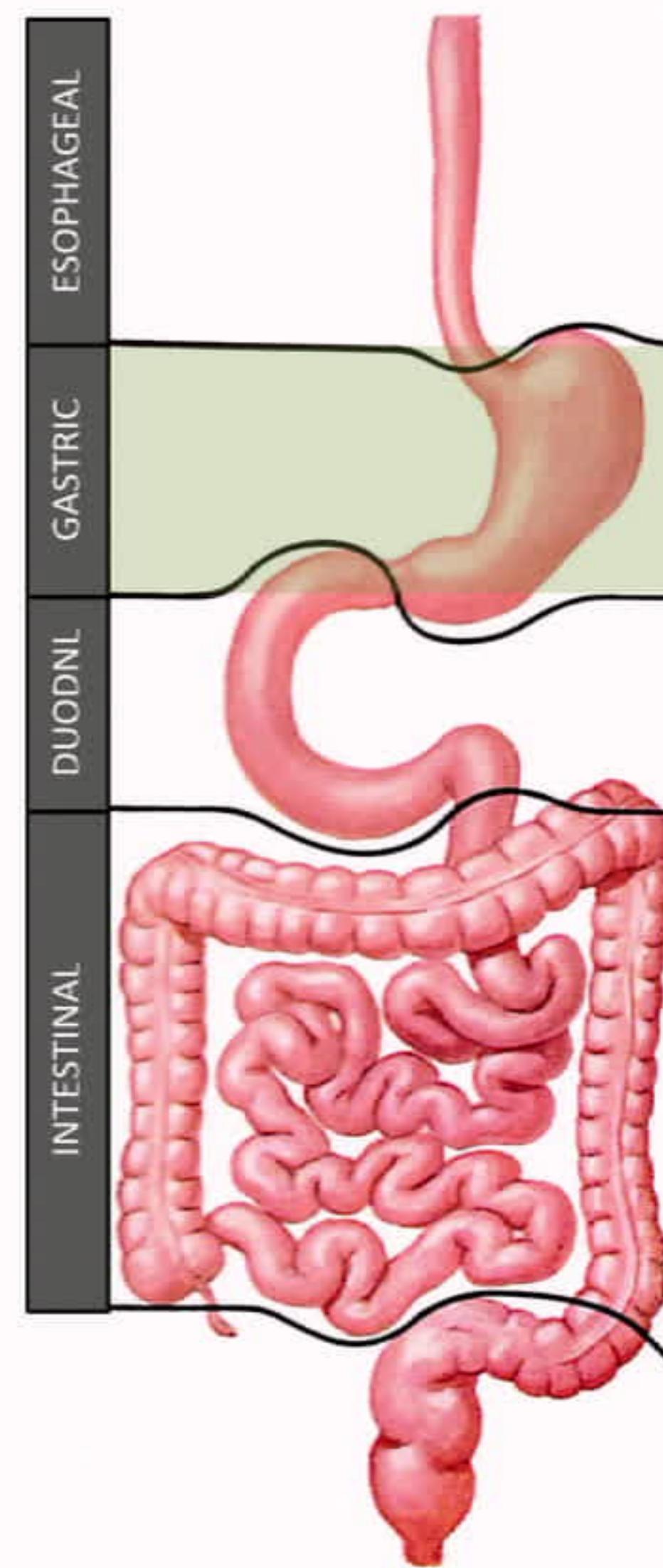


Amneet Bhalla (San Diego State) and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)

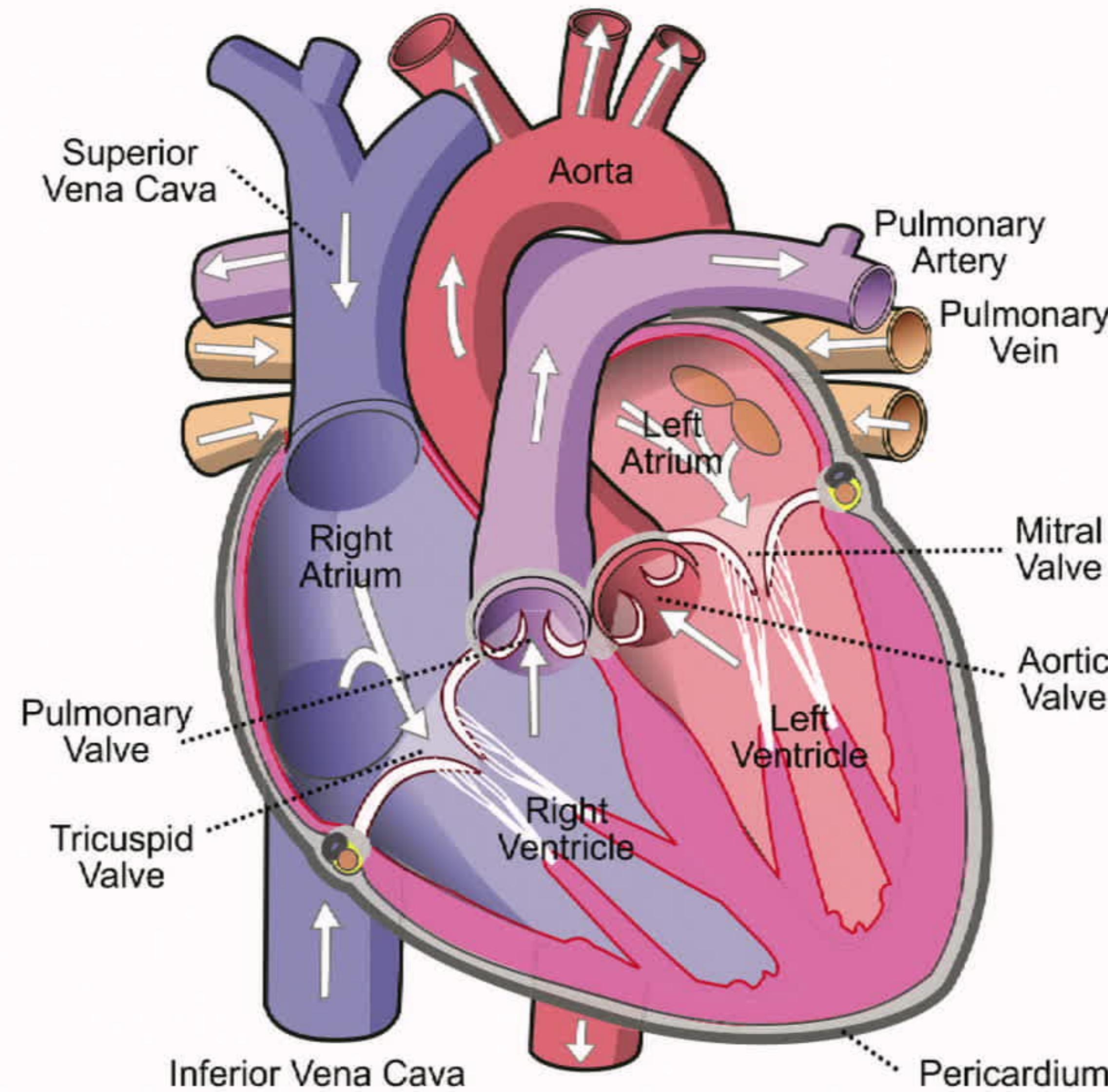


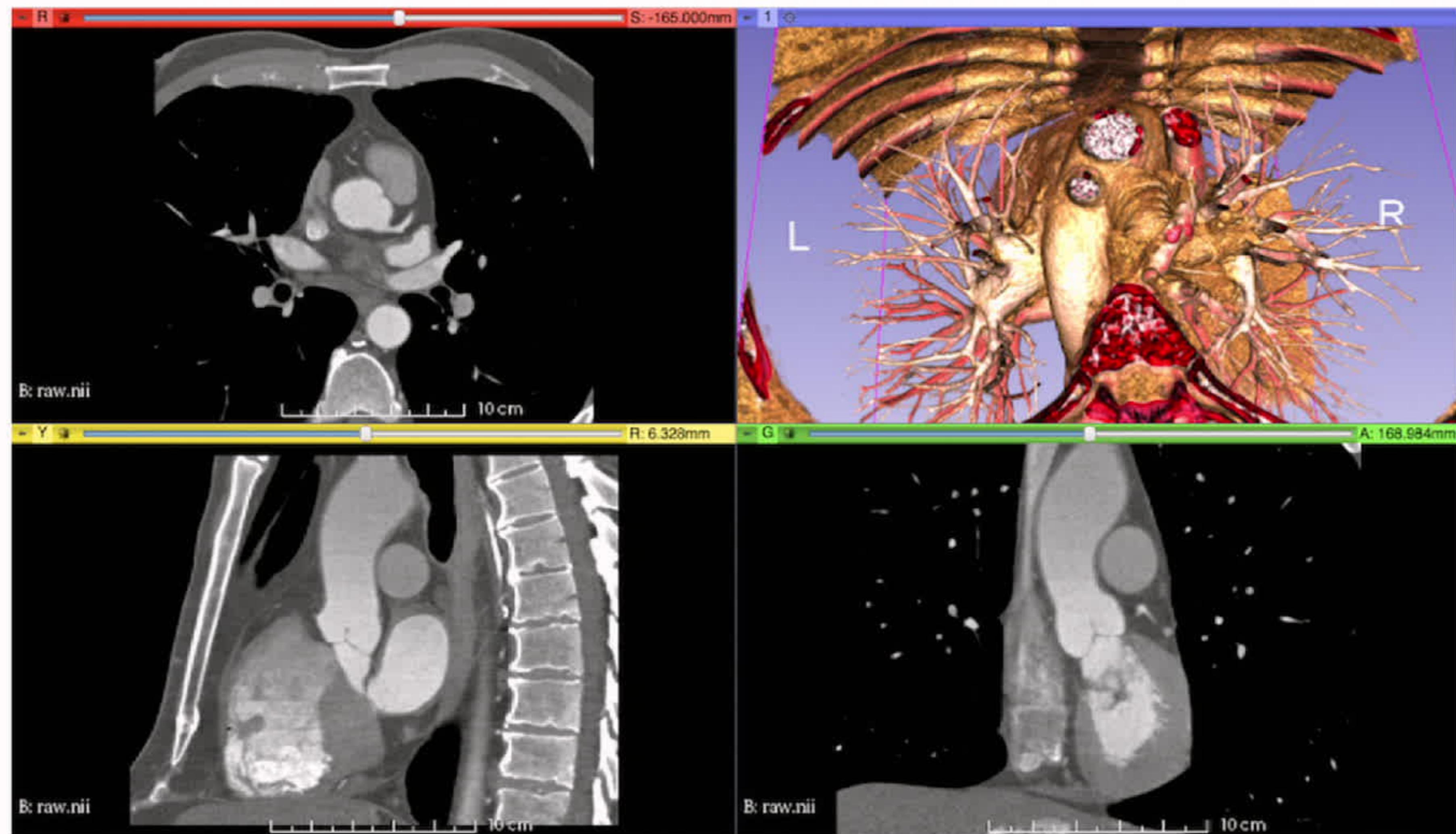
Shashank Acharya, Wenjun Kou, and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)





Shashank Achraya, Wenjun Kou, and Neelesh Patankar (Northwestern)

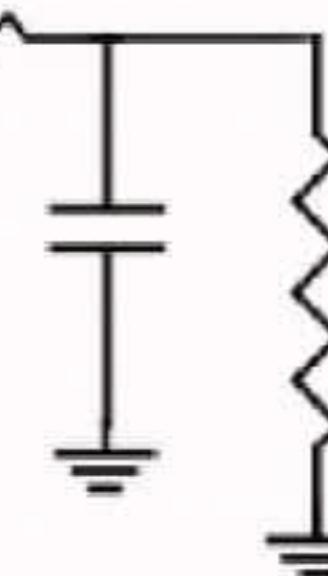




Ali Hasan (UNC-Chapel Hill Undergrad → Duke BME PhD student)
and Tommy Caranasos and John Vavalle (UNC School of Medicine)



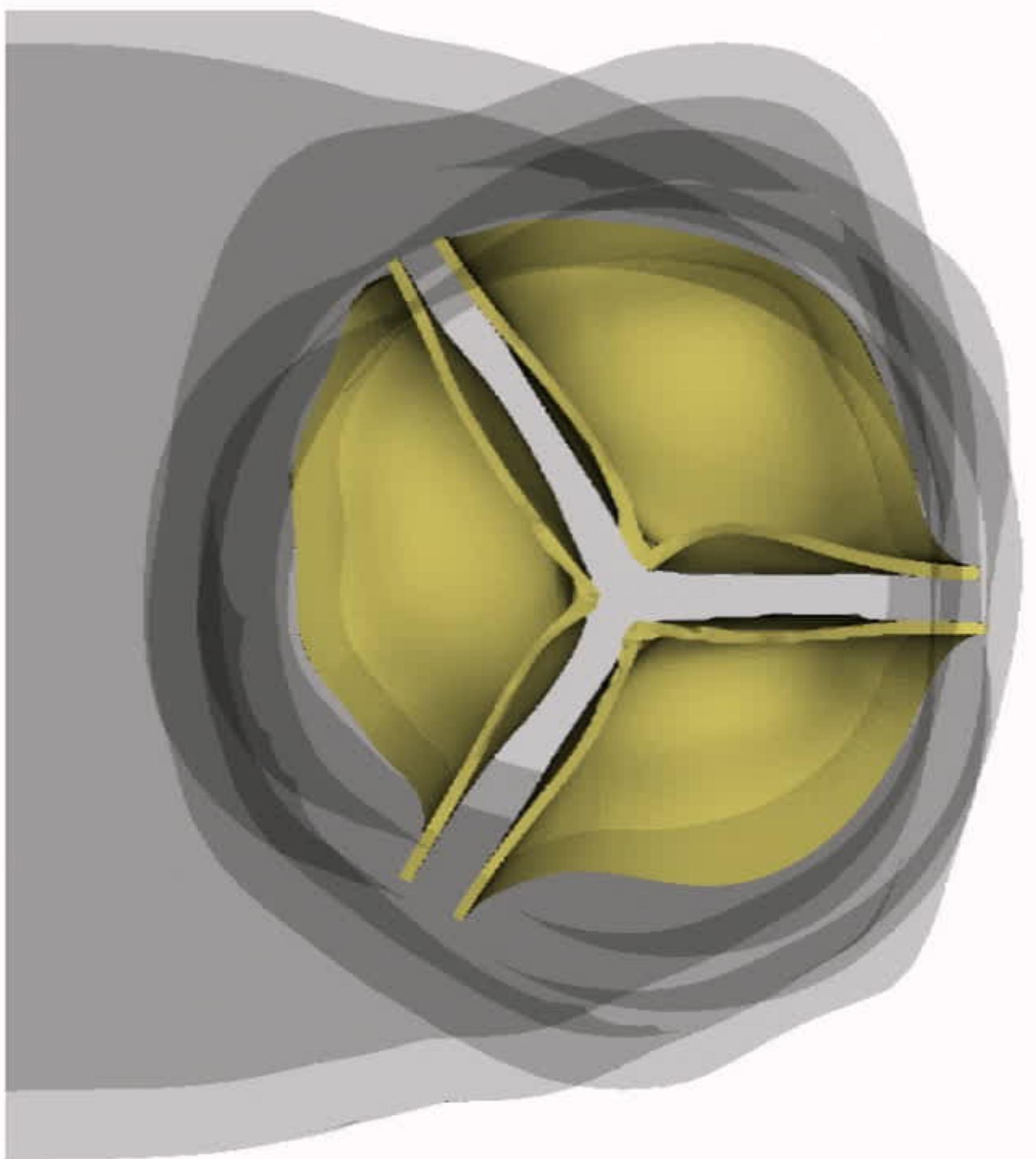
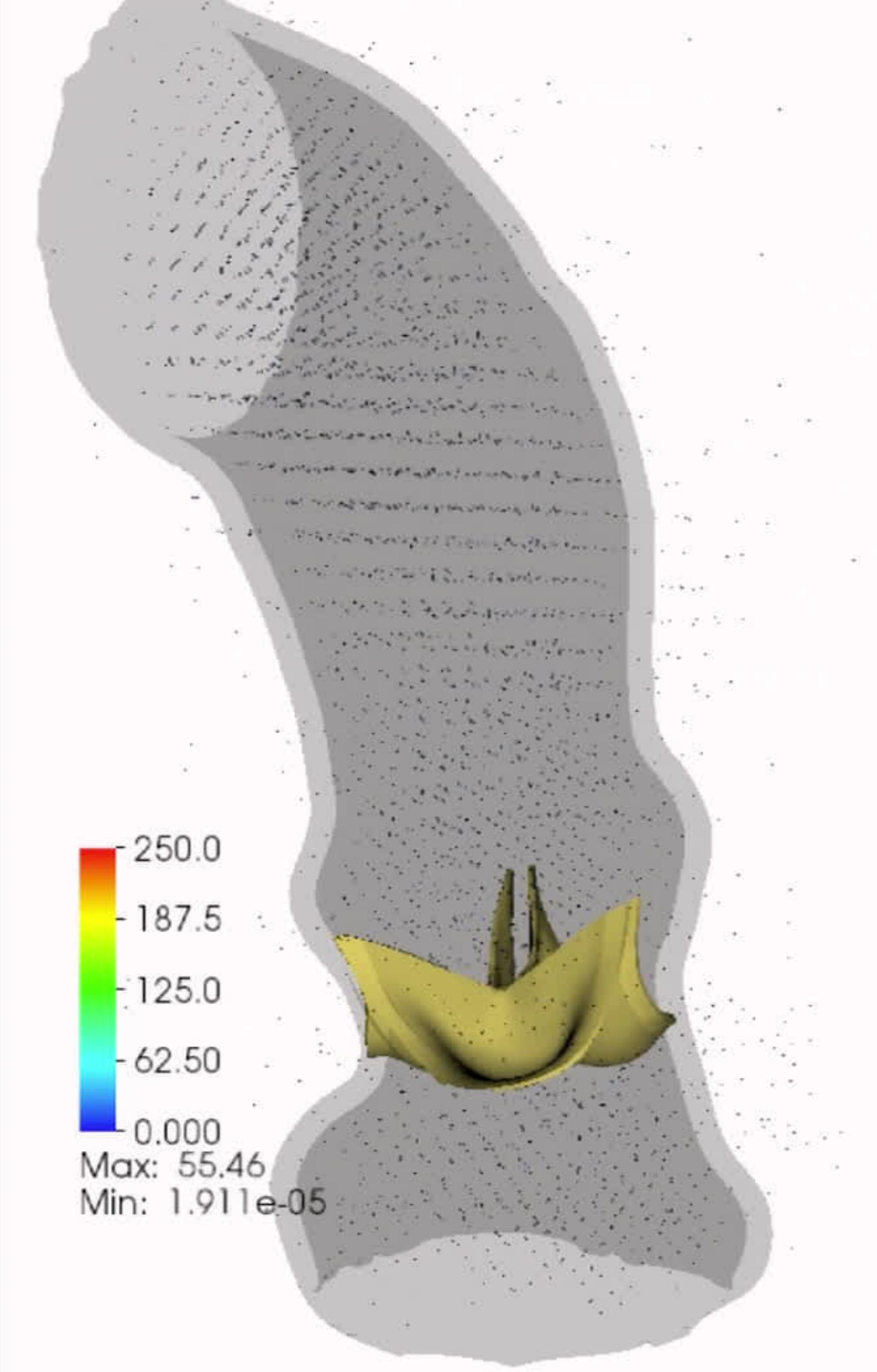
downstream loading via a three-element Windkessel model

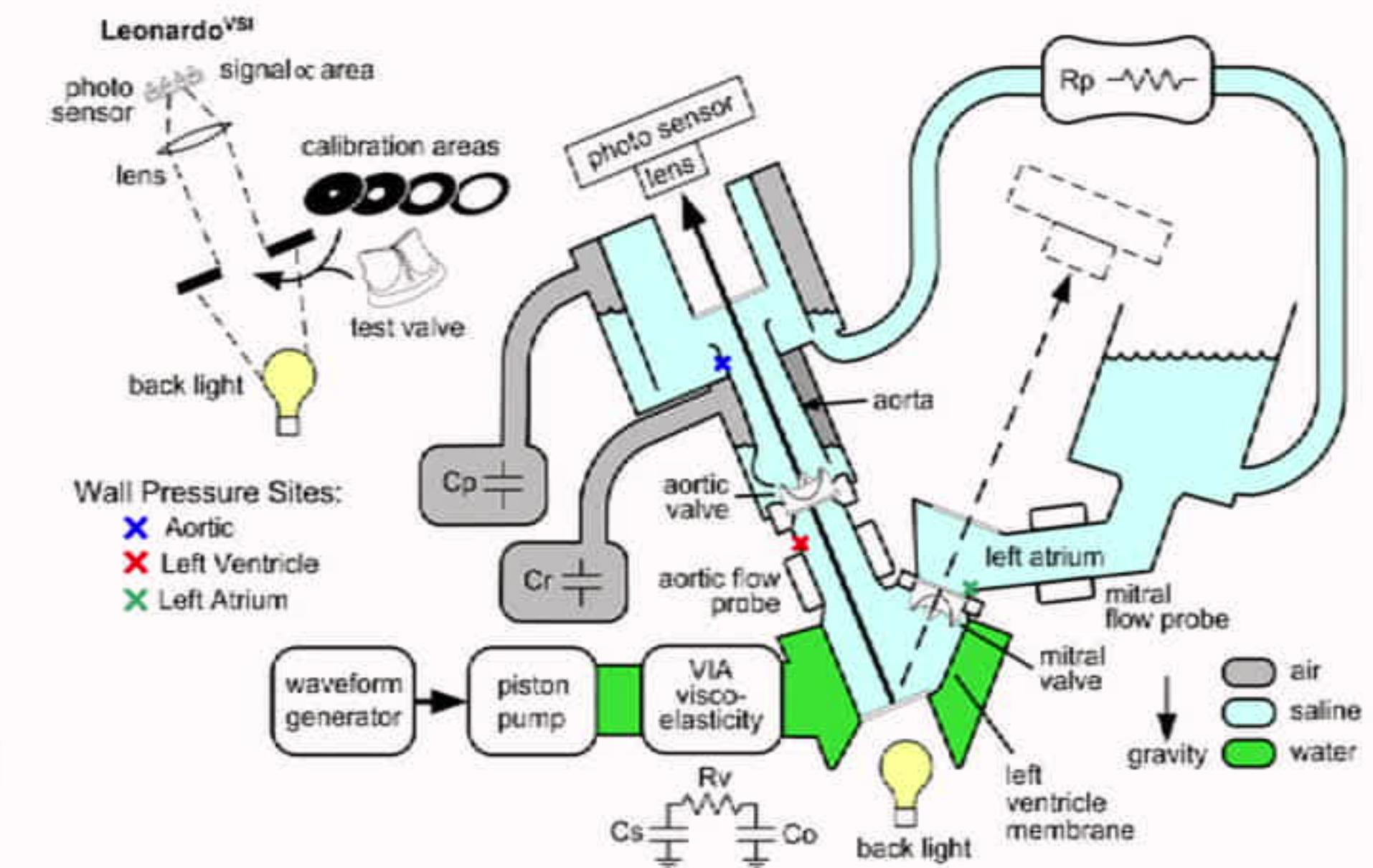


boundary condition models fit to
clinical data from healthy
subjects (Murgo et al., 1980)

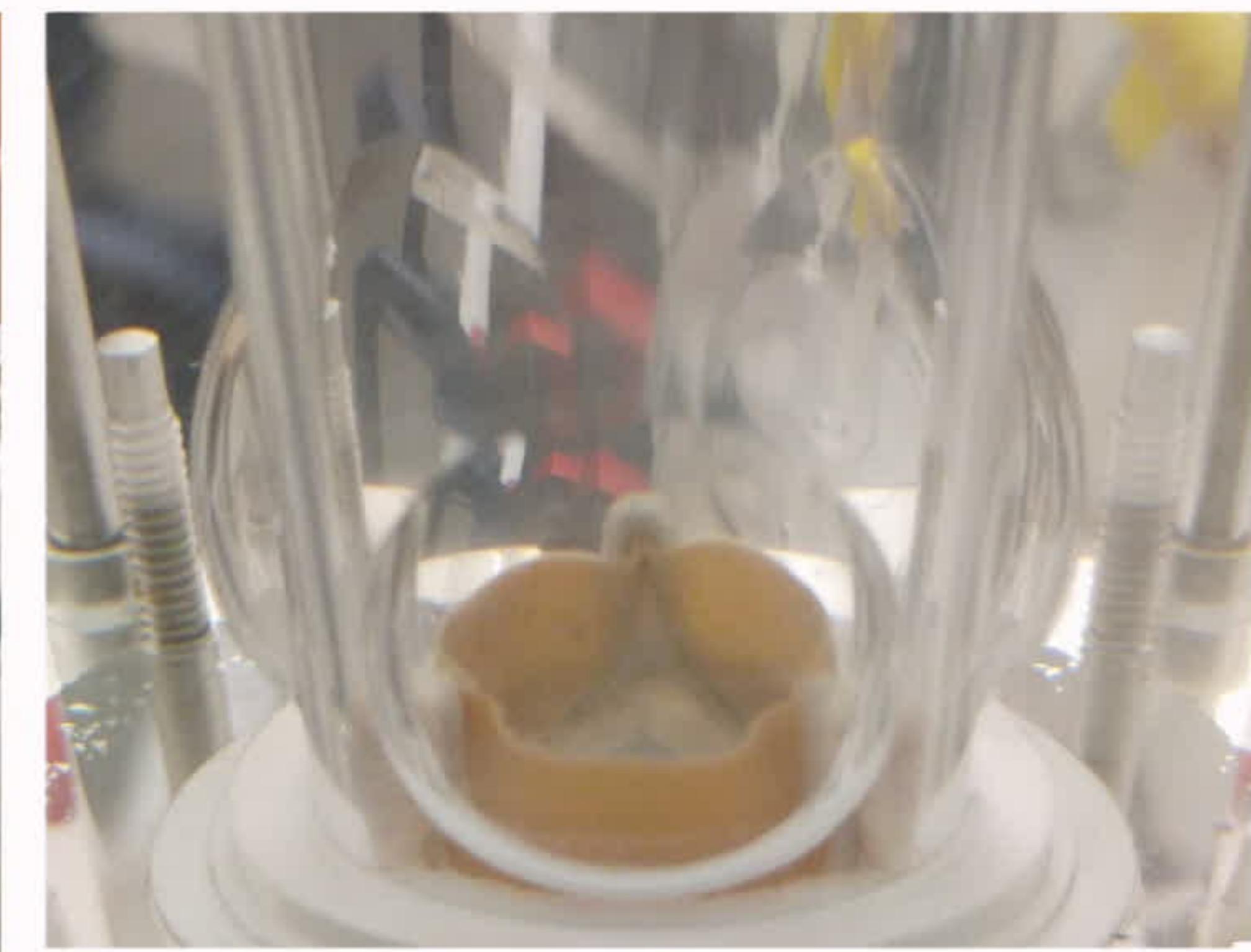
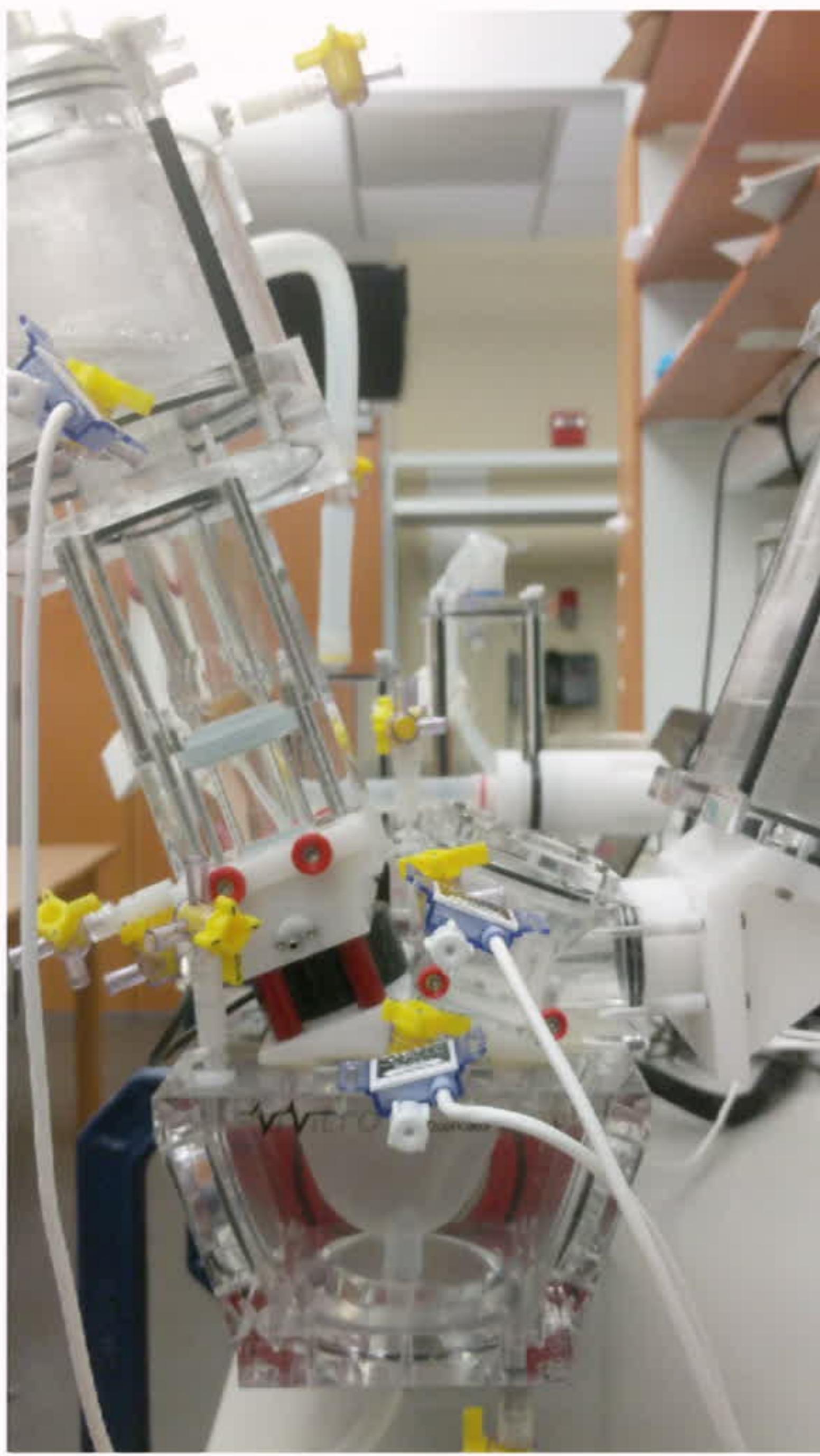


upstream driving via a
prescribed left ventricular
pressure waveform



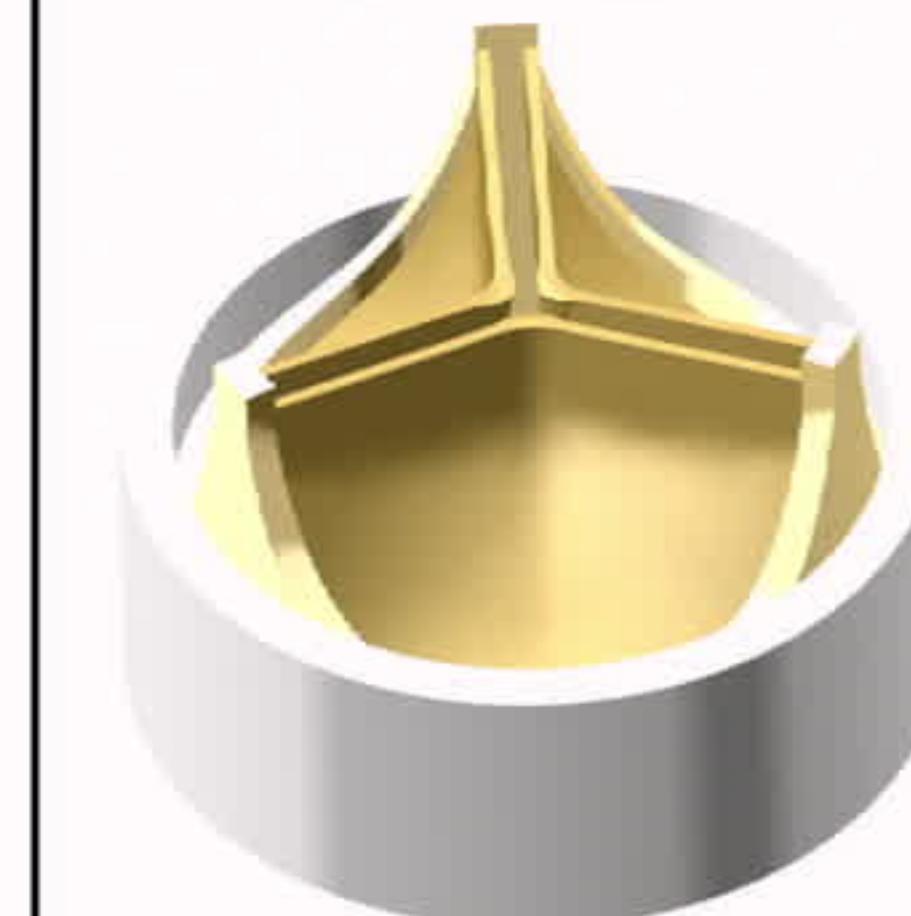
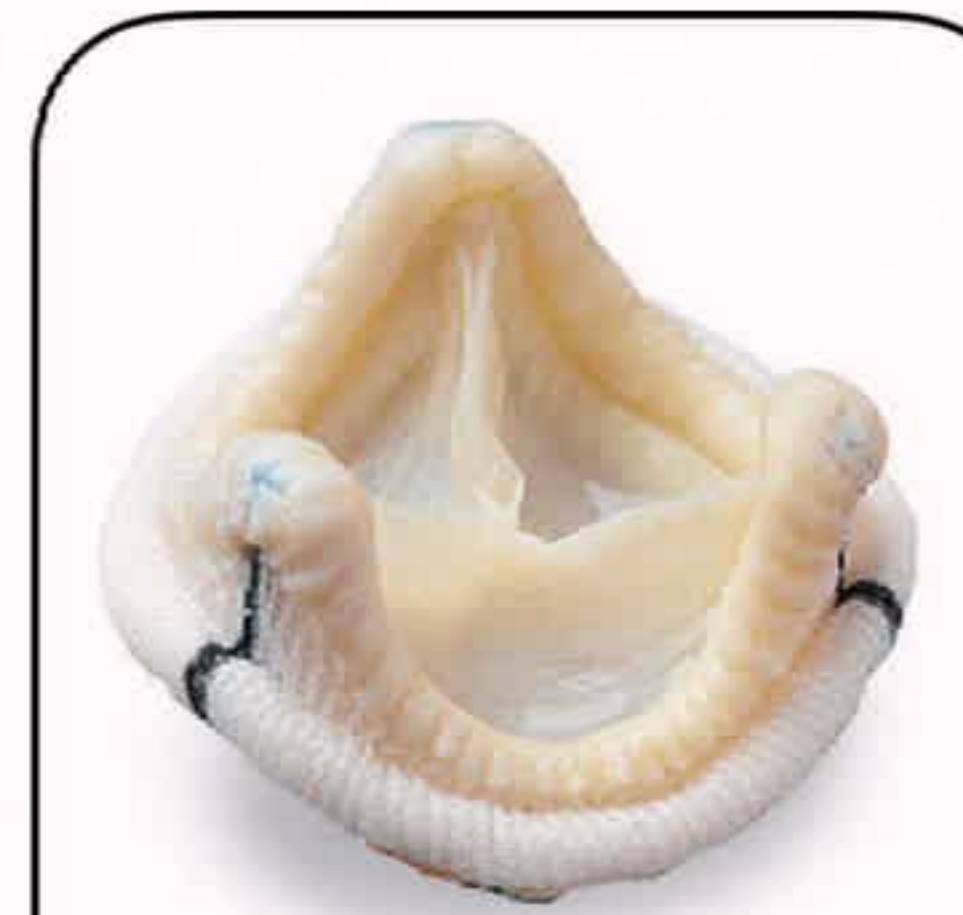




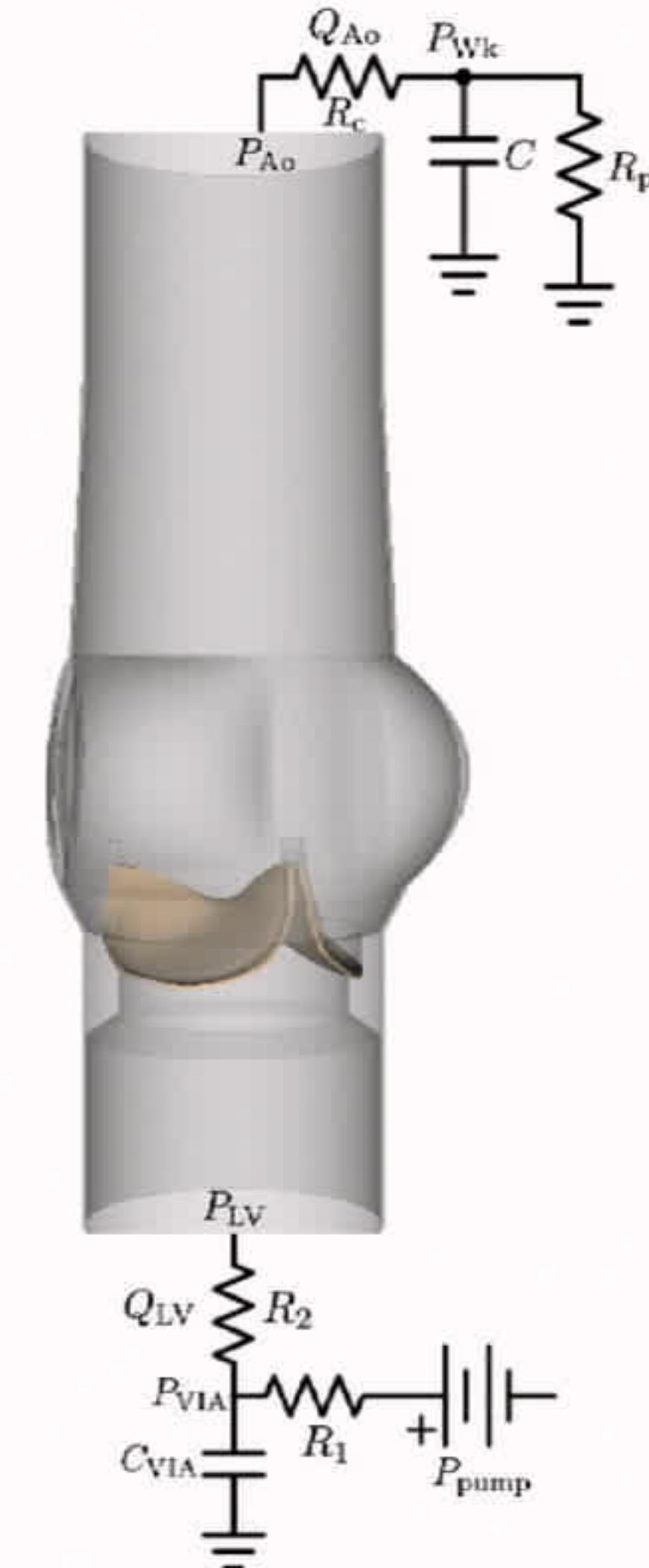




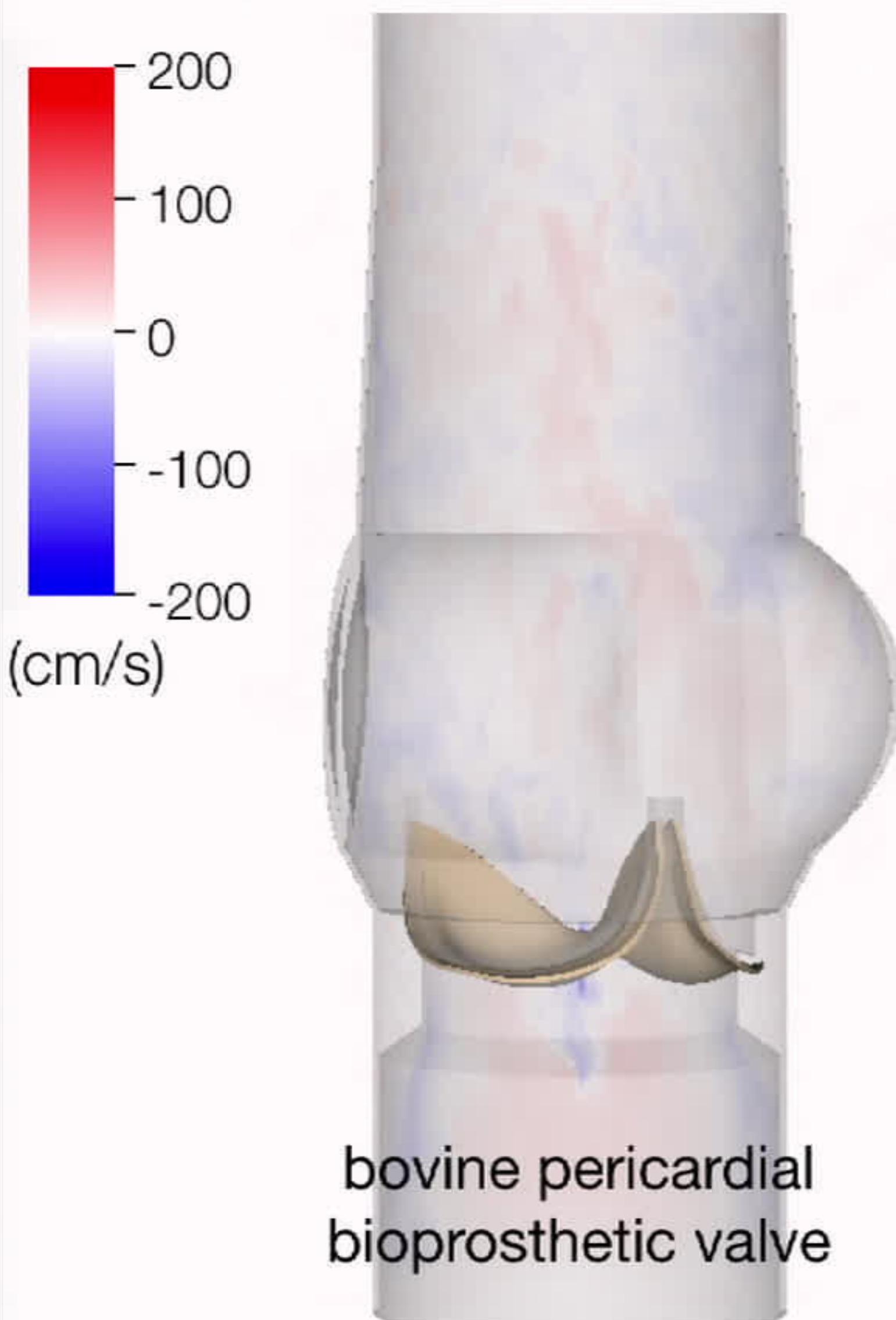
bileaflet mechanical
valve (St. Jude)



porcine bioprosthetic
valve



bioprosthetic valve
in aortic test section



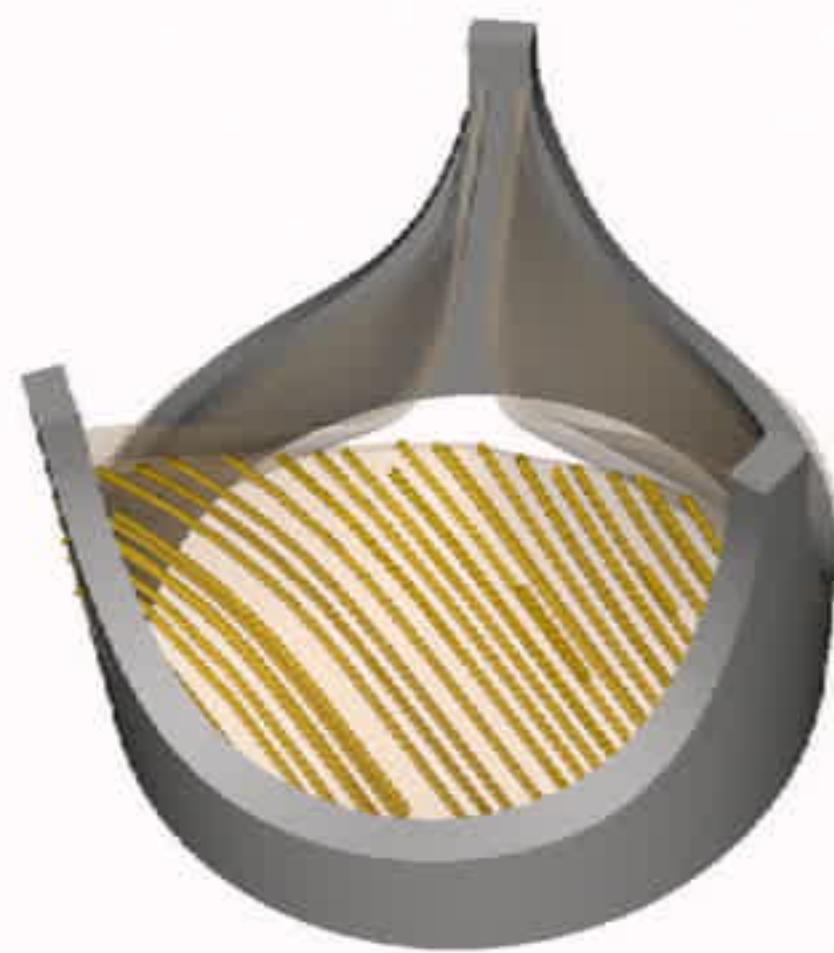
bovine pericardial
bioprosthetic valve



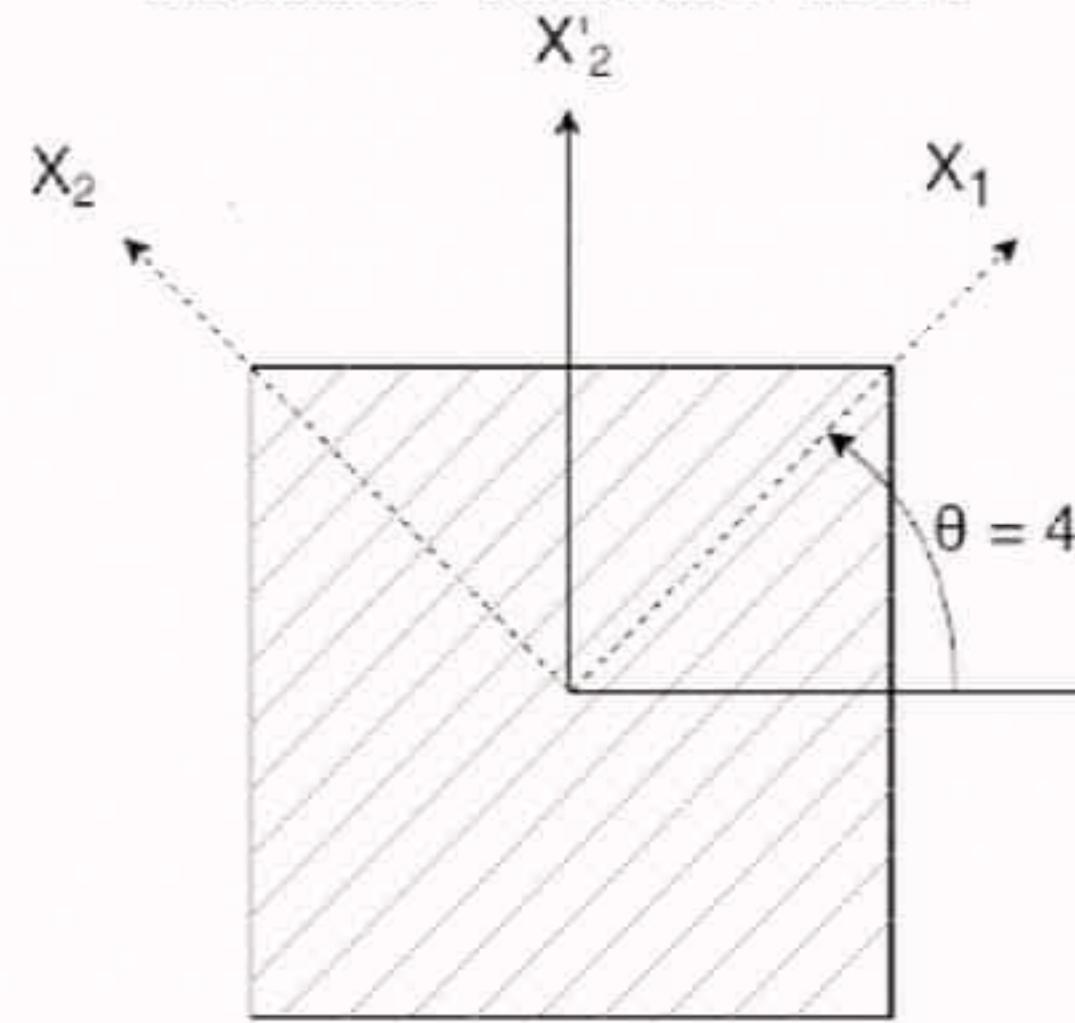
porcine bioprosthetic
valve

Larry Scotten (LNS Consulting), Mike Lee and Robert Hunt (UNC-Chapel Hill),
Amin Kolahdouz (UNC-Chapel Hill and FDA), and Brent Craven (FDA) and co-workers

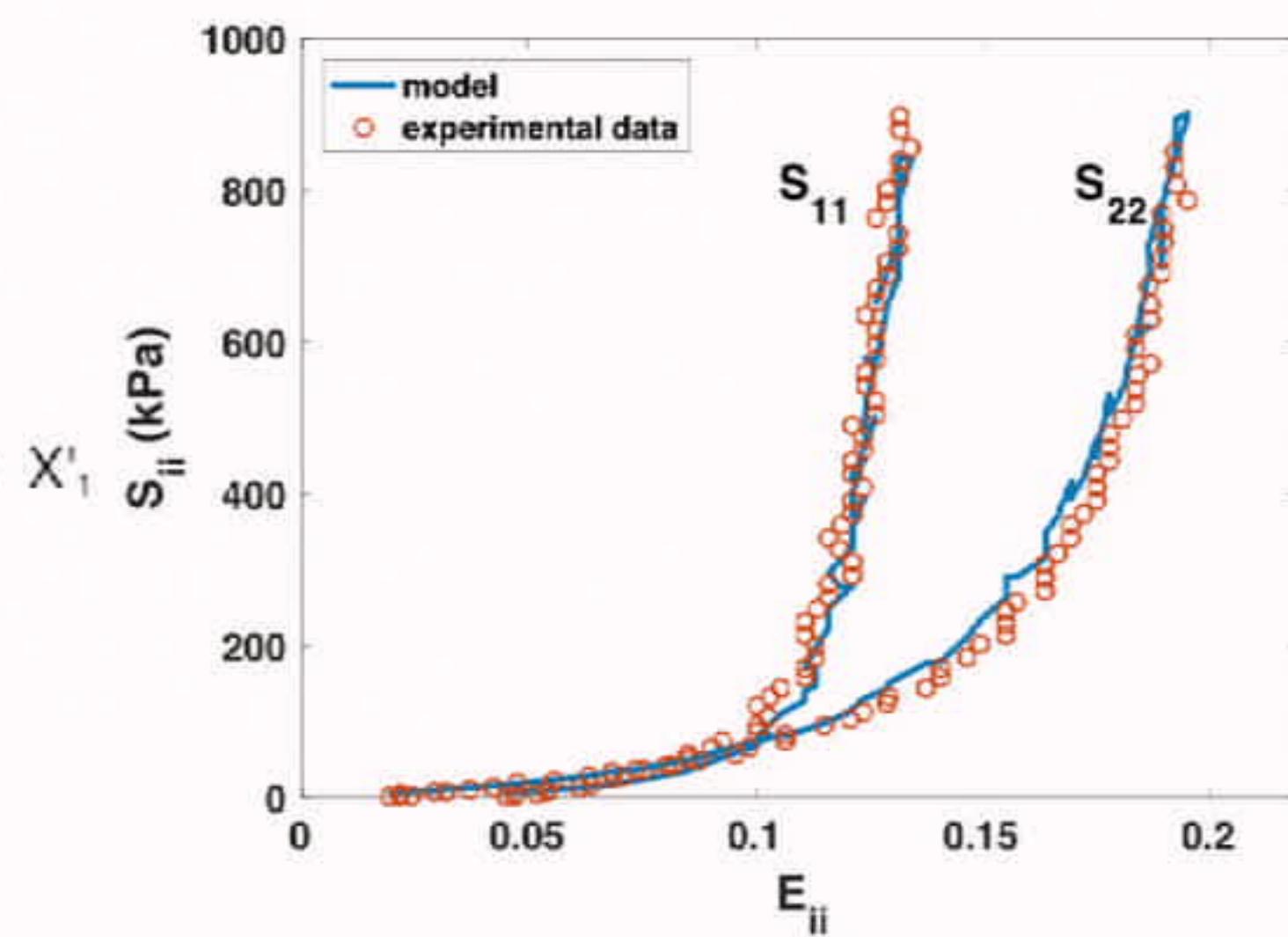
bovine pericardial bioprosthetic valve



biaxial tensile test



model fit



Data by Duraiswamy from
Kim et al., *Ann Biomed Eng*, 2007

Constitutive model:

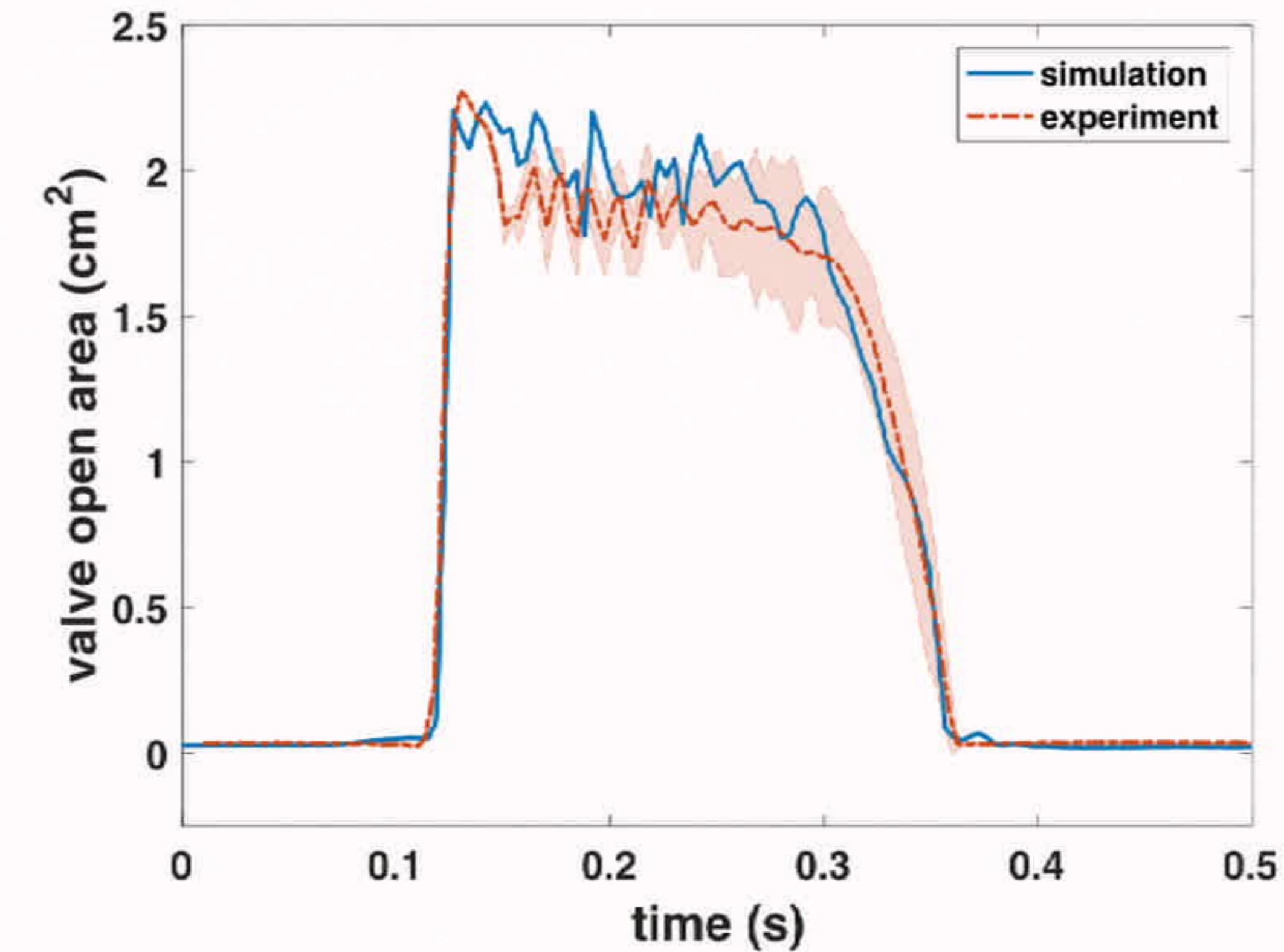
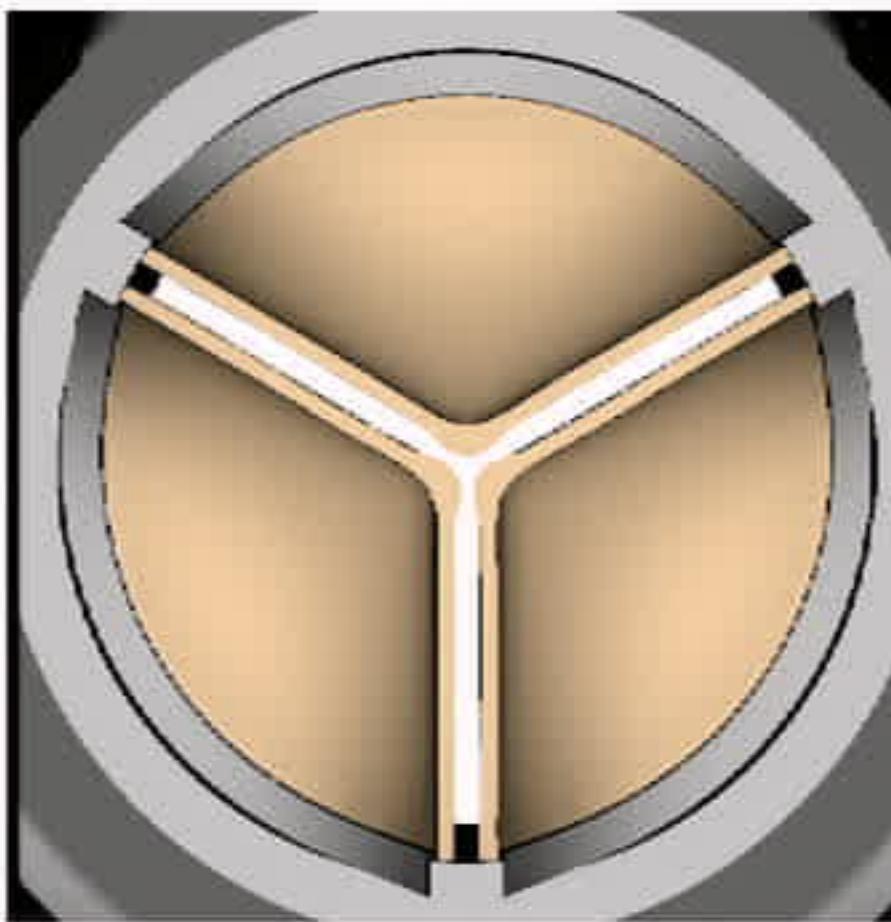
$$W = W_{\text{matrix}} + W_{\text{fiber}}$$

$$W_{\text{matrix}} = \frac{a}{2b} \left\{ \exp[b(I_1 - 3)] - 1 \right\}$$

$$W_{\text{fiber}} = \frac{c}{2d} \left\{ \exp[d(\kappa I_1 + (1 - 3\kappa)I_4 - 1)^2] - 1 \right\}$$

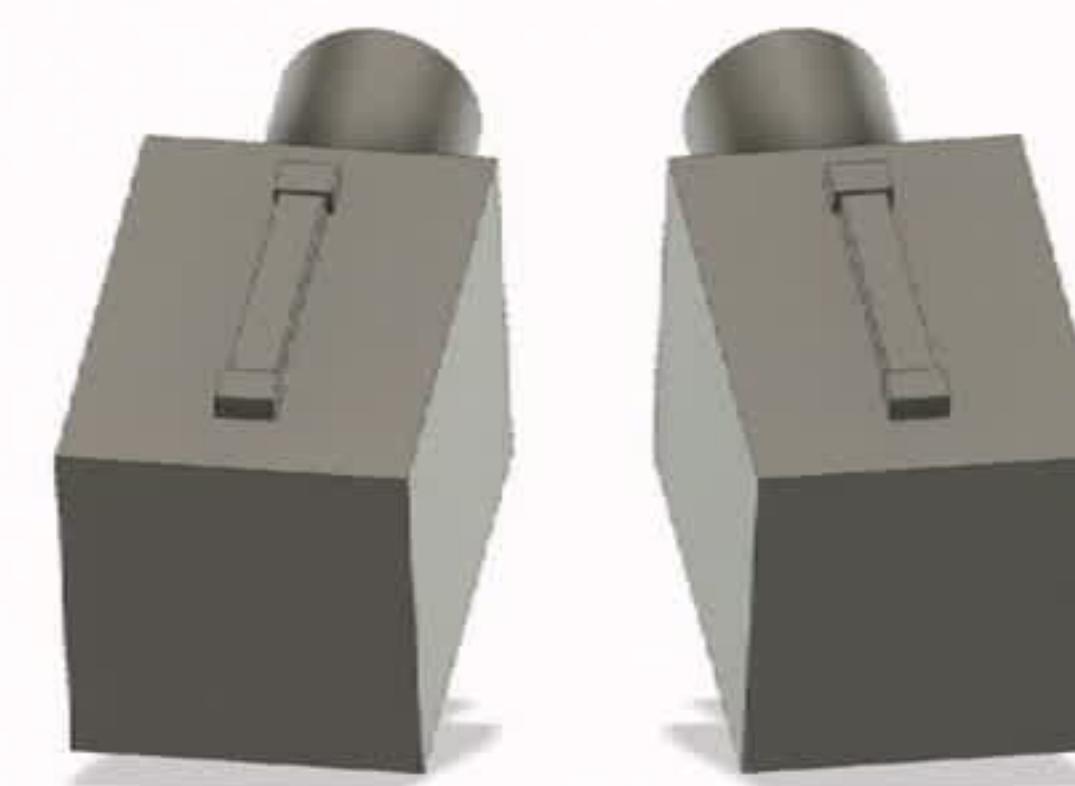
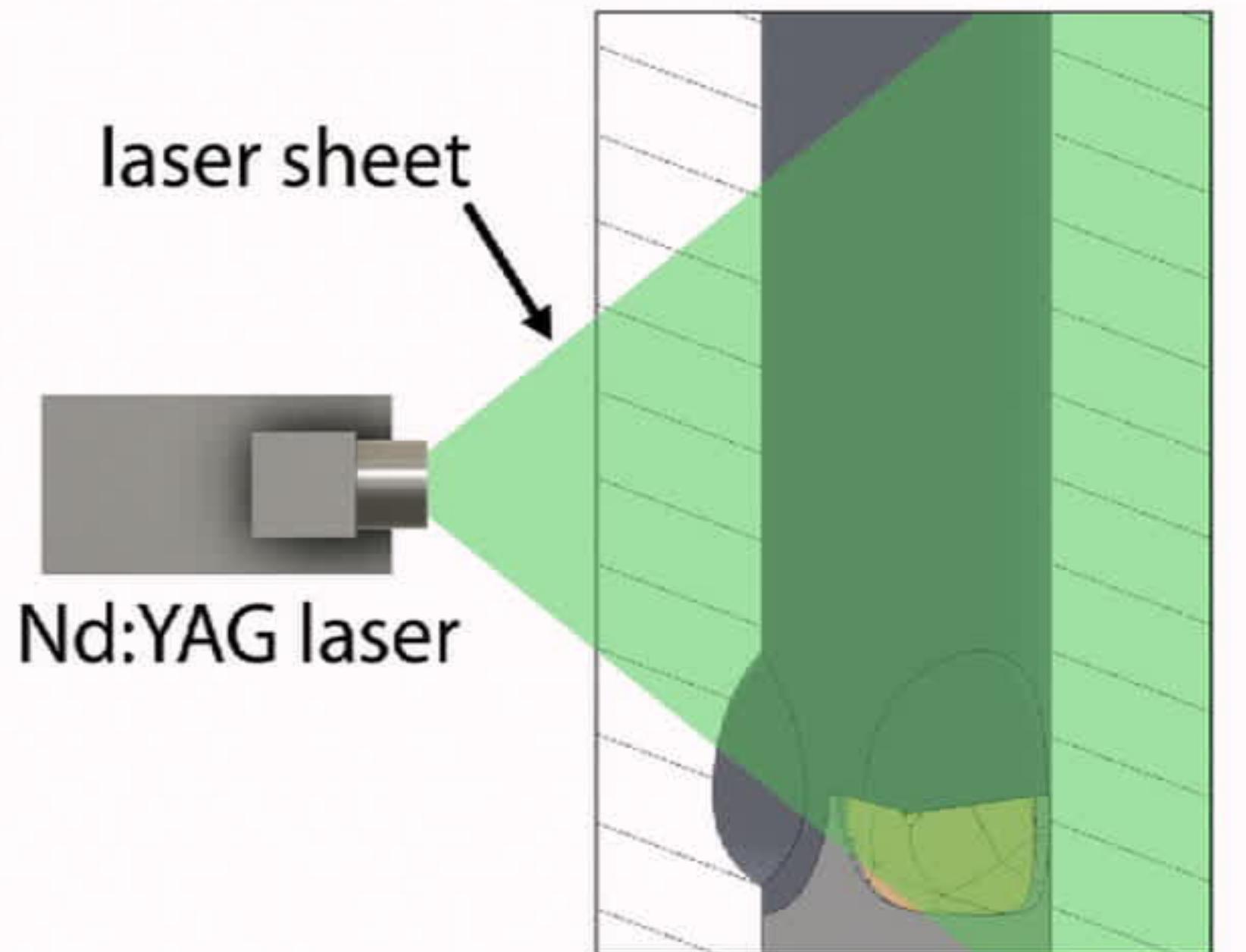
- $I_1 = \text{tr}(\mathbb{F}^T \mathbb{F})$
- $I_4 = \lambda_f^2$ is squared fiber stretch
- κ describes fiber dispersion

Porcine bioprosthetic valve: Comparing computational and experimental dynamics

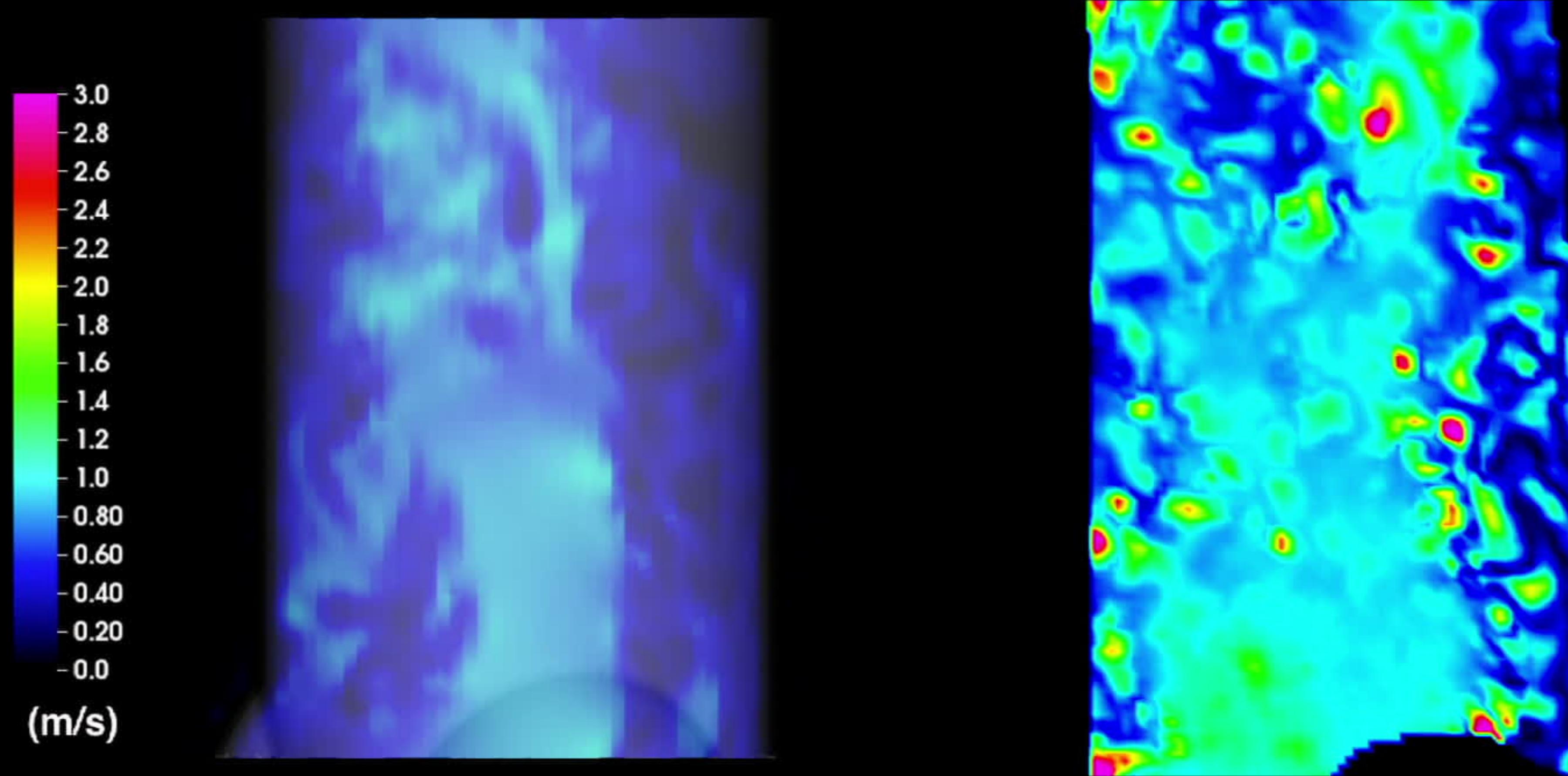


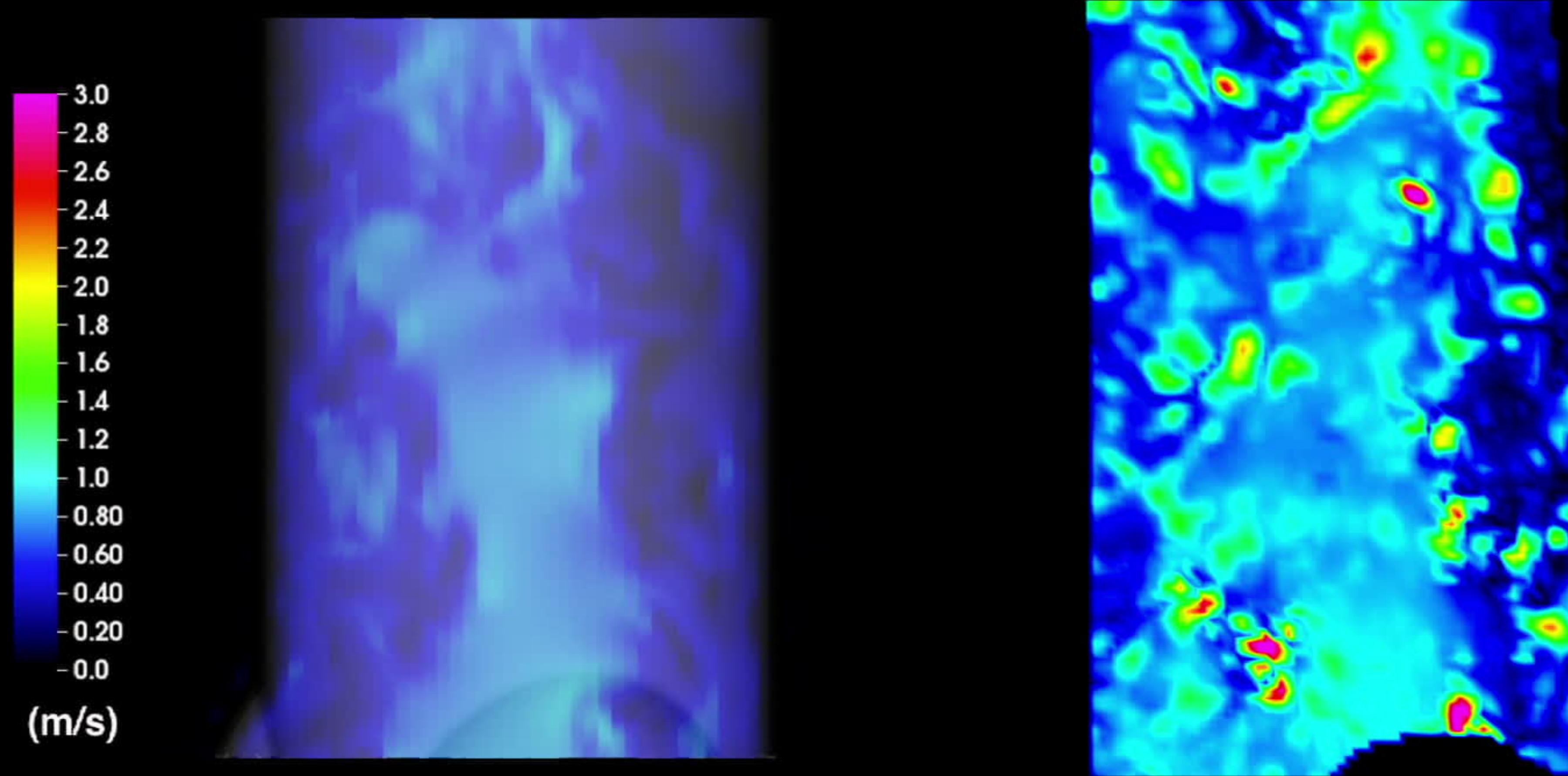
Scatter in leaflet kinematic quantification
reflects complex flow dynamics.

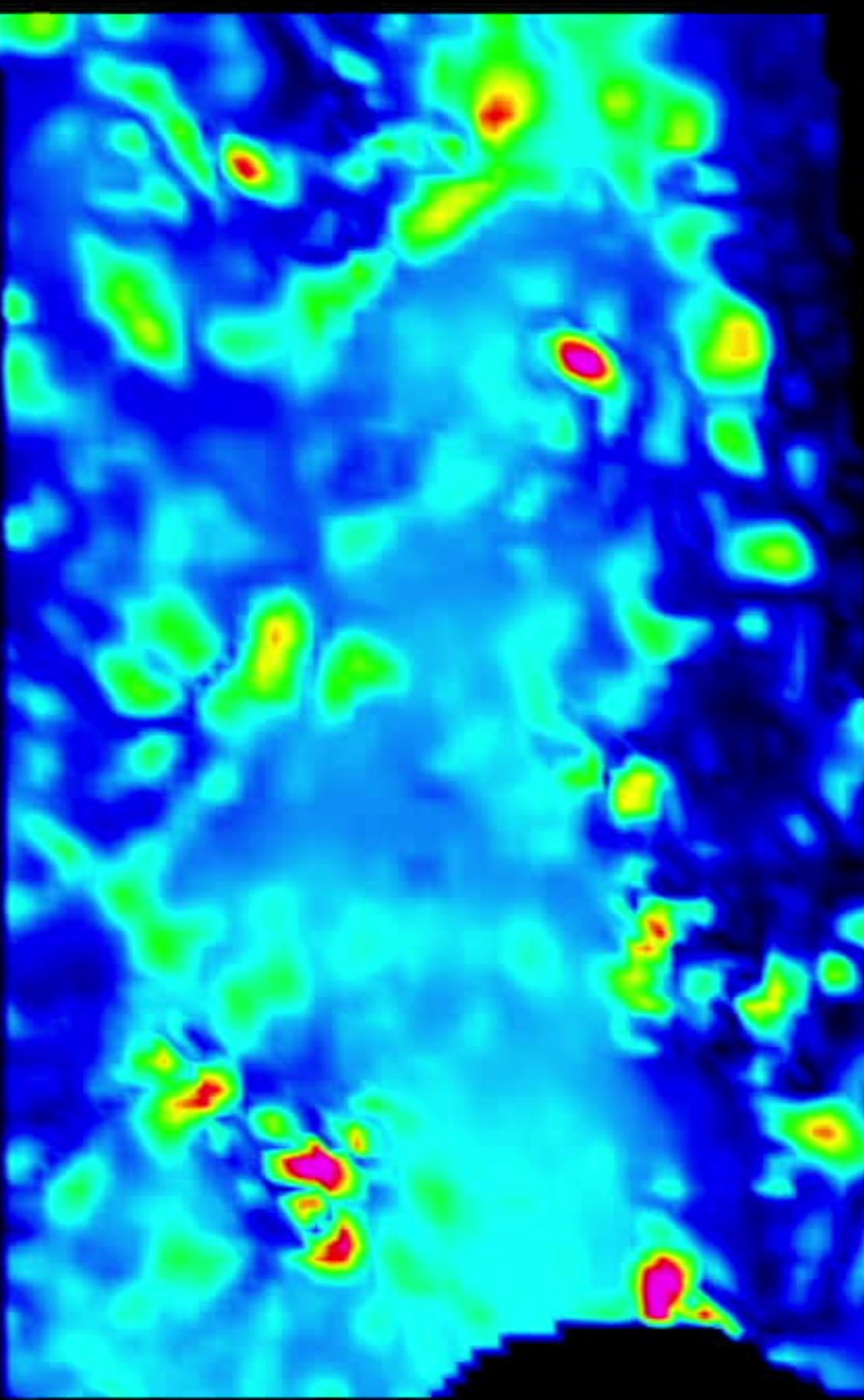
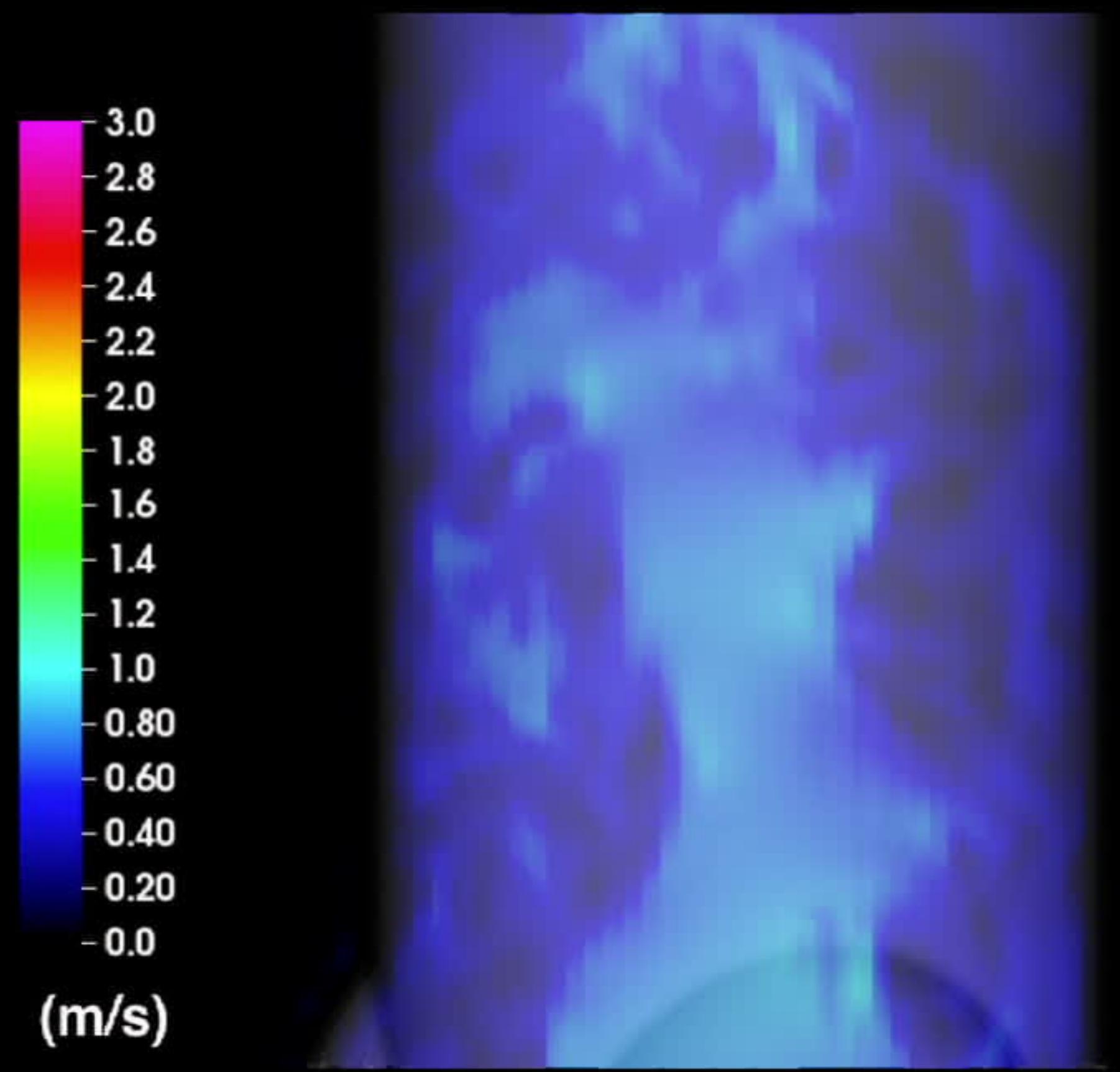
Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV)

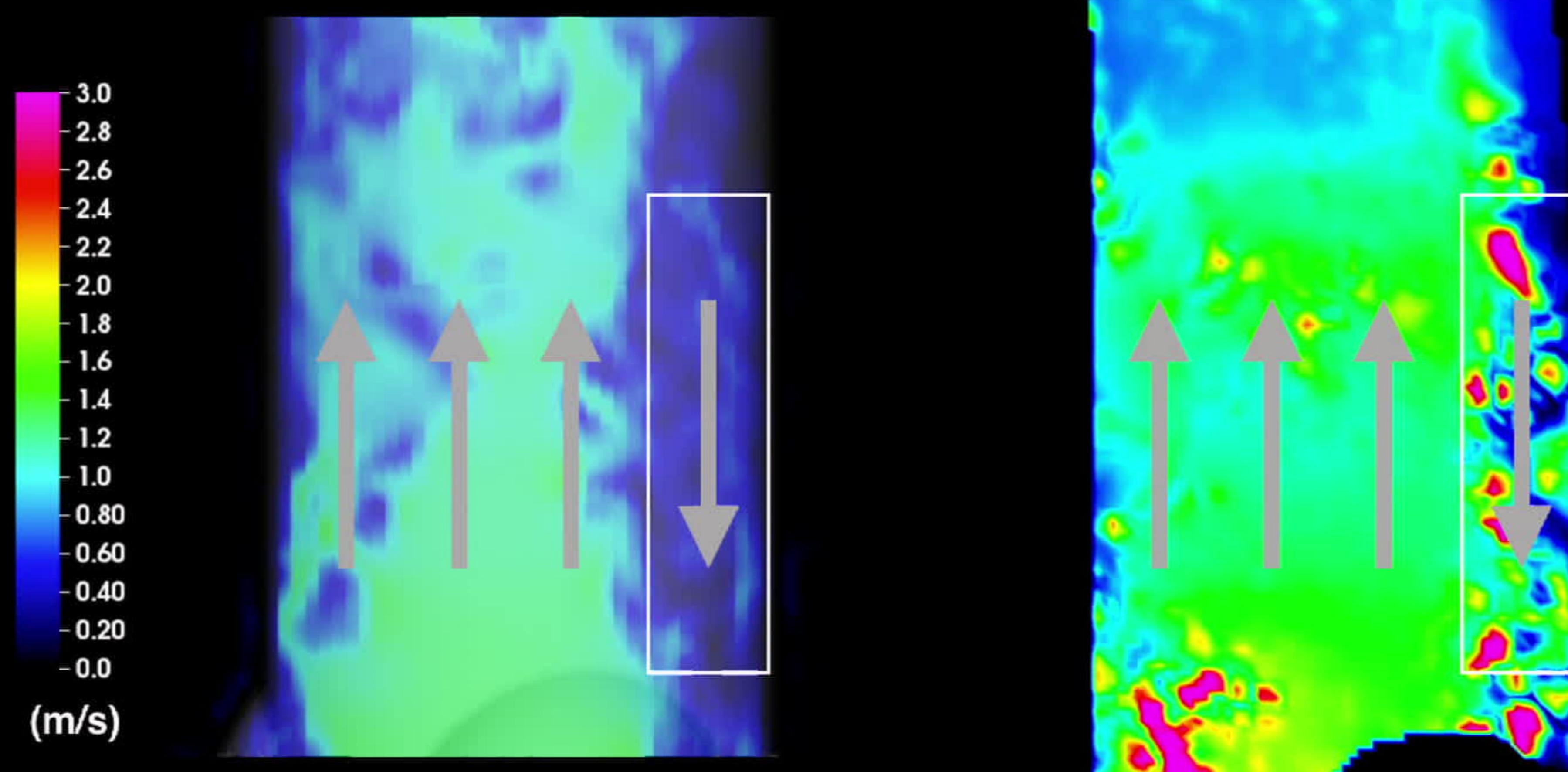


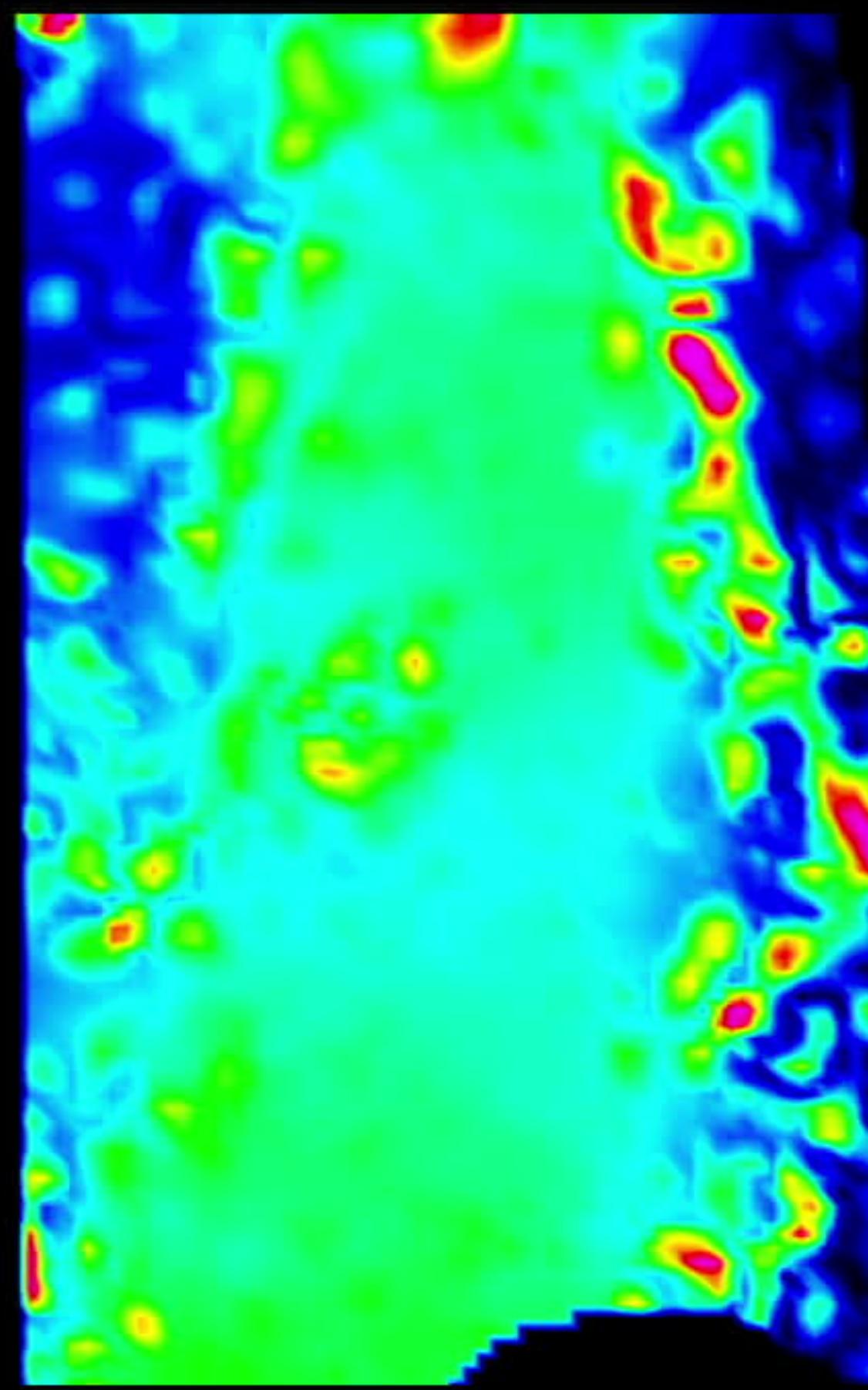
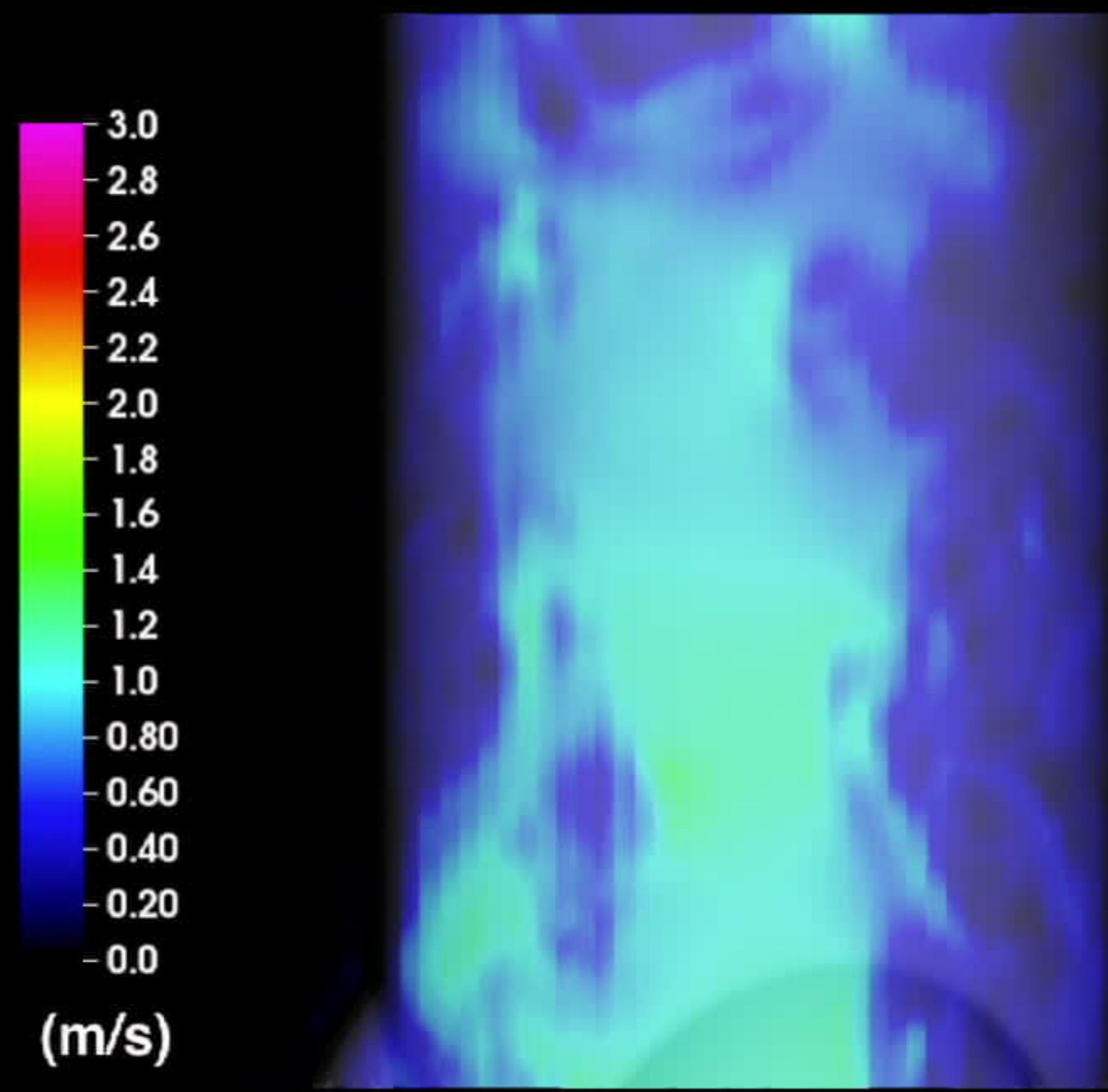
PIV cameras

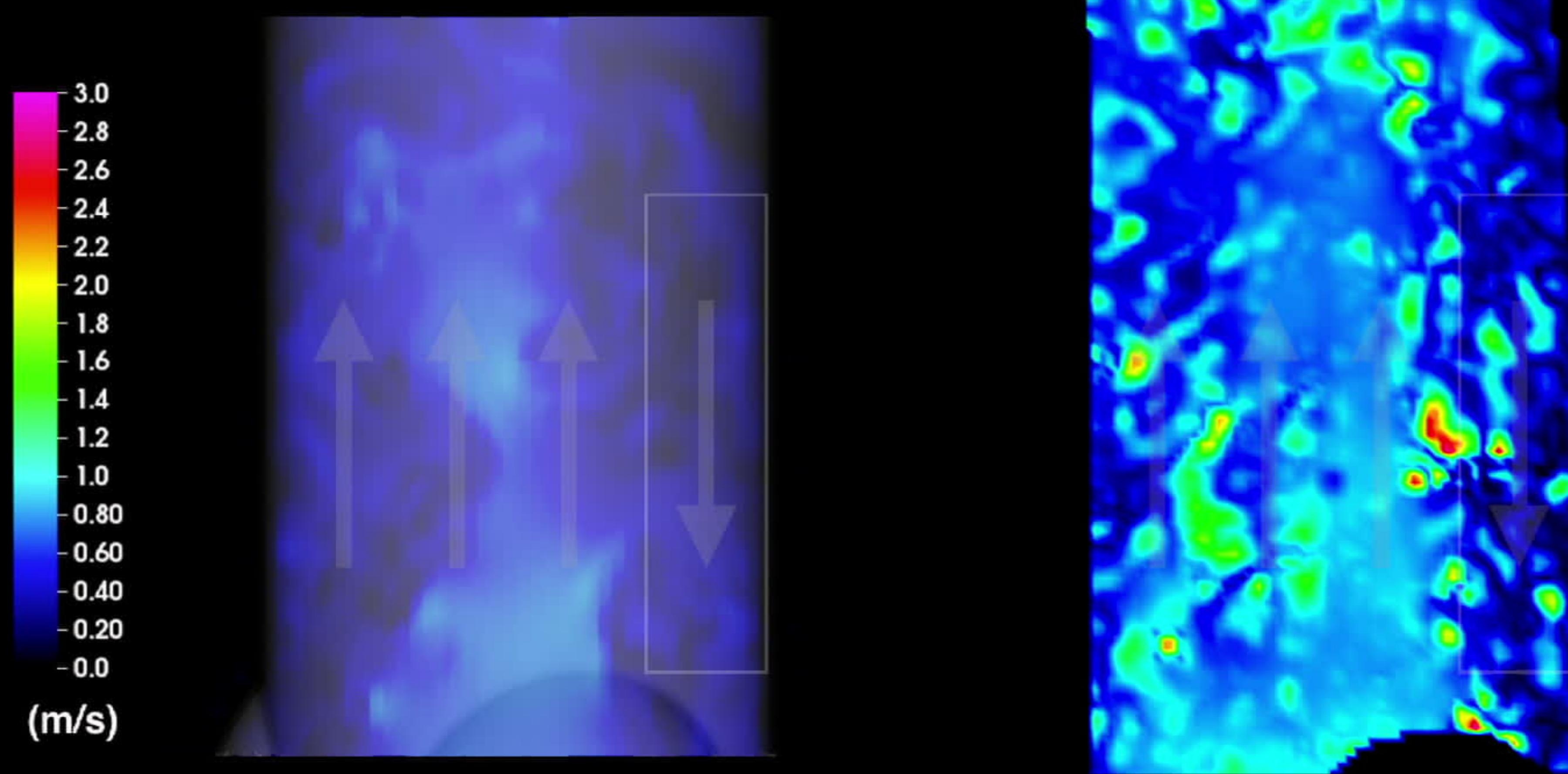


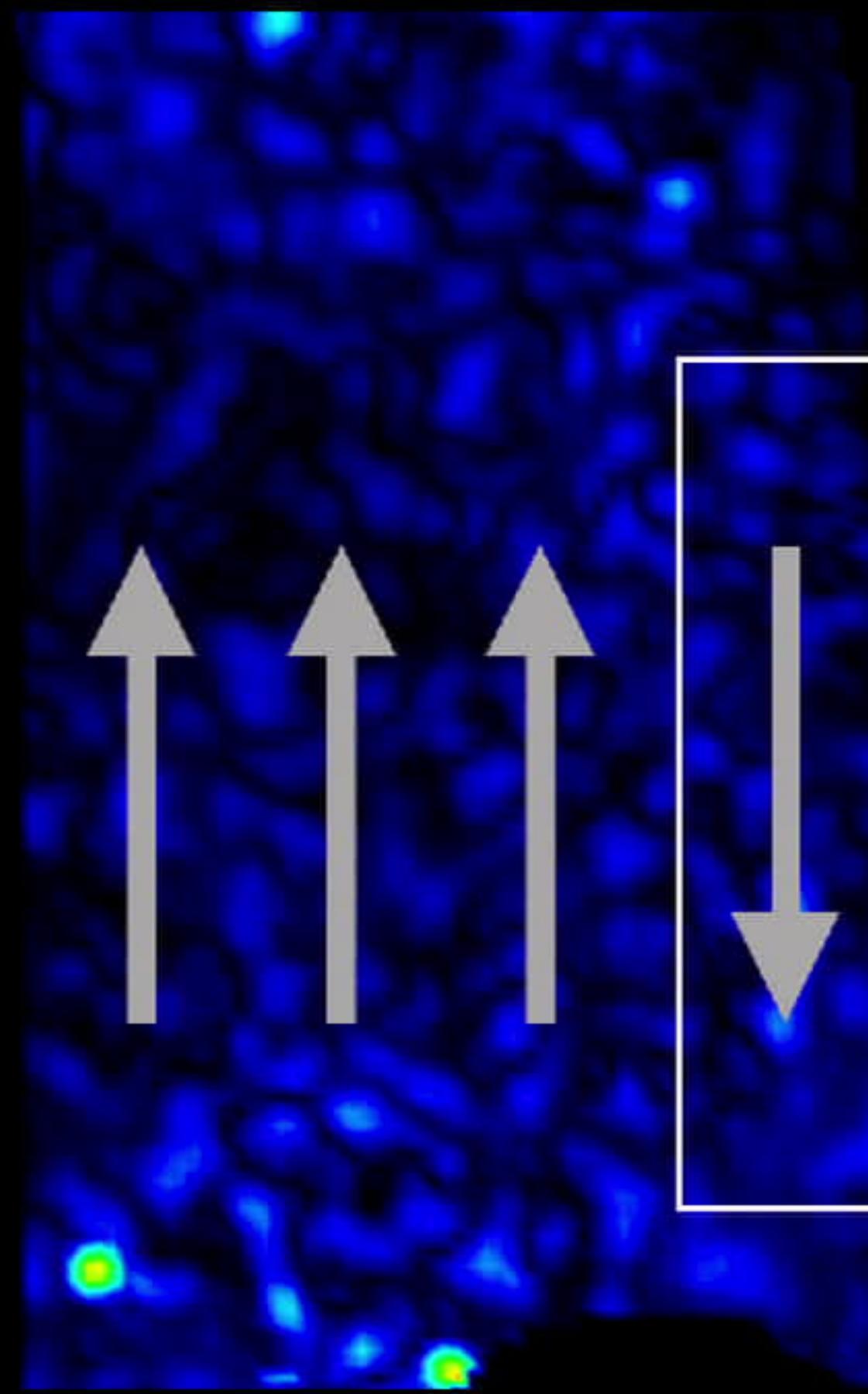
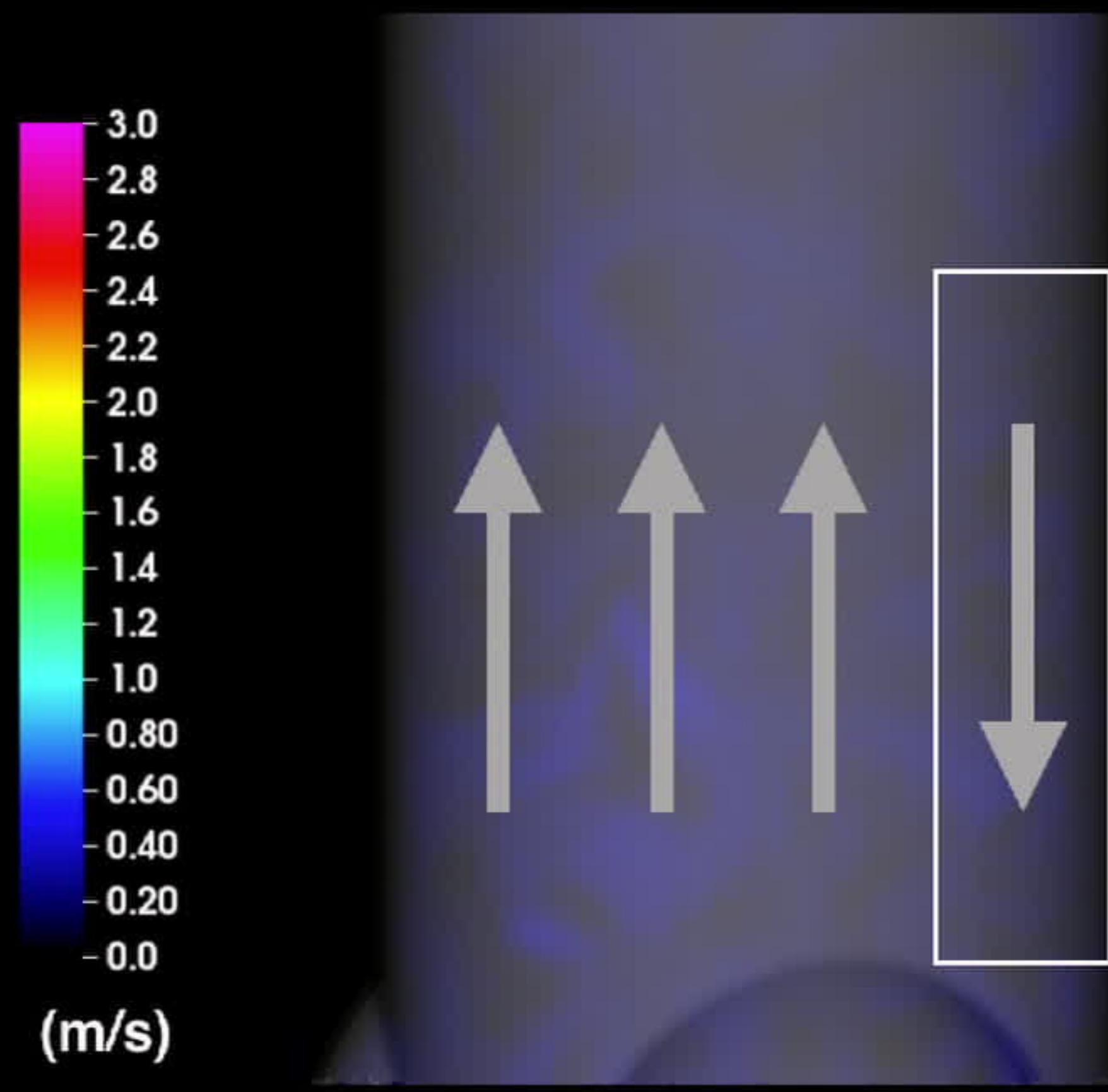


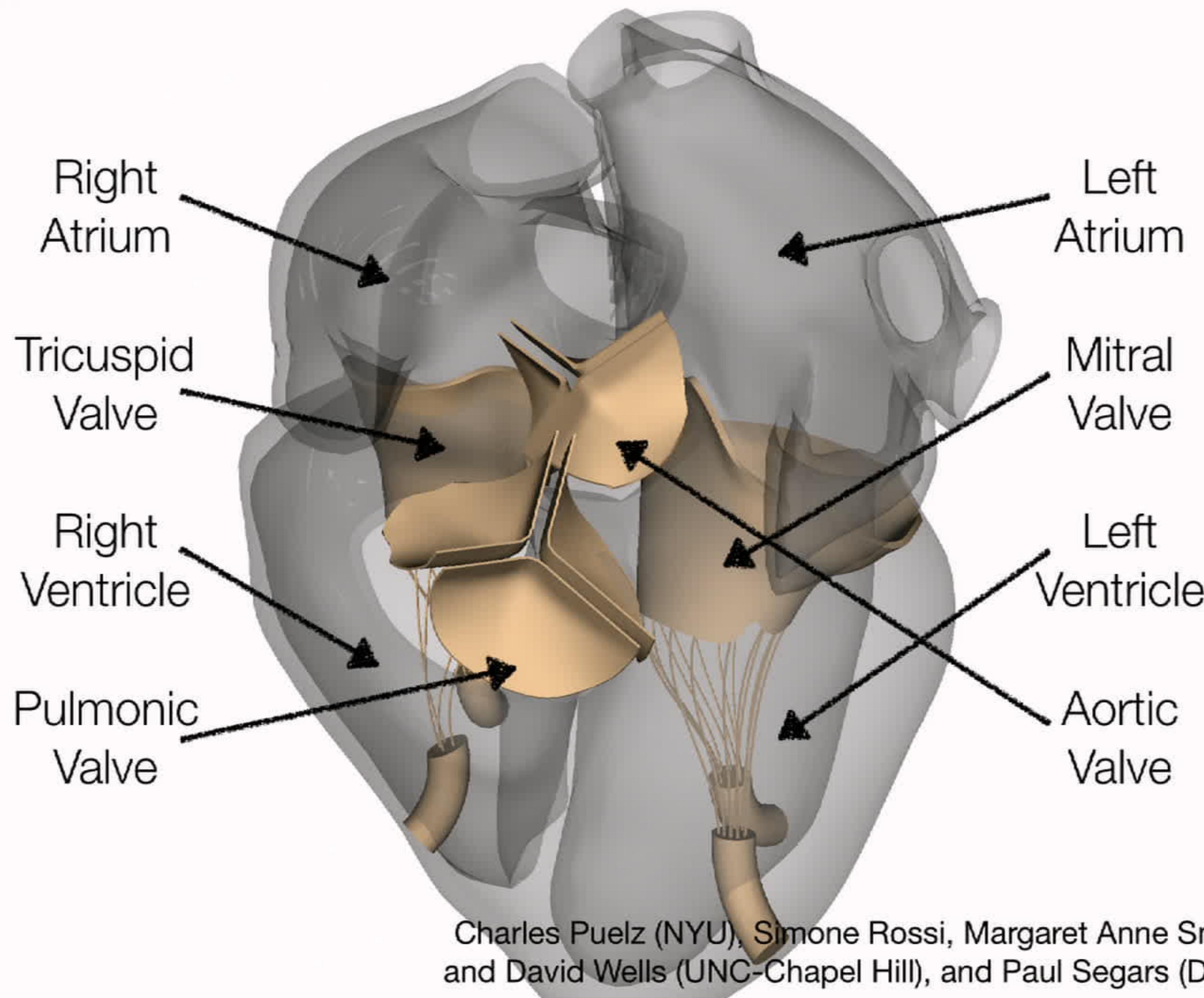




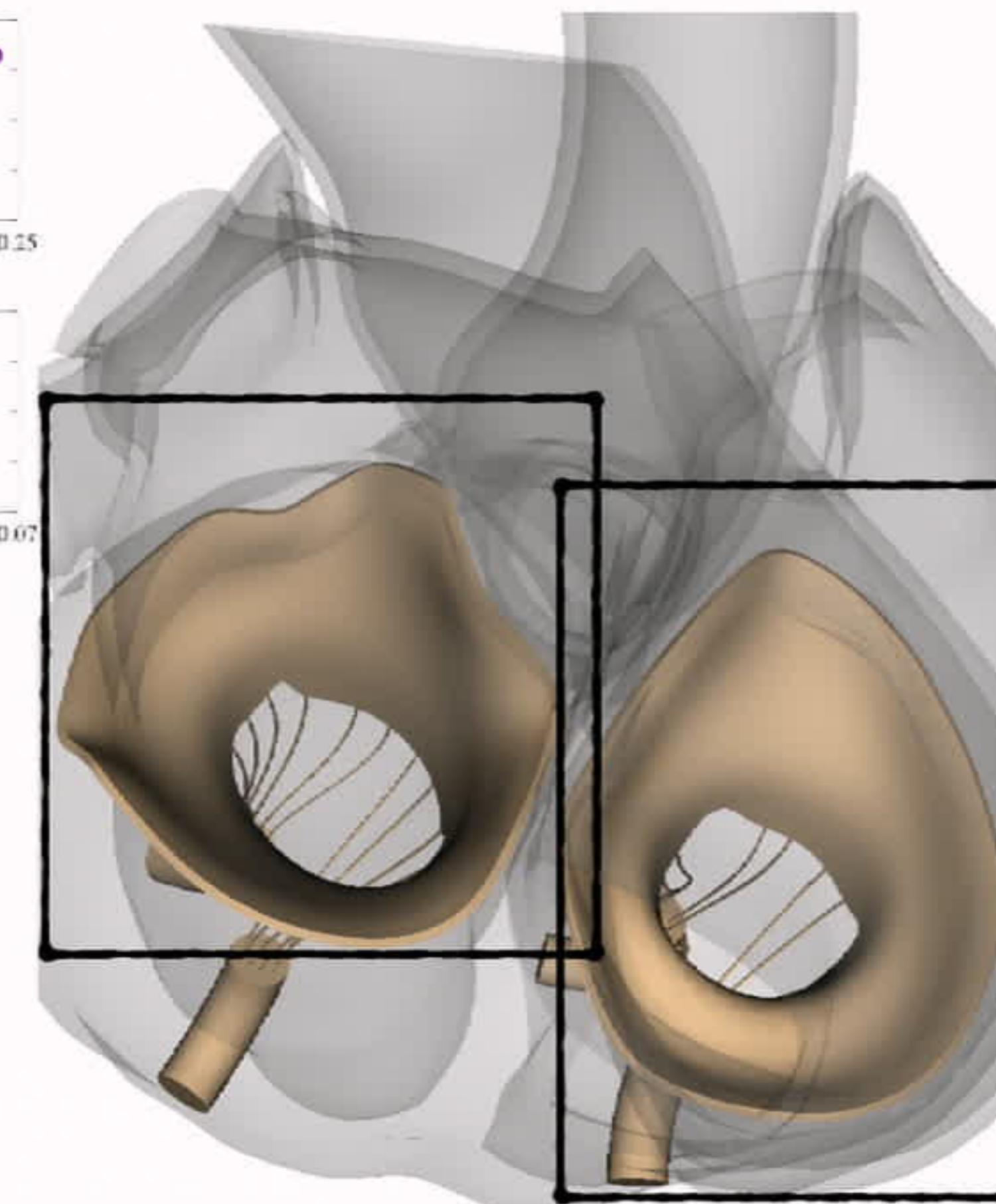
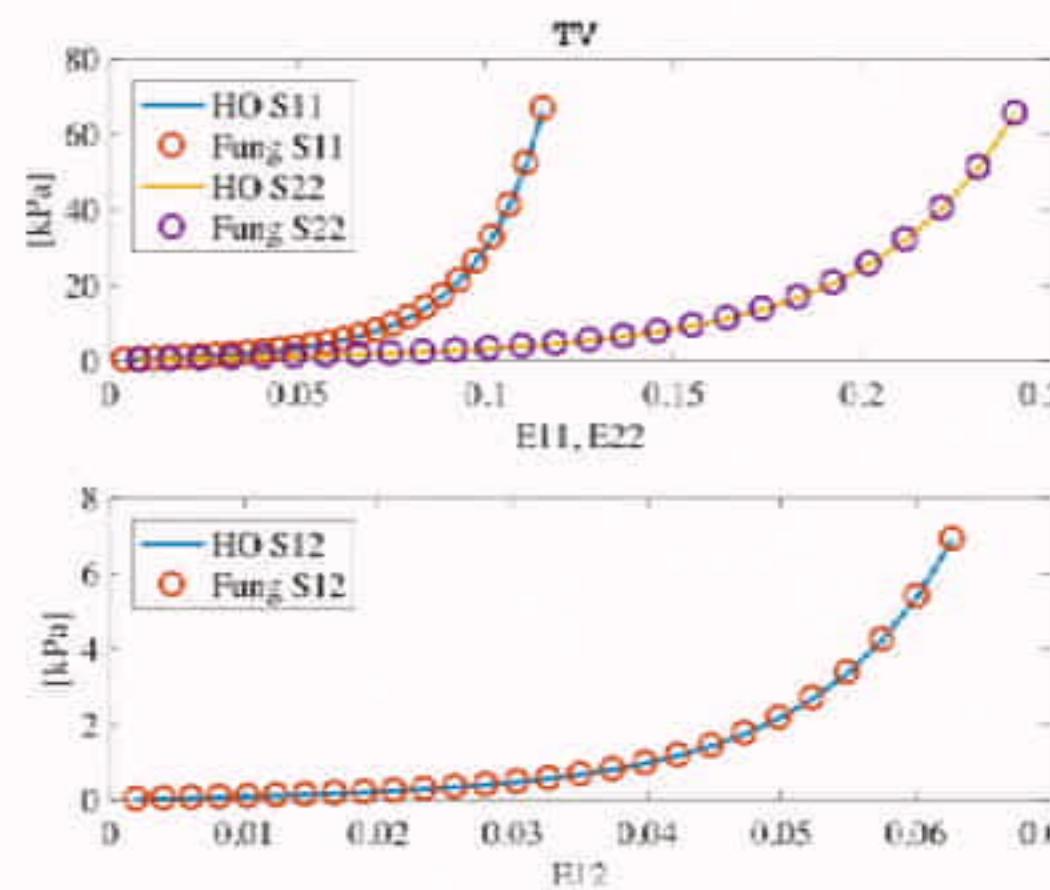




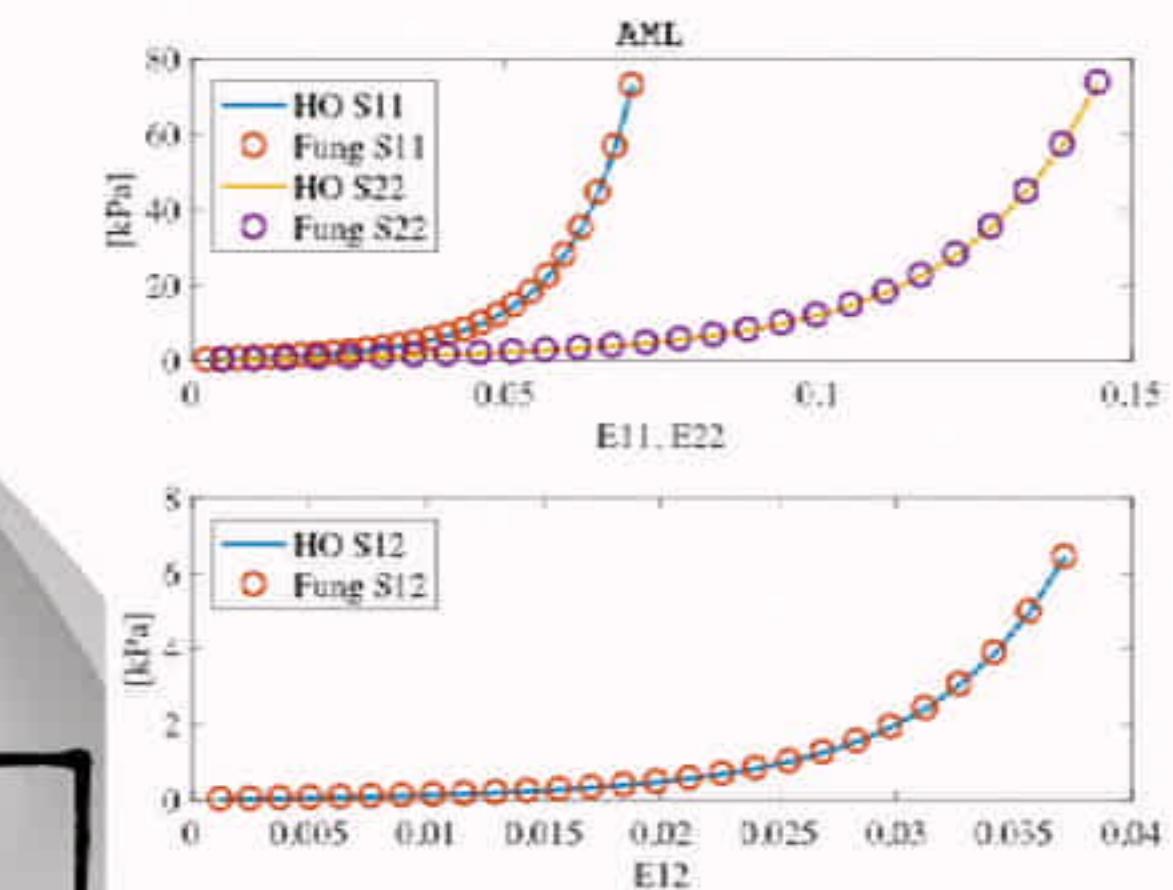


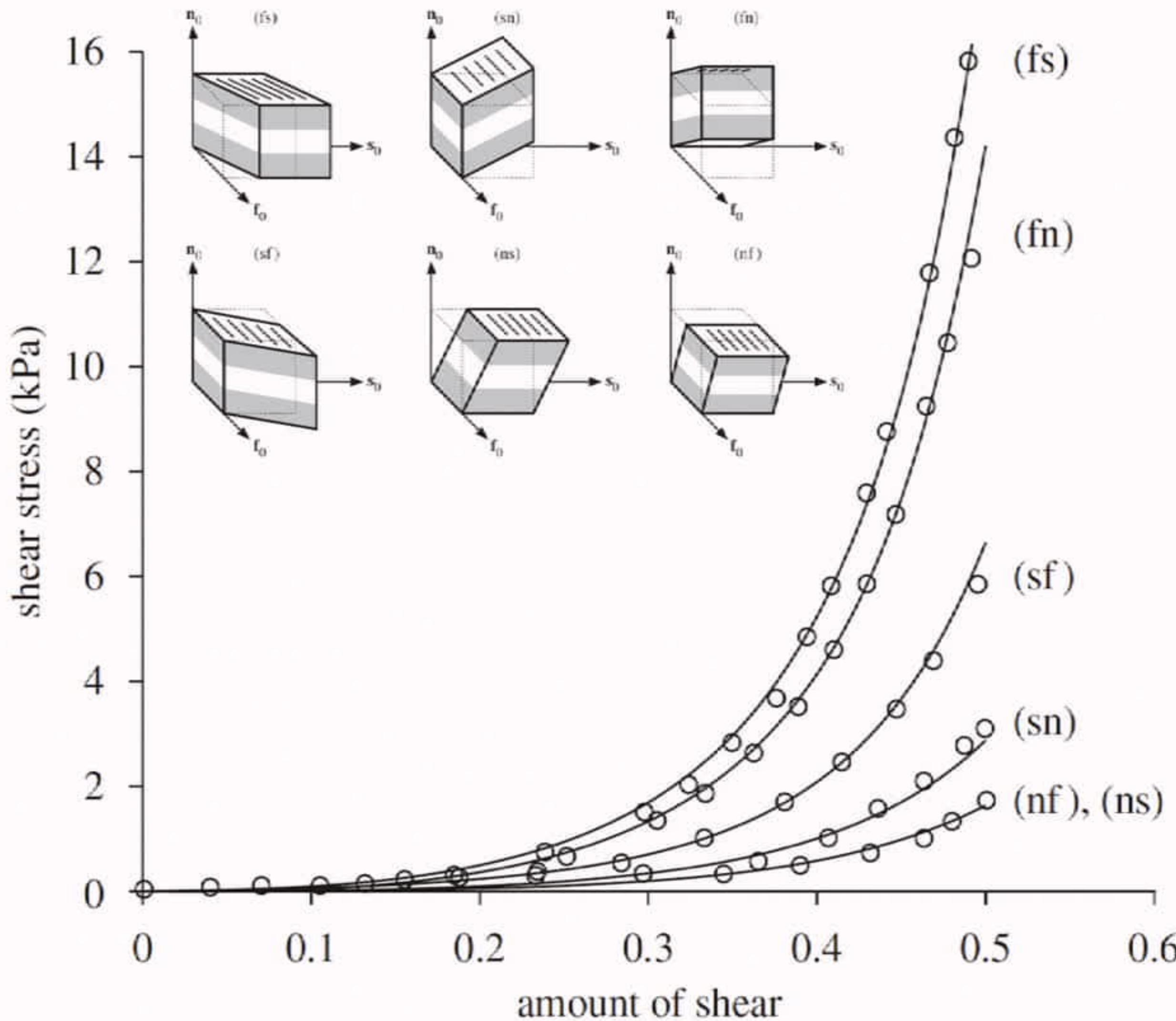


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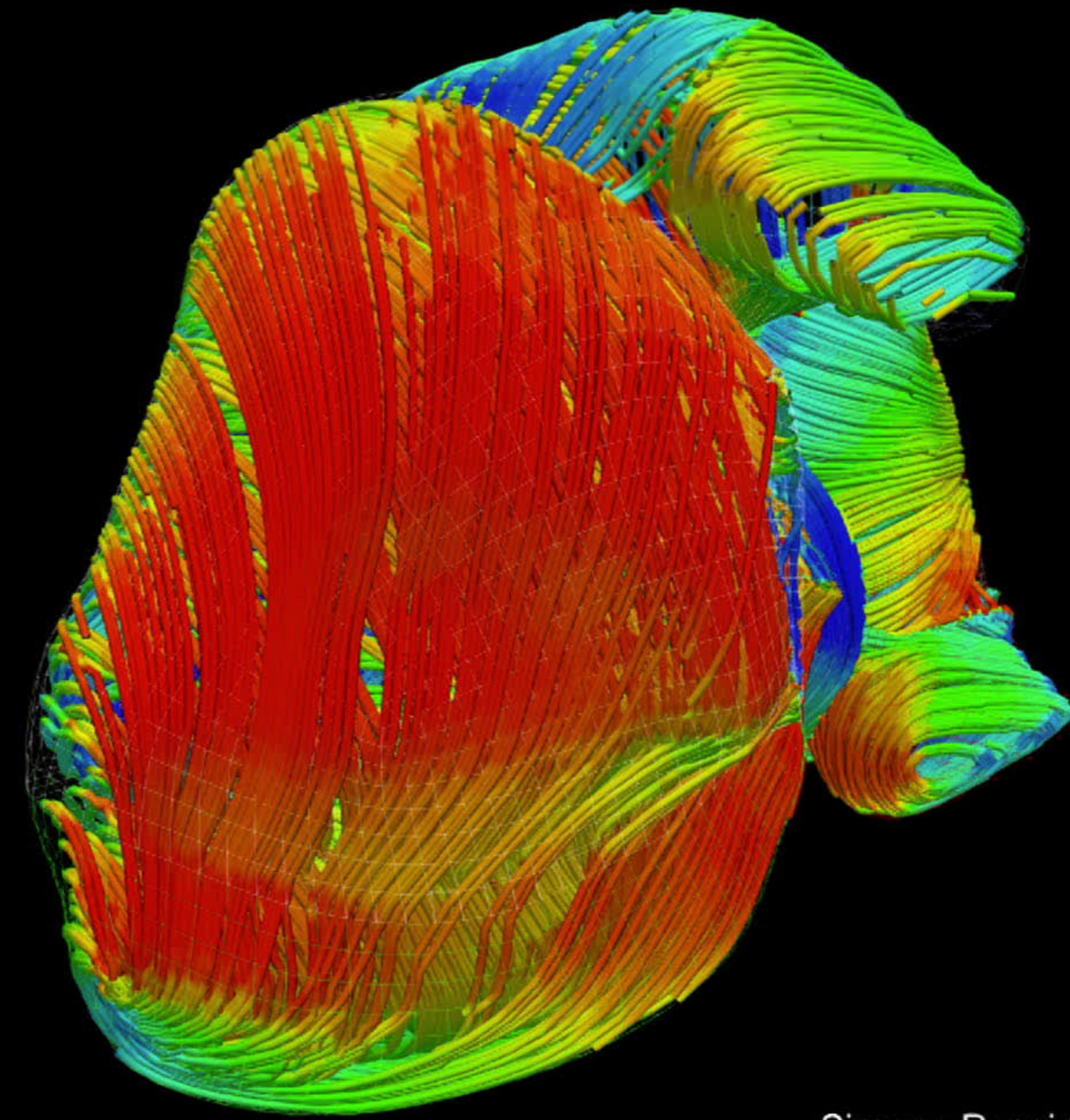


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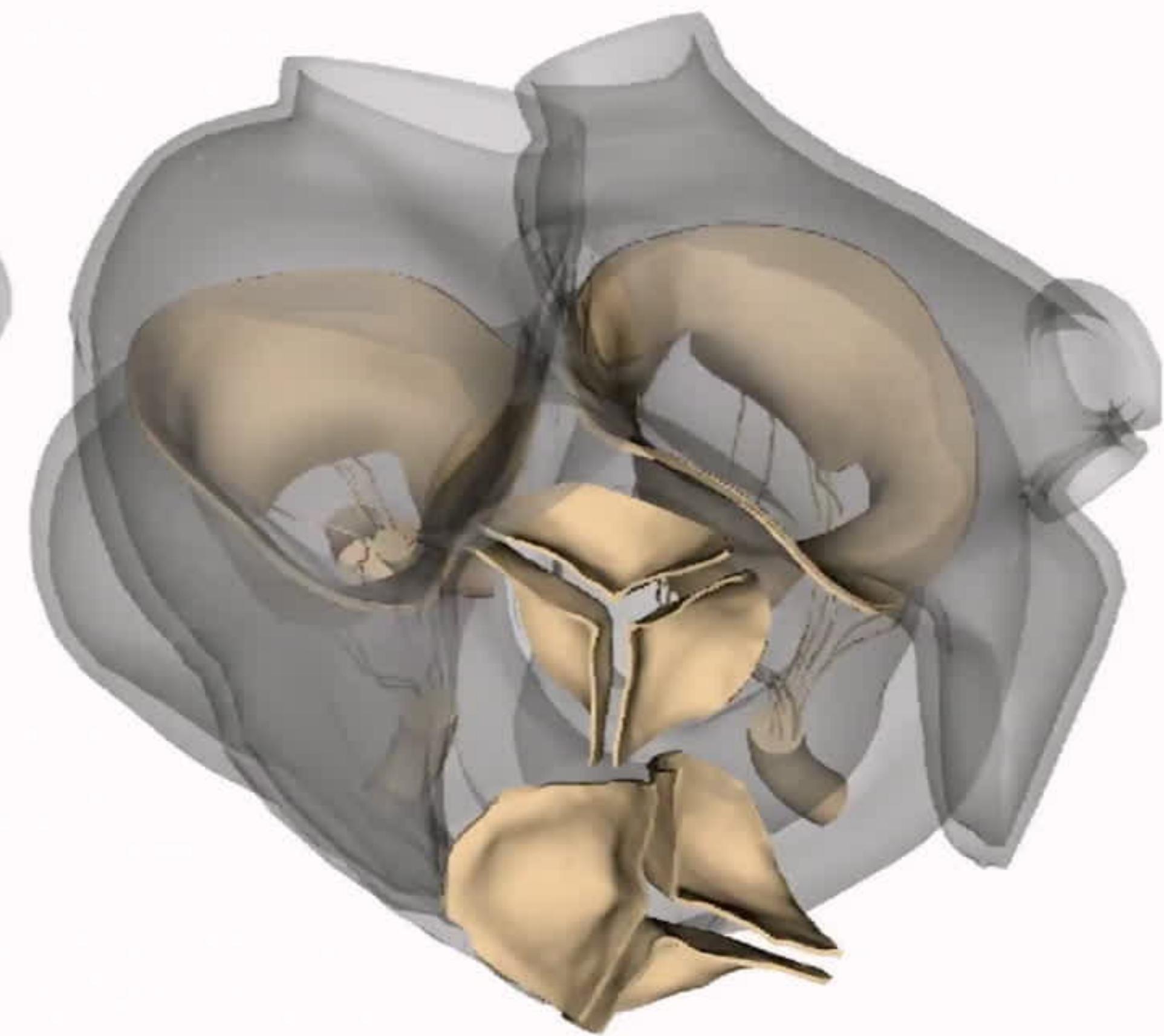
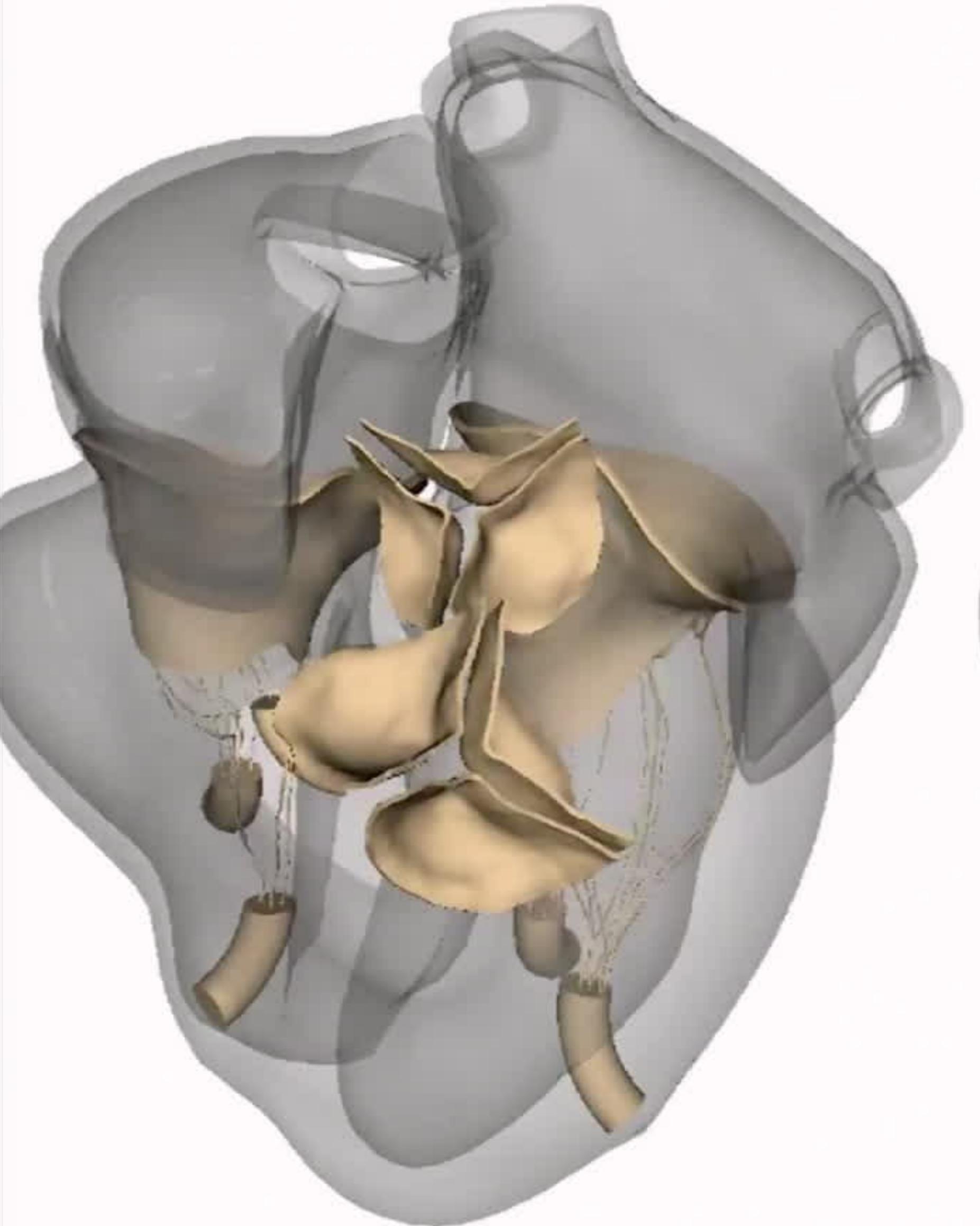




From Holzapfel and Ogden, *Phil Trans R Soc A*, 2009



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